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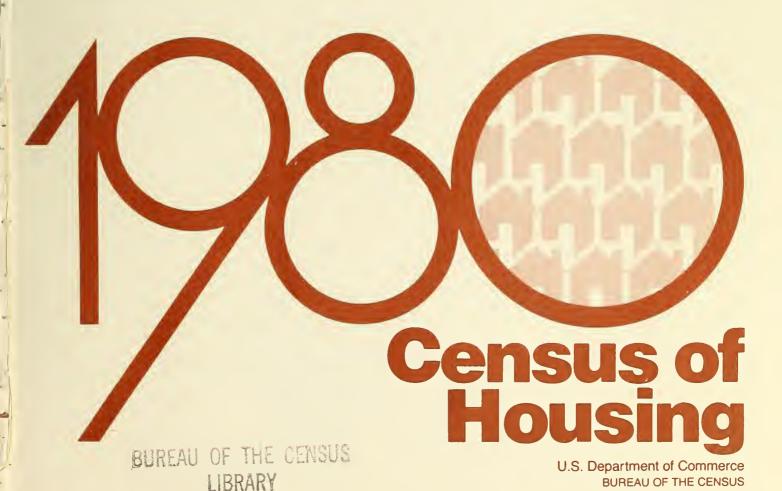
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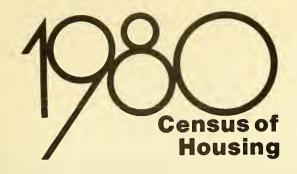
# Metropolitan Housing Characteristics

SPOKANE, WASH.

STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREA







**VOLUME 2** 

### **Data Index**

# Metropolitan Housing Characteristics

SPOKANE, WASH.

HC80-2-337

Issued November 1983



U.S. Department of Commerce

Malcolm Baldrige, Secretary Robert G. Dederick, Under Secretary for Economic Affairs

BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

C. L. Kincannon, Acting Director

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BUREAU OF THE CENSUS
C. L. Kincannon, Acting Director

HOUSING DIVISION Arthur F. Young, Chief

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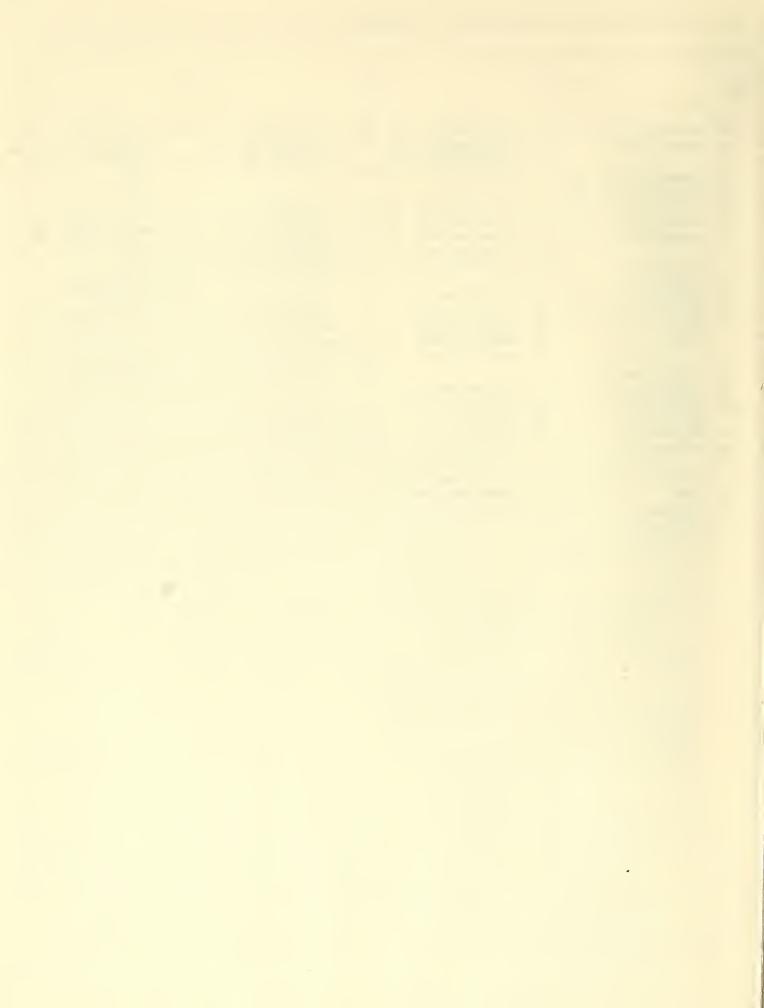
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### **GENERAL**

This report is part of the *Metropolitan Housing Characteristics* series and presents cross-tabulations of sample data on housing and household characteristics from the 1980 Census of Population and Housing. Legal provision for this census, which was conducted as of April 1, 1980, was made in the Act of Congress of August 31, 1954 (amended August 1957, December 1975, and October 1976), which codified Title 13, United States Code.

The content and procedures of the 1980 census were determined after evaluation of the results of the 1970 census, consultation with a wide variety of users of census data, and extensive field testing. A number of changes were introduced in 1980 to improve the usefulness of the census results. The changes do not, however, affect to any appreciable extent the comparability between the 1980 data and the 1970 data. Further information on comparability appears in Appendix B, "Definitions and Explanations of Subject Characteristics."

More detailed information on the technical and procedural matters covered in the text of this report can be obtained by writing to the Director, Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233. Such information will also appear in other publications of the 1980 census.

The Metropolitan Housing Characteristics series consists of a United States Summary report and individual reports for each of the 50 States, Puerto Rico, and each of the standard metropolitan statistical areas (SMSA's) in the United States and Puerto Rico. The abbreviated identification for this report is HC80-2 (i.e., Housing Census, 1980, Volume 2) followed by a number representing the State or SMSA.

In the SMSA reports, data are published for the following levels of geography: the SMSA, each central city, and each place of 50,000 or more population. In the State reports, data are shown for the State, that part of the State inside SMSA's, and inside central cities. In the United States Summary report, data are published for the United States total, inside SMSA's, and inside central cities, and for the four census regions, the region total, inside SMSA's, and inside central cities.

#### CONTENTS OF THE REPORT

This report contains text (this introduction and six appendixes), a table of contents, one or more maps, and a series of detailed tables. The detailed tables are organized to provide a set of 68 tables for each geographic area (State, SMSA, central city, etc.) covered in the report. As shown in the "Index of Tables" on page IX, the set of tables for each geographic area is identified with a unique letter (A, B, C, etc.) prefix in the table number. In the SMSA reports, the SMSA is presented first, followed by the sets of tables for the central cities and places, all in alphabetical order.

For each particular area, the 68 tables consist of: 13 tables for the area in its entirety, 44 tables for occupied housing units classified by the racial group of the householder, and 11 tables for occupied housing units with householders of Spanish origin. More specifically, tables

1 to 13 are for the entire State, SMSA, central city, or place; tables 14 to 24 are for housing units with a White householder; tables 25 to 35 are for units with a Black householder; tables 36 to 46 are for units with an American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut householder; tables 47 to 57 are for units with an Asian or Pacific Islander householder; and tables 58 to 68 are for units with a Spanish origin householder.

The race and Spanish origin tables are presented for SMSA's and places only when certain population-size criteria are met. Tables 25 to 35 (Black); 36 to 46 (American Indian, Eskimo, and Aleut); and 47 to 57 (Asian and Pacific Islander) are presented only when the particular area's population contains 10,000 or more persons of the given racial group or when the persons in the given racial groups constitute 10 percent or more of the total population of the particular area. If any of these 3 sets of tables qualify to appear for an area, tables 14 to 24 (White) are also presented. The Spanish origin tables (58 to 68) are shown if there are 10,000 or more Spanish origin persons in the particular area or if such persons constitute 10 percent or more of the total population of the particular area.

Appearing last in the report are the appendixes. Appendix A describes the various area classifications (e.g., standard metropolitan statistical area, census designated place). Appendix B provides definitions and explanations for the subjects covered in this report. Appendix C briefly explains the residence rules used in counting the population and describes the data collection and processing procedures. Appendix D presents information on the sources of error in the data and on editing procedures. Appendix E contains facsimiles of the 1980 census questionnaire pages and respondent instructions. Appendix F summarizes the data dissemination program of the 1980 census.

# DERIVED FIGURES (Means, Medians, and Percents)

This report presents means, medians, and percents, as well as certain rates and ratios. The median—a type of average—is the middle value in a distribution; i.e., the median divides the distribution into two equal parts: one-half of the cases are below the median and one-half of the cases are above the median. Percents and other derived measures which round to less than 0.1 are not shown but are indicated as zero (i.e., "—").

Medians for rooms are rounded to the nearest tenth; for age, to the nearest year; for persons, to the nearest hundredth; for value, to the nearest hundred dollars; and for income, selected monthly owner costs, contract and gross rent, to the nearest dollar. In computing medians for rooms and persons per housing unit, the whole number is used as the midpoint of the interval so that, for example, the category "3 rooms" is treated as an interval ranging from 2.5 to 3.5 rooms. In computing median rent, units reported as "no cash rent" are excluded. The median is computed on the basis of the distribution as tabulated, which is sometimes more detailed than the distribution shown in this report. For example, median age is based on a distribution of five year intervals from 15 to 85 years. When the median falls in the lower terminal category of an open-ended distribution, the method of presentation is to show the initial value of the next category followed by a minus sign; thus, for example, if the median falls in the category "Less than \$10,000," it is shown as "\$10,000-." When the median falls in the upper terminal category of an openended distribution, the initial value of the terminal category is given followed by a plus sign; thus, for example, if the median falls in the category "\$150,000 or more," it is shown as "\$150,000+."

# SYMBOLS AND GEOGRAPHIC ABBREVIATIONS

The following symbols and geographic abbreviations are used in the tables:

- A dash "-" represents zero or a percent which rounds to less than 0.1.
- Three dots "..." mean not applicable, or that the data are being withheld to avoid disclosure of information for individual housing units. (For further information on disclosure, see the section below on "Suppression of Data for Confidentiality.")
- CDP is census designated place.
- SMSA is standard metropolitan statistical area.

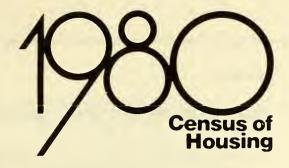
# SUPPRESSION OF DATA FOR CONFIDENTIALITY

To maintain the confidentiality promised respondents and required by law, the Census Bureau takes precautions that its published data do not disclose information about specific individuals and housing units. To accomplish this, the Bureau suppresses data for characteristics which are based on a small number of persons and/or housing units in the geographic area. Under certain conditions, both primary and complementary suppression, as defined below, may take place.

The general rules of primary suppression of sample data are as follows: estimates of total population by race and Spanish origin are never suppressed; other characteristics for persons are shown only if there are 30 or more persons in the geographic area; estimates of total housing units, vacant housing units, year-round housing units, and occupied housing units are never suppressed; characteristics of year-round housing units which are not classified by occupancy status are shown only when there are 10 or more year-round housing units in the geographic area; characteristics of families, households, or occupied housing units are shown only if there are at least 10 occupied housing units within the geographic area; and distributions of data for owners or renters are shown only where the number of owners is at least 10 and the number of renters is also at least 10. These primary suppression criteria are applied independently of one another. The comparable figures for complete count (100-percent) data are 15 or more persons and 5 or more housing units of the specified type.

Population and occupied housing unit characteristics cross-classified by race or Spanish origin (of the householder in the case of occupied housing units) are subject to an additional level of examination. This requires that the 30 person or 10 housing unit criterion stated above be applied individually to each race or Spanish origin category.

Finally, complementary suppression is applied to prevent the derivation of primary suppressed data by subtraction. For example, housing unit data shown by tenure may require complementary suppression when the number of owner-occupied or renter-occupied housing units is less than 10.



# Metropolitan Housing Characteristics

# SPOKANE, WASH.

STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREA HC80-2-337

### Contents

# Arrangement of Tables

This report presents a set of tables for the SMSA, each central city, and each place of 50,000 inhabitants or more. The report is organized to provide a set of 68 tables for each geographic area. There are 11 tables showing data for all households in the area, 2 tables showing data for vacant units, 11 tables for householders of each of four separate race groups, and 11 tables for householders of Spanish origin. The race/Spanish origin tables are, however, shown only when certain population criteria are met. See page VII of the Introduction for further information. To assist the reader in using this report, the listings are presented as follows:

Index of Tables—shows the pages on which the tables for each geographic area appear and the pages on	Page
which data for the various race/Spanish origin house-holders appear	ıx
List of Tables—shows the table numbers and titles for each of the 68 tables	×
Table Finding Guide—shows the tables in which the various subject cross-classifications presented in the report appear	XII
Map—Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas, Counties, and Selected Places	XIV

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Tables for the total SMSA have the prefix letter "A"; tables for central cities and places of 50,000 inhabitants or more, in alphabetical order, have the prefix letter "B," "C," etc.

Area	Prefix letter Total		Tables 14-24 White	Tables 25-35 Black	Tables 36-46 American Indian, Eskimo, and Aleut	Tables 47-57 Asian and Pacific Islander	Tables 58-68 Spanish Origin
		Pages	Pages	Pages	Pages	Pages	Pages
SMSA total Spokane	A B	1 to 12 13 to 24		_	=	=	_

#### LIST OF TABLES

(Tables 14 to 24 for the White population are shown if any of the other three racial groups in the area qualify; tables 25 to 35 are shown if an area has 10,000 or more or 10 percent Black population; tables 36 to 46 are shown if an area has 10,000 or more or 10 percent American Indian, Eskimo, and Aleut population; tables 47 to 57 are shown if an area has 10,000 or more or 10 percent Asian and Pacific Islander population; and tables 58 to 68 are shown if an area has 10,000 or more or 10 percent Spanish origin population)

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- 2. Gross Rent of Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980
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- 18. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Mortgaged Housing Units With a White Householder: 1980
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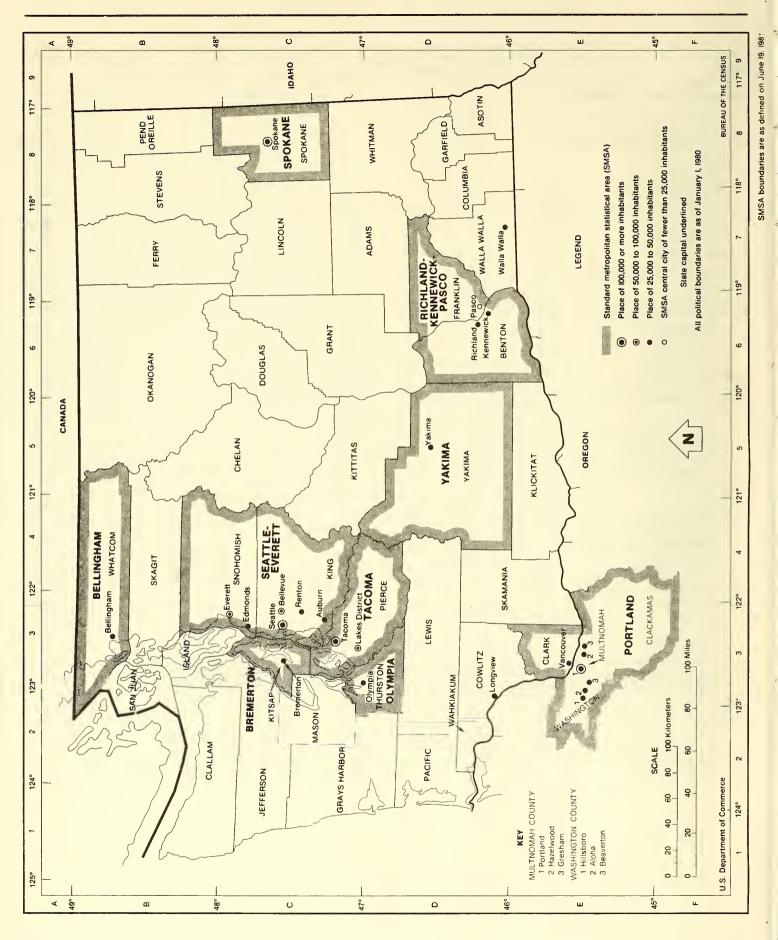
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# Table Finding Guide — Cross-Classification of Subjects by Table Number

						<b>,</b>
Subject	Value	Gross rent	Income and poverty status in 1979 of owner-occupied housing units	Income and poverty status in 1979 of renter-occupied housing units	Selected monthly owner costs for mortgaged housing units	Selected monthly owner costs for not mortgaged housing units
OCCUPANCY CHARACTERISTICS						
Condominium	1	2	3	4	5	6
UTILIZATION CHARACTERISTICS						
Rooms	1	2	-	-	5 5	6
Persons in unit	1	_ 2	_		5	_
Median rooms	1	2	3	4	5	6
STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS	1					
Units in structure	_	2	_	_	_	_
Year structure built	1	2	_	_	5	6
Stories in structure	_	2	_	_	_	
PLUMBING CHARACTERISTICS	1	2	2	4		
Plumbing facilities	1	2	3	4	_	_
EOUIPMENT AND FUELS					_	
Heating equipment	1 1	2 2	3 3	4 4	5 5	6
Air conditioning			3	4	_	_
House heating fuel	_	_	3	4	5	6
Water heating fuel	-	_	_	-	_	_
FINANCIAL CHARACTERISTICS						
Value	_	_	-	-	5	6
Price asked	_	-	_	-	-	_
Mortgage status and selected monthly owner costs			3			
Selected monthly owner costs as						
percentage of household income	_	_	_	_	5	6
Contract rent	_	-	_	4	-	
Gross rent	-	-	_	4	_	_
Rent asked	_	-	_	_	_	_
Gross rent as percentage of household income	_	2	_	4		
Mortgage status and selected monthly		_		]		
owner costs as percentage of						
household income	1	_	3	_	-	_
HOUSEHOLD CHARACTERISTICS						
Household type by age of						
householder	1	2	3	4	5	6
Income	1 1	_ 2	_		_	_
The table numbers listed above show data the race or Spanish origin group, or if the group.	for all house oup compris	holds. Similar d es 10 percent of	ata are shown in the the area population	tables listed below was tables listed below was tables listed below was tables and tables and tables tables and tables listed below was tables listed below with the was tables listed below was tables listed below was tables listed below was tables listed below with tables listed below was tables listed below with tables listed below was tables listed below was tables listed below with tables listed below was tables listed below was tables listed below was tables listed below with tables listed below with tables listed below was tables listed below with tables listed below was tables listed below with the was tables listed below with tables listed below with tables listed below with tables listed below with the was tables listed below with the was tables listed below with tables listed below with tables listed below with tables listed below with the wa	when there are 10,00 ation, see the Introdu	O or more persons of uction on page VII.
White	14	15	16	17	18	19
Black	25	26	27	28	29	30
American Indian, Eskimo, and	20	0-	6.3			
Aleut	36 47	37 48	38 49	39 50	40 51	41 52
Spanish origin	58	59	60	61	62	63
			50	J	02	09

Subject	Year structure built	Units in structure	Size of household (persons)	Household composition by age of householder	Age and sex of householder in one-person households	Duration of vacancy	Price asked and rent asked
OCCUPANCY CHARACTERISTICS Condominium	_ 7	8 8	- -	_	_ _	_	_
UTILIZATION CHARACTERISTICS Rooms	7 7 - 7	8 - 8 8	9 - - 9	_ 10 _ _	- - -	12 - 12 12	- - 13 -
STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS Units in structure	7 - -	_ _ _	9 - -	- -	11 - -	12 12 —	13 13 —
PLUMBING CHARACTERISTICS Plumbing facilities	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
EQUIPMENT AND FUELS Heating equipment Air conditioning. Vehicles available House heating fuel Water heating fuel.	7 7 - 7	8 8 8 8	1 - 1 - 1	1111	1111	12 - - - -	1
FINANCIAL CHARACTERISTICS  Value	-	- -	9 -	-	- - 11	12	- - -
Selected monthly owner costs as percentage of household income	- - - -		9 - 9 -	- - - -	11 - 11	- - - 12	- - - -
Gross rent as percentage of household income	- -	-	9	10	11 -	- -	-
HOUSEHOLD CHARACTERISTICS Household type by age of householder	7 7 7	8 8 8	_ 9 9	11-	_ 11 11	- - -	=
The table numbers listed above show data the race or Spanish origin group, or if the gr							
White	20 31	21 32	22	23 34	24 35	_	=
Aleut	42 53 64	43 54 65	44 55 66	45 56 67	46 57 68	_ _ _	- - -

# Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas, Counties, and Selected Places

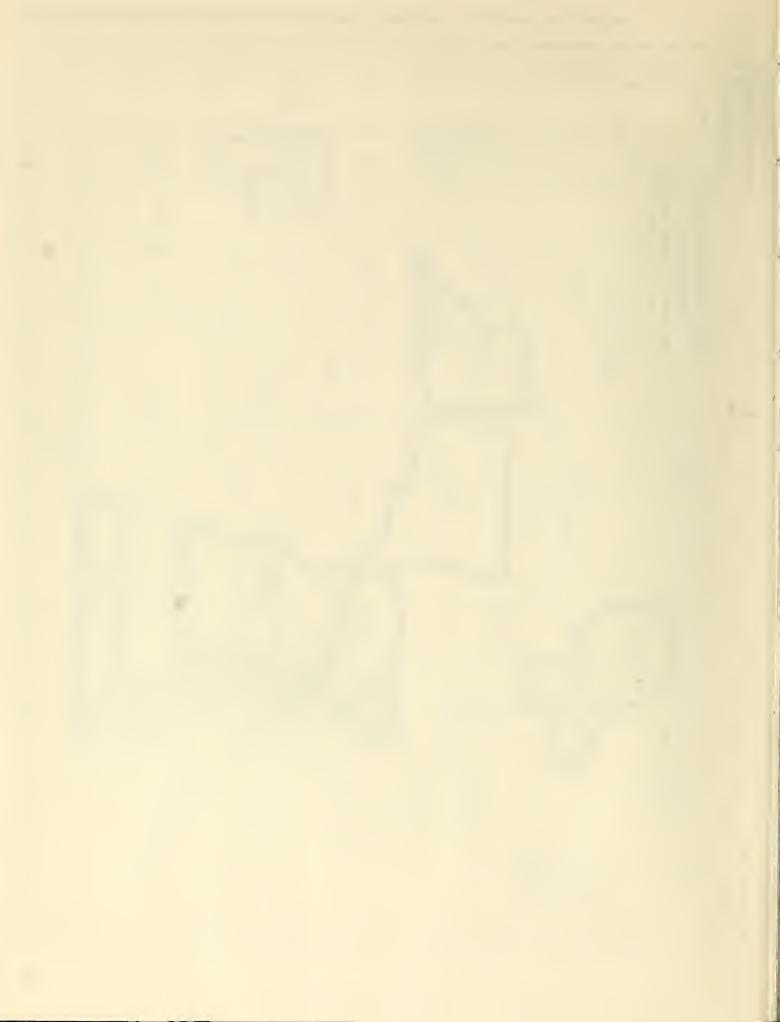


### CORRECTION NOTE

Any corrections to the 1980 census counts of the total population and total housing units made after this report was printed are available by writing to Data User Services Division, Customer Services, Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233.

#### NOTE TO USERS:

The "Not computed" line for Mortgage Status and Selected Monthly Owner Costs as Percentage of Household Income in 1979 for not mortgaged units includes households with zero or negative income and households reporting no housing costs; that is, not mortgaged units with no utility, fuel, tax, or insurance payments required. Households with no Selected Monthly Owner Costs are normally excluded from the "Not computed" category.



# Table A-1. Value of Owner-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Dato are estimates based on a sample see introduction. For meaning of symbols, see introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

						,,,				., , , ,			
The SMSA	Total	Less thon \$10,000	\$10,000 to \$19,999	\$20,000 to \$29,999	\$30,000 to \$39,999	\$40,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 to \$59,999	\$60,000 to \$79,999	\$80,000 to \$99,999	\$100,000 to \$149,999	\$150,000 or more	Medion (dollors)	Mean (dollors)
Specified owner-occupied housing units	70 367	590	3 383	7 967	13 202	13 717	10 527	12 810	4 574	2 787	810	47 200	52 500
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Married-couple families  15 to 24 years  25 to 34 years  35 to 44 years  45 to 64 years  65 years and over Male householder, no wife present  15 to 24 years  35 to 44 years  45 to 64 years  65 years ond over Female householder, no husband present  15 to 24 years  65 years ond over  Female householder, no husband present  15 to 24 years  25 to 34 years  35 to 44 years  45 to 64 years  45 to 65 years and over  Median age	51 112 1 406 12 585 10 192 18 977 7 952 6 312 732 1 902 1 019 1 341 1 318 12 943 270 1 988 1 744 3 800 5 141 47.8	212 13 200 13 51 115 135 - - 101 243 65 48 184 69.7	1 412 15 170 164 473 590 657 44 4 46 76 76 165 306 1 314 81 81 815 815 65.2	4 206 136 650 444 1 550 1 426 1 103 2266 107 250 348 2 658 100 260 152 711 1 435 60.7	8 543 4377 2 157 991 2 843 2 115 1 579 303 538 193 273 273 273 273 273 273 3 080 96 551 1 1 78 51.0	10 052 2 862 1 674 3 590 1 449 1 126 157 471 187 471 189 25 580 440 766 728 44.9	8 404 2 300 2 300 1 778 3 177 924 735 6 266 177 181 48 1 388 17 252 319 405 395 395	10 901 990 2 990 2 915 4 014 884 662 22 208 207 173 52 1 247 21 186 299 391 350 43.2	4 173 -907 1 174 1 794 298 171 16 6 56 55 55 230 -43 51 116 24.9	2 497 446 818 1 132 101 119 25 5 60 29 171 - 29 54 64 44 24 45.2	712 -83 221 358 50 25 -6 -4 15 73 -2 23 38 12 47.9	51 100 41 900 60 200 52 600 38 600 37 800 41 500 41 500 41 500 42 7 100 38 800 27 100 38 800 32 000 41 400 47 200 38 700 31 000 31 000 31 000 31 000 32 000	56 800 42 400 55 900 65 800 59 300 43 200 43 200 45 000 47 300 32 600 44 300 32 600 44 300 34 700 43 700 43 700 34 100 40 100 40 40 100 40 100 40 40 100 40
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to Morch 1980 1975 to 1978 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1959 or earlier	9 951 21 037 11 274 12 766 15 339	24 78 34 161 293	139 500 504 763 1 477	512 1 619 1 115 1 582 3 139	1 700 3 487 1 709 2 315 3 991	2 197 4 099 1 976 2 474 2 971	1 726 3 306 1 846 2 027 1 622	2 111 4 902 2 474 2 017 1 306	842 1 627 1 002 784 319	548 1 131 486 471 151	152 288 128 172 70	52 000 51 900 51 300 46 200 36 700	58 700 57 500 55 800 51 400 40 000
ROOMS 1 to 3 rooms 4 rooms 5 rooms 6 rooms 7 rooms 8 or more rooms 8 or more rooms Medion	1 623 9 597 15 050 14 123 10 868 19 106 6.1	124 149 165 121 23 8 4.6	474 1 254 877 478 181 119 4.5	472 2 781 2 533 1 385 465 331 4.8	245 3 089 4 300 3 006 1 535 1 027 5.3	189 1 386 3 668 3 443 2 435 2 596 6.0	47 512 2 132 2 608 2 078 3 150 6.5	61 285 1 081 2 334 2 780 6 269 7.5	77 184 500 860 2 953 8.2	11 58 98 217 404 1 999 8.5+	6 12 31 107 654 8.5+	23 500 31 800 39 200 46 200 53 100 66 500	27 400 33 400 40 600 48 300 57 500 73 700
BEDROOMS None	82 2 579 19 083 27 817 16 089 4 717	20 157 253 148 12	29 647 1 828 688 144 47	12 819 4 293 2 224 528 91	9 515 5 809 5 140 1 426 303	12 225 3 720 6 259 2 935 566	111 1 824 4 876 3 023 693	87 923 5 748 4 679 1 373	7 259 1 657 1 895 756	11 156 839 1 110 671	18 238 337 217	18 800 24 900 35 100 49 100 59 900 68 500	21 400 28 100 37 400 53 300 65 700 77 700
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT 1975 to Morch 1980 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1950 to 1959 1940 to 1949 1939 or earlier	10 469 6 826 7 887 16 418 10 318 18 449	10 11 19 10 74 466	58 34 70 370 683 2 168	128 168 231 1 385 1 970 4 085	352 449 482 3 830 3 367 4 722	1 620 1 314 1 085 4 239 2 260 3 199	1 731 1 317 1 532 3 264 974 1 709	3 582 2 106 2 632 2 398 725 1 367	1 621 834 1 068 523 179 349	1 060 495 563 325 54 290	307 98 205 74 32	66 500 61 000 63 300 46 000 37 100 34 900	73 000 65 700 68 900 49 200 39 800 39 000
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than \$5,000. \$5,000 to \$9,999. \$10,000 to \$12,499. \$12,500 to \$14,999. \$15,000 to \$19,999. \$20,000 to \$24,999. \$25,000 to \$34,999. \$35,000 to \$49,999. \$35,000 or \$49,999. \$50,000 or more.  Median.	5 247 8 545 4 835 4 831 11 113 11 296 14 632 6 765 3 103 \$20 249 \$22 532	249 171 17 48 71 18 8 - 8 \$6 036 \$8 800	861 1 037 283 315 412 181 257 18 19 \$8 669 \$11 335	1 393 1 959 888 710 1 260 892 625 202 38 \$11 778 \$13 674	1 185 2 234 1 239 1 369 2 687 2 082 1 796 523 87 \$16 013 \$16 959	658 1 520 1 111 1 113 2 770 2 818 2 591 914 222 \$19 427 \$20 260	413 717 631 588 1 762 2 009 3 003 1 160 244 \$22 564 \$23 647	330 631 477 536 1 594 2 319 4 075 2 097 751 \$26 080 \$27 773	73 158 123 103 350 663 1 400 1 085 619 \$30 324 \$33 824	67 80 56 34 187 266 765 667 665 \$34 050 \$41 045	18 38 10 15 20 48 112 99 450 \$53 375 \$70 903	31 000 34 400 39 900 39 800 43 900 48 700 56 000 64 700 86 800	34 900 38 100 42 700 42 500 46 600 52 500 60 300 69 400 100 000
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 With a mortgage Less than 15 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more Not computed Medion Not mortgaged Less than 10 percent 15 to 19 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more Not computed Medion Not mortgaged Less than 10 percent 10 to 14 percent 25 to 29 percent 20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more Not computed Not computed Median	48 286 14 753 9 494 8 114 5 341 3 285 7 054 245 245 21 11 173 4 295 2 309 1 383 829 623 1 264 205 1 000 1 000 1 000 1 000	70 - 10 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 39 9 188 520 188 550 338 311 47 27 13.6	1 047 293 228 119 90 82 235 20.1 2 336 449 275 218 132 101 243 8 12.8	3 499 1 107 524 515 390 227 723 3 21.1 4 488 1 889 3 524 399 218 177 320 49 11.8	8 055 2 314 1 728 1 344 751 533 1 310 7 75 9 8 5 147 2 476 1 162 510 281 237 175 264 42 10.3	9 905 3 003 1 954 1 693 1 030 711 1 472 42 19.9 3 812 2 159 701 464 167 72 54 163 322	8 168 2 534 1 689 1 374 903 571 1 035 62 (9,5 2 359 1 401 1 433 194 4 34 108 39 10—	10 655 3 190 2 126 1 880 1 354 698 1 388 1 388 2 155 2 155 2 155 2 2 150 2 2 150 1 307 2 2 150 1 307 2 2 2 9 9 4 1 0 —	3 914 1 3177 6899 7024 421 1 2600 5033 200 19.6 6600 4500 1099 38 8 224 100 105 6 8 8	2 357 746 434 424 324 148 267 14 19.9 430 257 82 46 6 - 13	616 249 112 54 71 48 82 17.6 194 143 38 - - 7 6 -	51 600 52 200 51 500 52 500 53 600 51 200 48 100 45 800 37 000 31 300 31 300 30	57 400 58 700 56 800 57 600 57 500 53 600 53 000 41 800 44 5 400 40 700 33 600 36 000 33 600 35 100 36 000 36 000 36 000
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room Hearing equipment Centrol hearing system Air conditioning Centrol system Income in 1979 below poverty level Percent below poverty level	70 283 790 84 21 70 336 64 043 19 799 9 491 4 301 6.1	561 7 29 13 574 378 74 8 144 24.4	3 378 64 5 3 383 2 547 644 163 572 16.9	7 946 148 21 7 956 6 750 1 814 482 1 035 13.0	13 186 266 16 13 202 11 913 3 747 1 048 888 6.7	13 709 146 8 8 13 713 12 500 3 965 1 451 642 4.7	10 522 73 5 10 527 9 852 2 919 1 447 458 4.4	12 810 64 - 12 810 12 190 3 765 2 594 354 2.8	4 574 12 - 4 574 4 428 1 415 1 101 103 2.3	2 787 5  2 787 2 687 982 774 78 2.8	810 5 - 810 798 474 423 27 3.3	47 200 36 600 23 300 10000— 47 200 48 300 49 100 61 000 34 300	52 500 40 100 23 000 20 800 52 500 53 700 56 800 68 600 39 000

# Table A-2. Gross Rent of Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

The SMSA	Total	Less thon	\$100 to \$149	\$150 to \$199	\$200 to \$249	\$250 to \$299	\$300 to \$349	\$350 to \$399	\$400 to \$499	\$500 or more	No cash	Medion (dollars)
Specified renter-occupied housing units	41 122	3 326	4 000	7 801	9 300	6 392	3 882	2 063	1 733	533	2 092	222
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Morried-couple families 15 to 24 yeors 25 to 34 yeors 35 to 44 yeors 45 to 64 years 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 25 to 34 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 45 to 64 years 45 to 64 years 55 years and over Female householder, no husband present 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 56 years and over 65 years and over 66 years and over 66 years and over 66 years and over	12 403 3 096 4 691 1 738 1 635 1 243 3 610 3 610 3 284 4 786 4 786 4 786 4 086 1 780 2 158 4 533 31.8	151 11 17 34 23 66 1 384 71 122 74 502 615 1 791 112 134 40 197 1 308 68.1	568 141 152 41 73 161 1 530 404 373 180 293 280 1 902 398 324 111 312 757 40.0	1 485 573 516 98 110 188 2 541 723 313 297 264 3 775 1 305 520 897 28.9	2 611 770 1 032 281 319 209 2 523 969 898 301 236 119 4 166 1 565 972 421 524 684 28.5	2 242 629 851 259 310 193 1 485 576 547 186 122 54 2 665 871 822 362 266 344 29.5	1 702 319 787 246 94 870 337 293 128 97 15 1 310 260 536 247 89 178 30.2	1 025 1 117 438 240 147 83 370 107 117 57 58 31 668 132 208 149 99 80 33.7	915 114 280 251 248 22 290 93 110 50 25 12 528 89 178 132 61 68 35.1	351 -93 127 88 42 45 21 10 8 6 - 137 7 17 21 34 58 43.0	1 353 422 422 525 161 184 338 88 91 42 65 52 401 47 93 46 56 159 31.3	265 240 270 315 292 232 201 216 219 215 154 107 211 214 238 256 202 158
1979 to March 1980 1975 to 1978 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1959 or earlier	24 653 10 771 3 229 1 638 831	1 047 1 045 849 300 85	1 874 1 163 526 320 117	4 501 2 151 610 397 142	5 956 2 380 565 279 120	4 451 1 503 273 131 34	2 645 987 147 72 31	1 542 431 62 6 22	1 259 375 58 18 23	402 107 . 24 . –	976 629 115 115 257	236 215 168 167 177
Toom	1 863 4 831 9 241 11 234 6 734 3 645 3 574 3.9	893 1 198 860 235 56 20 64 2.1	377 1 085 1 433 788 221 54 42 2.9	233 1 267 3 216 1 940 805 221 119 3.2	149 904 2 753 3 215 1 436 553 290 3.8	17 198 611 2 939 1 530 734 363 4.3	19 44 154 1 228 1 123 676 638 4.9	64 32 33 294 521 459 660 5.7	45 27 37 132 246 438 808 6.4	35 25 22 33 54 42 322 7.0	31 51 122 430 742 448 268 5.1	102 154 187 239 264 301 360
AND POVERTY STATUS IN 1979  All income levels in 1979  Complete plumbing for exclusive use	41 122 39 812 26 335 12 246 911 320 1 310 568 696 25 21	3 326 2 459 1 902 521 13 23 867 324 531	4 000 3 843 2 779 1 002 37 25 157 82 67 8	7 801 7 657 5 596 1 845 134 82 144 99 33 12	9 300 9 232 6 229 2 766 184 53 68 32 22 5	6 392 6 372 4 144 2 021 169 38 20 5 15	3 882 3 858 2 165 1 489 162 42 24 16 8	2 063 2 063 1 081 884 71 27 - - -	1 733 1 733 932 728 68 5 - -	533 533 332 174 11 16 -	2 092 2 062 1 175 816 62 9 30 10 20	222 225 217 242 271 223 81 90 73 176 87
Income in 1979 below poverty level	10 759 10 070 585 689 26	1 798 1 316 29 482 7	1 488 1 408 39 80 3	2 072 2 000 115 72 7	2 088 2 068 81 20 9	1 368 1 355 106 13	<b>724</b> 716 85 8	<b>357</b> 357 47 - -	325 325 51 - -	58 58 4 - -	481 467 28 14 -	195 202 257 79 174
None	2 787 14 848 15 121 6 326 1 620 420	1 101 1 882 246 83 14	775 2 537 534 135 13 6	481 5 048 1 793 397 58 24	188 4 020 4 065 896 95 36	19 753 4 475 909 194 42	24 213 2 209 1 093 291 52	74 57 762 836 281 53	45 54 343 789 405 97	39 46 85 154 139 70	41 238 609 1 034 130 40	114 181 256 310 364 378
UNITS IN STRUCTURE  1, detoched or ottoched  2	14 628 4 684 3 346 4 161 8 326 5 043 934	269 1 34 131 317 1 096 1 415 64	694 285 505 588 1 137 680 111	1 809 740 1 050 1 509 1 974 566 153	2 625 892 881 1 032 2 366 1 234 270	2 639 896 460 393 1 141 693 170	2 185 761 229 154 320 156 77	1 259 504 55 77 55 106	1 332 229 11 30 53 63 15	348 34 8 - 23 114 6	1 468 309 16 61 161 16 61	272 264 199 190 198 192 219
1975 to Morch 1980	7 374 6 268 4 998 5 889 5 188 11 405	417 870 324 73 148 1 494	211 466 314 415 463 2 131	601 943 1 075 1 073 1 190 2 919	2 156 1 555 1 275 1 345 1 242 1 727	1 873 1 118 684 744 749 1 224	831 633 546 604 576 692	592 250 232 421 266 302	387 254 195 331 215 351	169 111 115 53 31 54	137 68 238 830 308 511	255 224 228 236 224 180
1 to 3 4 or more	37 640 3 482 2 685	2 195 1 131 1 013	3 254 746 499	7 194 607 368	8 842 458 306	6 187 205 193	3 811 71 56	1 969 94 94	1 683 50 50	444 89 89	2 061 31 17	228 139 126
INCOME IN 1979 Less thon 15 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 to 49 percent 50 percent or more Not computed Medion	5 447 5 685 5 871 4 225 3 285 5 650 8 279 2 680 27.6	756 487 706 540 274 335 187 41 22.8	643 540 514 353 300 819 751 80 28.7	1 155 1 069 1 091 844 643 1 060 1 830 109 28.1	1 380 1 340 1 365 857 783 1 250 2 187 138 27.9	783 997 1 022 627 546 920 1 403 94 27.8	368 624 597 430 303 616 896 48 28.8	142 328 290 270 227 285 484 37 29.7	188 213 193 257 140 283 435 24 30.1	32 87 93 47 69 82 106 17 29.9	2 092	206 228 221 220 224 224 229 223
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Hodring equipment Centrol heoting system Air conditioning Centrol system	41 094 37 318 12 940 2 414	<b>3 326</b> 3 136 <b>861</b> 164	3 992 3 492 738 159	<b>7 797</b> 7 033 1 <b>665</b> 163	9 300 8 590 3 989 490	6 385 5 852 2 724 428	3 882 3 575 1 334 386	2 063 1 804 647 190	1 <b>728</b> 1 563 <b>488</b> 184	<b>533</b> 495 <b>249</b> 148	2 088 1 778 245 102	222 222 238 267

# Table A=3. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Owner-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Dato ore estimotes based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

	Dato ore estimot	es bosed on	o sumple, see	initodocnon.		ousehold incor		ion. For den	illions of ter	ms, see oppend	ixes A ond b	J	
The SMSA				\$10,000	\$12,500	\$15,000	\$20,000	\$25,000	\$35,000				Income in 1979 below
THE SMOR	Total	Less thon \$5,000	\$5,000 to \$9,999	\$12,499	to \$14,999	\$19,999	to \$24,999	\$34,999	\$49,999	\$50,000 or more	Medion (dollors)	Mean (dollors)	poverty level
Owner-occupied housing units	86 087	6 898	11 042	6 189	5 938	13 202	13 644	17 183	8 180	3 811	19 913	22 277	5 668
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER													
Married-couple families	61 792 1 819	1 499 52	5 198 144	3 760 206	3 850 249	10 043 495	11 218 408	15 310 236	7 401 25	3 513	22 792 17 308	25 663 17 788	1 864 77
25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years	14 381 12 158	268 201 576	602 423 1 160	796 364 1 045	1 016 394 1 056	3 174 1 680 2 967	3 458 2 639 3 692	3 707 3 738 6 721	1 095 1 810 4 036	265 909 2 055	21 785 25 770 26 445	22 793 29 188 29 917	455 424 603 305
45 to 64 years 65 years ond over Male householder, no wife present	23 308 10 126 8 290	402 1 <b>022</b>	2 869 1 344	1 349 689	1 135 699	1 727 1 398	1 021 1 342	908 1 113	435 460	280 223	13 476 16 470	17 132 18 208	305 718
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years	986 2 376	108 115	180 209	96 216	89 255	200 568	170 428	122 367	21 195	23	15 485 18 611	15 965 19 742	121 136
35 to 44 years	1 257 1 896	95 190	63 298	99 151	73 152	218 283	353 306	213 287	96 128	47 101	20 923 17 813	22 264 20 727	112 147
65 years and over Fernale householder, no husband present	1 775 16 005	514 4 377	594 <b>4 500</b> 103	127 1 <b>740</b> 48	130 1 <b>389</b>	129 1 <b>761</b>	85 1 <b>084</b>	124 <b>760</b>	319	52 <b>75</b>	7 277 <b>8 958</b>	11 841 11 312 10 398	202 3 086 116
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years	366 2 335 2 040	102 304 240	580 470	337 285	36 265 240	25 440 331	25 165 208	21 128 190	103 64	13 12	8 804 12 103 12 760	13 826 14 392	505 385
45 to 64 years65 years ond over	4 897 6 367	934 2 797	1 249 2 098	589 481	585 263	591 374	518 168	288 133	109	34 16	11 127 5 779	12 887 8 244	818 1 262
Median age	48.6	66.4	65.1	54.6	50.2	42.4	41.1	44.7	47.6	49.9		•••	53.6
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT	12 959	743	1 230	1 138	1 011	2 458	2 345	2 590	1 063	381	19 801	21 364	882
1975 to 1978	26 319 14 120	1 320 860	2 370 1 539	1 707 850	1 809 839	4 561 2 102	5 111 2 339	5 766 3 211	2 618 1 498	1 057 882	21 235 21 637	23 268 24 625	1 509 812
1960 to 1969 1959 or earlier	14 893 17 796	1 269 2 706	1 946 3 957	944 1 550	896 1 383	1 842 2 239	1 998 1 851	3 224 2 392	1 868 1 133	906 585	21 371 13 738	24 389 17 847	1 006 1 459
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS						10.140							
Complete plumbing for exclusive use	85 864 1 086	6 <b>850</b> 77	10 976 92	6 162 62 27	5 935 118 3	13 168 199 34	13 620 251 24	17 175 196	<b>8 180</b> 61	<b>3 798</b> 30	19 939 19 882 9 798	22 300 20 384	5 617 150
Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room Heating equipment	223 41 86 050	48 6 898	66 9 11 <b>027</b>	14 6 189	5 932	13 198	13 644	8 - 17 179	8 180	13 _ 3 803	12 054 19 915	13 621 13 866 22 276	51 9 5 668
Centrol heating system Air conditioning Centrol system	77 773 <b>26 033</b>	5 763 1 <b>53</b> 1	9 512 <b>3 100</b>	5 443 1 <b>822</b>	5 321 1 896	11 953 3 629	12 372 4 086	16 005 <b>5 359</b>	7 731 3 068	3 673 1 <b>542</b>	20 333 21 137	22 814 24 649	4 727 1 183
Vehicles available	12 675 <b>82 182</b>	589 <b>4 760</b>	1 347 <b>9 915</b>	692 <b>5 942</b>	681 <b>5 787</b>	1 569 13 062	1 916 13 594	2 749 17 136	1 973 <b>8 180</b>	1 159 <b>3 806</b>	23 654 <b>20 553</b>	28 778 23 029	493 4 483
2 or more	22 707 59 475	3 043	5 817 4 098	2 842 3 100	2 256 3 531 <b>5 932</b>	3 703 9 359	2 528 11 066	1 780 15 356	513 7 667	225 3 581	12 193 23 468	14 333 26 350	2 266 2 217
House heating fuel Utility gos	<b>86 050</b> 32 264 402	6 898 2 399 43	11 <b>027</b> 3 930 87	6 189 2 106 22	2 256 35	13 198 4 901 69	13 644 4 856 78	17 179 6 702 39	8 180 3 444 29	3 803 1 670	19 915 20 525 16 400	22 276 23 525 16 904	5 668 2 014 15
Bottled, tonk, or LP gos Electricity Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.	29 133 19 478	2 202 1 889	3 450 2 843	2 165 1 432	1 912 1 410	4 394 3 074	4 837 3 046	6 115 3 429	2 833 1 506	1 225 849	20 405 18 435	22 339 20 987	1 972 1 281
Other	4 773 6.0	365 4.8	717 <b>5.0</b>	464 <b>5.3</b>	319 <b>5.5</b>	760 <b>5.8</b>	827 <b>6.2</b>	894 6.8	368 <b>7.3</b>	59 <b>8.3</b>	18 509	19 163	386 5.1
Specified owner-occupied housing units	70 367	5 247	8 545	4 835	4 831	11 113	11 296	14 632	6 765	3 103	20 249	22 532	4 301
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS													
With a mortgage Less thon \$200 \$200 to \$249	48 286 5 251 5 904	1 <b>840</b> 476	3 596 1 023	2 <b>823</b> 439	3 086 430	8 <b>050</b> 841	9 056 843	11 <b>802</b> 835	5 643 298	2 390 66	22 382 16 480 19 652	24 891 17 956 21 425	2 382 422 441
\$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349	7 012 6 963	294 252 204	641 643 473	542 507 505	430 695 510	1 083 1 380 1 256	977 1 256 1 409	1 292 1 446 1 620	542 658 762	103 175 224	19 938 21 447	22 027 23 439	392 247
\$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$499	5 528 8 681	154 264	290 286	260 355 120	322 493	1 033	1 150	1 441 2 337	661	217 514	22 625 23 535	24 696 26 402	232 389 151
\$500 to \$599 \$600 to \$749	4 659 2 987	121 63	146 58	78	141 51	706 230	1 021 454	1 493 974	615 681	296 398	24 904 30 003	28 756 35 061	88
\$750 or more Medion	1 301 \$343	12 \$280	36 \$260	17 \$292	14 \$299	52 \$329	57 \$352	364 \$375	352 \$392	397 \$480	33 735	45 382	20 \$292
Not mortgaged Less than \$50	<b>22 081</b> 816	<b>3 407</b> 307	4 949 266	2 012 74	1 <b>745</b> 34	3 063 90	2 240 23	2 830	1 122	<b>713</b>	13 463 6 870	17 373 9 333	1 919 136
\$50 to \$74 \$75 to \$99 \$100 to \$124	3 191 5 855 5 283	832 1 127 567	986 1 540	329 591	255 529	371 794	161 480	206 540	39 174 275	12 80 63	8 501 11 102 14 940	11 089 13 882 16 807	399 638 364
\$125 to \$149 \$150 to \$199	5 283 3 333 2 577	326 152	1 115 533 406	532 231 206	438 223 198	882 518 303	661 393 328	750 672 518	299 235	138 231	18 625 20 435	20 712 25 316	201
\$200 to \$249 \$250 or more	608 418	64 32	67 36	38 11	27 41	81 24	158 36	78 64	57 36	38 138	20 900 27 197	23 496 52 572	125 37 19
Medion MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD	\$106	\$88	\$95	\$101	\$103	\$108	\$117	\$122	\$131	\$161			\$92
With a mortgage	48 286	1 840	3 596	2 823	3 086	8 050	9 056	11 802	5 643	2 390	22 382	24 891	2 382
15 to 19 percent	14 753 9 494	6	41 192	61 243	163 436	1 032 1 742	2 293 2 478	5 304 3 047	3 831 1 086	2 028 264	31 807 24 224	36 944 25 762	42 30
20 to 24 percent	8 114 5 341	11 14	324 360	450 536	706 657	1 932 1 442	2 118 1 179	2 002 965	512 159	59 29	21 389 18 856	22 149 19 683	50 61
30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more Not computed	3 285 7 054 245	50 1 514 245	399 2 280	518 1 015	423 701	877 1 025	664 324	307 177	41 14	6	16 302 9 395 2500—	16 861 10 258 -1 245	93 1 861 245
Medion	19.9	50+	40.6	31.2	26.8	23.2	19.5	16.0	12.5	10—	• • •	•••	50+
Less than 10 percent	22 081 11 173 4 295	3 407 32 190	4 949 508 1 687	2 012 694 937	1 <b>745</b> 987 605	3 063 2 413 551	2 240 1 956 267	2 830 2 769 45	1 122 1 109 13	<b>713</b> 705	13 463 22 420 10 722	17 373 26 421 11 556	1 919 16 68
15 to 19 percent	2 309 1 383	399 485	1 389 789	298 59	98 43	92 7	17	16	-	=	7 428 5 956	8 067 6 327	96 182
25 to 29 percent	829 623	541 455	264 156	19 5	5 7	=	Ξ	-	Ξ	Ξ	4 382 4 170	4 891 4 483	235 255 870
Not computed	1 264 205	1 108 197	156	-	-	-	-	-	10 -	8	3 413 2500—	3 241 2 215	870 197 35,2
Medion	10—	29.6	16.0	11.7	10—	10—	10—	10	10—	10—	• • •	• • •	33.2

# Table A -4. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Doto ore estimotes based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

					Ho	usehold incor	me in 1979						
The SMSA	Total	Less thon \$5,000	\$5,000 to \$9,999	\$10,000 to \$12,499	\$12,500 to \$14,999	\$15,000 to \$19,999	\$20,000 to \$24,999	\$25,000 to \$34,999	\$35,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 or more	Median (dollars)	Meon (dollors)	Income in 1979 below poverty level
Renter-occupied housing units	42 316	11 345	11 247	4 841	3 482	5 169	3 129	2 172	672	259	9 322	11 388	10 945
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER													
Married-couple families	13 139 3 165	1 136 370	3 226 1 088	1 <b>635</b> 472	1 <b>523</b> 322	2 528 539	1 <b>540</b> 274	1 062 97	<b>366</b>	123	13 440 10 659	15 061 11 623	7 887 593
25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years	4 954 1 905	232 159	1 058 225	714 180	764 187	1 210 333	605 352	310 316	52 125	9 28	14 048 17 932	14 726 19 196	555 300
45 to 64 years65 years and over Male householder, no wife present	1 787 1 328	205 170	304 551 <b>2 691</b>	143 126	123 127 <b>885</b>	292 154 1 <b>419</b>	214 95 <b>960</b>	282 57 <b>767</b>	161 25	63 23 <b>83</b>	17 244 9 432	19 559 12 518	295 144
15 to 24 years	11 659 3 665 3 401	3 228 1 036 461	1 007 719	1 <b>430</b> 569 503	248 374	370 602	228 368	161 276	1 <b>96</b> 39 72	7 26	9 805 8 836 12 617	11 787 10 262 14 002	2 812 1 069 457
25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years	1 365 1 753	254 672	230 330	111 146	99 122	221 186	223 109	149 151	56 17	22	14 710 7 446	16 638 11 006	228 535
Female householder, no husband present	1 475 17 518	805 6 981	405 5 <b>330</b>	101 1 776	42 1 <b>074</b>	1 222	32 <b>629</b>	30 <b>343</b>	12 110	20 8 53	4 763 6 525	6 904 8 369	523 6 246
15 to 24 years 25 ta 34 years 35 to 44 years	4 819 4 119	1 918	1 673 1 371	410 562	246 316	295 409	171 183	68 118	24 35	14	6 376 8 575	7 926 9 792	2 148 1 367
45 to 64 years	1 812 2 195 4 573	384 790 2 770	534 643 1 109	228 301 275	217 172 123	250 161 107	91 87 97	81 31 45	18 10 23	9 _ 24	9 855 7 254 4 501	11 153 8 427	551 732
65 years and over	31.9	40.5	29.4	29.8	30.4	30.0	32.2	36.0	41.7	46.0	4 301	6 423	1 448 <b>30.9</b>
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT	25 081	6 253	6 771	2 981	2 158	3 136	1 900	1 289	434	159	9 629	11 505	/ 772
1979 to March 1980	11 175 3 354	2 750 1 309	2 927 831	1 271 374	978 208	1 564 295	882 184	645 90	97 33	61	9 835 7 044	11 585 11 623 9 817	6 773 2 563 927
1960 to 1969	1 759 947	712 321	461 257	142 73	72 66	104 70	94 69	108 40	61 47	30 5 4	6 623 7 217	10 279 11 037	456 226
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM													
Complete plumbing for exclusive use 0.50 or less	41 006 27 080	10 475 7 811	10 955 7 059	4 778 3 106	3 447 2 099	<b>5 149</b> 3 047	3 121 2 058	2 163 1 333	<b>665</b> 425	253 142	9 555 9 006	11 572 11 127	10 256 6 175
0.51 ta 1.00 1.01 ta 1.50	12 654 945	2 411 133	3 528 281	1 520 127	1 192 131	1 933 131	978 75	748 67	240	104	10 638 11 152	12 524 12 103	3 479 426
1.51 or more Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use  0.50 or less	327 1 310	120 <b>870</b>	87 <b>292</b>	25 <b>63</b>	25 <b>35</b>	38 <b>20</b>	10 8	15 9	7	7 6	6 699 <b>4 187</b>	9 991 5 653	176 <b>689</b>
0.51 ta 1.00	568 696	389 455 10	105 177	38 25	16 14 5	13 2	8	9	7	<del>-</del> 6	4 182 4 174	5 297 5 884	689 289 374 10
1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more	25 21	16	10	-	-	5	=	=	-	=	5 625 3 472	6 558 6 521	16
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS	42 288	11 202	11 040	4 041	2 400	£ 140	2 100	0 170	470	050	0.200	11 202	10.005
Heating equipment  Central heating system  Air conditioning	38 198 13 139	11 322 10 076 2 952	11 242 10 080 3 546	4 841 4 313 1 381	3 482 3 269 1 135	5 169 4 711 1 736	3 129 2 843 1 177	2 172 2 032 810	672 621 271	259 253 131	9 328 9 453 10 129	11 393 11 530 12 577	10 925 9 569 2 565
Centrol system	2 442 33 623	574 5 941	618 8 892	215 4 431	130 3 246	357 5 014	245 3 050	182 2 151	70 <b>659</b>	51 <b>239</b>	10 337 11 116	14 105 12 922	521 6 763
1 2 or mare	20 668 12 955	4 876 1 065	6 540 2 352	2 947 1 484	1 802 1 444	2 387 2 627	1 168 1 882	665 1 486	195 464	88 151	9 147 15 220	10 563 16 685	4 938 1 825
House heating fuel	<b>42 288</b> 12 029	11 <b>322</b> 3 726	11 242 3 093	4 841 1 378	3 482 940	5 169 1 299	<b>3 129</b> 757	2 172 564	<b>672</b> 220	<b>259</b> 52	9 328 8 575	11 393 10 864	10 925 3 534
8attled, tank, or LP gas Electricity	345 22 326	5 900 5 900	5 916	2 412	1 910 1 97	2 814	20 1 741	1 130	322	181 181	10 087 9 415	11 486 11 499	90 5 488
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc Other Median rooms	6 219 1 369 <b>3.9</b>	1 134 480 3.1	1 839 305 <b>3.8</b>	837 171 <b>4.1</b>	497 85 <b>4.3</b>	850 158 4.4	508 103 <b>4.7</b>	432 41 5.1	110 20 <b>5.4</b>	12 6 <b>4.9</b>	10 408 8 459	12 272 10 319	1 366 447 <b>3.6</b>
Specified renter-occupied housing units	41 122	11 165	10 947	4 728	3 354	4 989	3 042	2 072	571	254	9 239	11 279	10 759
CONTRACT RENT	71 122	11 103	10 747	4 /20	3 334	4 707	3 042	2 0/2	371	254	7 237	11 2/7	10 737
Less than \$100 \$100 to \$149	4 539 6 325	3 109 2 603	825 2 032	232 692	127 333	94 359	107 182	22 99	15 24	8	4 153 6 184	5 522 7 687	2 310 2 201
\$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249	11 667 8 635	2 982 1 412	3 763	1 547	915	1 411	624 802	359 490	54 89	12 56	8 800 11 192	10 100 12 715	2 827
\$250 ta \$299	4 718 1 758	457	2 318 918 231	1 232 507 144	548 228	983 357	685 299	466 266 157	98 90	56 56 25 51 16	14 676 16 936	15 604 18 285	724 259
\$350 ta \$399 \$400 to \$499 \$500 or more No cosh rent	859 357	118 85 35 37	231 87 25 13	66 17,,,	903 548 228 54 13	1 333 983 357 157 19	134 96	96	68 40	51 16	19 359 22 792	21 421 24 360	724 259 77 39
\$500 or more No cosh rent Medion	172 2 092	327	735	6 285	233	262	107	28 89	48 45	20 9	27 500 9 881	29 541 11 752	19 481 \$159
GROSS RENT	\$186	\$144	\$180	\$191	\$209	\$218	\$233	\$252	\$289	\$292	•••		\$139
Less than \$100 \$100 ta \$149	3 326	2 556	470	131	61	38	40	11	11	8	3 914	4 830	1 798
\$150 to \$199	4 000 7 801 9 300	1 936 2 379 2 101	1 253 2 773 2 625	385 976 1 306	150 499	123 735 1 239	114 253 681	28 142 382	11 39 53	5 22	5 200 7 756 9 854	6 707 8 966 11 062	1 488 2 072 2 088
\$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349	6 392 3 882	1 006	1 542 930	827 420	891 704 398	1 100 708	687 524	379 387	101	46	11 959 13 643	13 243 15 102	1 368 724
\$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$449 \$500 or mare	2 063 1 733	233 163 55	343 247 29	182 190	398 245 130	421 308	278 262	278 245	73 62 98 78	33 21 90 20	15 268 17 403	16 129 19 526	357 325 58
No cosn reni	533 2 092	327	735	26 285	43 233	55 262	96 107	131 89	45	9	22 120 9 881	24 671 11 752	481
GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979	\$222	\$169	\$210	\$226	\$248	\$261	\$277	\$306	\$333	\$370	•••	•••	\$195
Less than 15 percent	5 447	186	299	319	297	1 046	1 332	1 277	446	245	21 862	23 997	174
15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent	5 685 5 871 4 225	333 660 596	515 1 210 1 514	730 1 270 884	763 1 018	1 707 1 178 550	993 410	572 117 17	72 8 -	=	16 302 12 097 10 007	16 513 12 340 10 284	229 558 528
30 to 34 percent	3 285 5 650	504 1 619	1 639 3 196	61 4 551	530 285 223	179 59	134 64 2	-	Ξ	=	8 657 6 580	8 915 6 856	1 530
50 percent ar mareNat computed	8 279 2 680	6 352 915	1 839 735	75 285	233	8 262	107	- 89	_ 45	9	3 696 7 693	3 720 9 153	6 226 1 069
Median	27.6	50+	34.8	24.6	22.5	18.9	15.7	13.4	10.6	10—			50+

# Table A-5. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Mortgaged Housing Units: 1980

[Dota are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see oppendixes A and 8]

	[Dota are estimo	nes bused on o	Somple, see init	odoction. For th	earling of symbo	ils, see introducti	ion. For definiti	ons or terms, se	e oppendixes A	unu oj	
The SMSA	Total	Less thon \$200	\$200 to \$249	\$250 to \$299	\$300 to \$349	\$350 to \$399	\$400 to \$499	\$500 to \$599	\$600 to \$749	\$750 or mare	Median (dollars)
Specified owner-occupied housing units	48 286	5 251	5 904	7 012	6 963	5 528	8 681	4 659	2 987	1 301	343
PERSONS IN UNIT											
1 person2 persons	4 515 13 594	1 039 2 189	725 2 000	726 2 054	624 1 866	482 1 438	491 2 <b>2</b> 62	253 999	136 513	39 273	284 315
3 persons 4 persons	9 728 11 762	894 625	1 094 1 232	1 486 1 553	1 433 1 780	1 209 1 401	1 834 2 415	993 1 322	556 971	229 463	348 375
5 persons6 persons	5 646 2 105	340 99	531 237	866 202	831 316	677 270	1 047 404	643 307	511 210	463 200 60	369 387 400
7 persons 8 or more persons	649 287	48 17	55 30	95 30	88 25	38 13	148 80	96 46	50 40	31	400 437
Median	3.12	2.22	2.71	2.99	3.19	3.20	3.37	. 3.56	3.80	3.74	
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER	AT (14	0.000	4 000	5 010	5 000	4 043					
Married-couple families 15 to 24 years	37 614 1 328	3 300 37	<b>4 309</b> 67	5 319 216	5 329 254	4 341 237	<b>7 135</b> 353	<b>4 041</b> 120	2 658 44	1 182	<b>356</b> 369
25 to 34 years	12 129 9 526	447 500	861 896	1 569 1 151	1 804 1 203	1 649 1 077	2 746 1 938	1 655 1 368	1 048 920	350 473	369 392 397
45 to 64 years65 years and over	12 788 1 843	1 748 568	2 113 372	2 031 352	1 839 229	1 290 l 88	1 961 137	862 36	608 38	336 23	314
Male householder, no wife present	4 394 661	610 43	441 66	<b>647</b> 81	<b>761</b> 130	<b>530</b> 98	<b>806</b> 194	341	178 6	80	248 333 355 354 339
25 to 34 years	1 831 835	178 72	152 92	272 117	289 177	279 79	365 137	43 152 94	96 49	48 18	354 339
45 to 64 years65 years ond over	843 224	212 105	97 34	140 37	141 24	62 12	110	40 12	27	14	290 210
Female householder, no husband present	6 <b>278</b> 217	1 341	1 1 <b>54</b> 39	1 <b>046</b>	873 42	657 11	<b>740</b> 40	<b>277</b>	151	39	281 296
25 to 34 years	1 814	241	218 307	338 273	336	260 194	290	64 110	55	12	316
35 to 44 years	1 608 2 065	183 609	493	341	240 203	140	210 194	71	64 14	27	309 243
65 years and over	574 <b>39.7</b>	277 <b>52.8</b>	97 <b>46.8</b>	52 <b>41.2</b>	52 38.6	52 <b>36.5</b>	36.3	20 <b>36.7</b>	18 <b>36.9</b>	39.0	205
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT											
1979 to March 1980 1975 to 1978	9 126 19 069	200 906	287 1 394	664 2 458	936 3 179	926 2 871	2 459 4 415	1 741 2 063	1 225 1 345	688 438	459 378
1970 to 1974	9 222	963	1 560	2 023	1 711	998	1 117	465	249	136	302
1960 to 1969 1959 or earlier	8 193 2 676	2 164 1 018	2 005 658	1 496 371	909 228	597 136	542 148	298 92	143 25	39	248 224
ROOMS											
1 to 3 rooms	728 4 497	238 1 069	172 765	104 891	71 698	29 332	64 489	36 196	14 51	-	237 273
5 rooms	8 571	1 599	1 558	1 414	1 288	906	1 185	440	150	31	290
6 rooms 7 rooms	9 585 8 476	1 124 662	1 352 982	1 511 1 115	1 438 1 328	1 231 1 080	1 679 1 604	767 868	355 607	128 230	328 357
8 ar more rooms	16 429 6.6	559 5.3	1 075 5.8	1 977 6.2	2 140 6.5	1 950 6.7	3 660 7.1	2 352 7.5	1 810 8.1	906 8.5+	413
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT											
1975 to March 1980 1970 ta 1974	9 603 6 001	216 132	191 424	476 811	966 1 044	989 911	2 541 1 421	2 003 670	1 512 410	709 178	475 382
1960 to 1969	6 445	253	819	1 137	1 166	788	1 083	633	415	151	343
1950 to 1959	11 333 5 798	1 715 1 365	2 076 956	1 988 1 035	1 677 875	1 123 547	1 687 680	678 215	239 95	150 30	297 278
1939 ar earlier	9 106	1 570	1 438	1 565	1 235	1 170	1 269	460	316	83	299
VALUE Less than \$10,000	70	54	٥	_		7		_	_	_	165
\$10,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 ta \$29,999	1 047 3 499	565 1 079	294 840	85 719	61 439	14 211	28 138	- 61	12	-	194 240
\$30,000 to \$39,999	8 055	1 503	1 497	1 792	1 461	871	796	116	13	6	279 315
\$40,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 ta \$59,999	9 905 8 168	1 259 549	1 501 1 008	1 705 1 222	1 674 1 240	1 374   1 242	1 792 1 673	513 898	83 320	4 16	353
\$60,000 to \$79,999 \$80,000 to \$99,999	10 655 3 914	178 43	639 100	1 181 249	1 539 426	1 169 456	2 788 857	1 883 702	1 062 797	216 284	420 482
\$100,000 to \$149,999 \$150,000 or more	2 357 616	21	16	54 5	123	181 3	515 94	404 82	541 159	502 273	566 717
Median	\$51 600	\$35 700	\$42 000	\$45 100	\$49 100	\$51 800	\$59 400	\$66 600	\$80 100	\$110 700	
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979											
Less than 15 percent	14 753	3 097	3 129	2 779	2 205	1 326	1 378	406	302	131	271
15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent	9 494 8 114	759 464	1 016 601	1 531 1 047	1 765 1 058	1 414 1 116	1 759 2 044	657 1 015	411 580	182 189	341 390
25 to 29 percent	5 341 1 3 285	237 198	366 185	544 277	636 429	614 309	1 238 726	884 603	582 382	240 176	421 435
35 percent ar mareNat computed	7 054 245	471 25	600 7	795 39	827 43	704 45	1 494 42	1 073 21	707 23	383	408 359
Medion	19.9	13.1	14.5	17.3	18.6	20.0	22.9	26.4	26.6	28.1	
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS	40.075			7 000	. 0/0		0.403	4 450	0.007	3 203	242
Steam ar hot water system	<b>48 275</b> 2 252	5 251 87	5 904 228	7 008 234	6 963 351	5 521 231	8 681 493	4 659 229	2 987 241	1 301 158	343 399
Central worm-air furnace or electric heat pump Other built-in electric units	34 138 7 877	3 386 940	4 106 956	4 956 1 228	4 691 1 374	3 984 919	6 181 1 405	3 504 634	2 283 347	1 047 74	349 330
Floor, wall, or pipeless furnace	348 3 660	117 721	38 576	38 552	30 517	34 353	50 552	35 257	110	22	275 298
Air conditioning Central system	13 371 6 704	1 <b>533</b> 492	1 <b>696</b> 712	1 883 655	1 <b>724</b> 734	1 <b>494</b> 753	2 174 1 241	1 399 899	879 678	<b>589</b> 540	346 400
1 or mare individual room units	6 667 <b>48 275</b>	1 041 5 251	984 <b>5 904</b>	1 228 <b>7 008</b>	990 6 963	741 5 <b>521</b>	933 8 681	500 <b>4 659</b>	201 2 987	49 1 <b>30</b> 1	304 343
Utilify gas	20 486	1 926	2 414	3 317	3 245	2 504	3 726	1 719	1 184	451	343 340 317
Electricity	142 15 606	1 331	1 328	1 706	24 2 004	1 682	3 196	19 2 153	1 486	12 720	393
Fuel oil, kerosene, etcOther	9 784 2 257	1 517 477	1 738 410	1 619 317	1 411 279	1 138 192	1 404 343	612 156	233 77	112	301 288

# Table A -6. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Not Mortgaged Housing Units: 1980

[Doto ore estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

The SASSA    Septimen		Doto ore estimote	s basea on a som	pie, see introducti	on. For meoning	or symbols, see I	ntroduction. For	definitions of ferm	is, see oppendixes	A ond 6 j	
PRISONS NUMBER   1	The SMSA	Total	Less thon \$50	\$50 to \$74	\$75 to \$99	\$100 to \$124	\$125 to \$149	\$150 to \$199	\$200 to \$249	\$250 or more	Medion (dollors)
PESCHOS   MUST   1   1   1   1   2   2   2   7   1   1   1   1   2   2   2   2   2   1   1											
		22 081	816	3 191	5 855	5 283	3 333	2 577	608	418	106
2 persons			541	1 410	0.017	1 101	7/5	410	140		27
3	1 person							1 447	143 273	223	108
Septem	3 persons	2 444	19	186	560	648	501	380	96	54	118
# Seption			34	58	95	107		228 56			125
Medical Composition   1.50	6 persons	231		28	28	92		27	6		115
Medic			Ξ	2	34 19		17	13	14	7	107
	Medion		1.25	1.63		1.99	2.05		2.09	2.04	
15   25   15   15   15   15   15   15	HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER										
\$\$ 0.00   \$0.0	Married-couple families		257				2 242	1 876	381	304	112
\$\$ 0.00   \$0.0	15 to 24 years		9		23		102	6	16	7	91
12 to 4 years	35 to 44 years	666	28	66	140	180	132	60	47	13	114
12 to 4 depth   13	45 to 64 years		/8 120	538 857	1 280				170	190 94	118
12 to 4 years	Male householder, no wife present	1 918	165	420	528	337	243		52	33	93
Meding op.	15 to 24 years		13		11	- 6		5	- 6	7	87 88
Meding op.	35 to 44 years			30	70		29	14	10	=	91
Meding op.	45 to 64 years65 years ond over		104	233			95	90	12 24	19	91
Meding op.	Female householder, no husband present		394	1 240				561	175	81	96
Meding op.	25 to 34 years	174	6	17					11		117
Meding op.	35 to 44 years	136	5				46		-		127
Western   West		4 567	361	936	1 500		527	255	110		91
1979 to Nech 1800		65.9	72.1	68.8	68.1	65.2	62.8	61.8	63.3	62.1	•••
1975   1978   1 968   83   226   443   346   351   328   60   61   114	YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT										
1940 to 1969				127		185	137	127	29	.7	110
1940 to 1949	1975 to 1978		83 99	256 296			351	338 273			114
ROOMS	1960 to 1969	4 573	145	697	1 029	1 089	682	658	176	97	110
10 3 comms	1959 or earlier	12 663	445	1 815	3 802	3 143	1 861	1 181	255	161	102
A commission	ROOMS										
A commission			138	354		113		13	14		72
A commission			162	990			825	508	140		102
Medion	6 rooms		143	405		1 230	897	577	134	82	113
Medion			29	105				750	180	179	141
1975 to Morch 1980	Medion	5.3	4.4	4.5					6.2		
1970 to 1974	YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT										
1960 to 1966	1975 to Morch 1980								34		
1950 to 1959	1960 to 1969			109						/3 53	133
VALUE	1950 to 1959		102	452	1 087	1 401	1 028	716	171	128	116
VALUE   Less than \$10,000	1939 or earlier		471	1 703		2 004	1 070	859			
See No. \$10,000											
\$10,000 to \$19,999		520	102	141	109	113	17	31	7	_	79
\$30,000 to \$39,999	\$10,000 to \$19,999	2 336	212	762	740	364	119	104	16		82
\$50,000 to \$59,999	\$20,000 to \$39,999		225 146				337 620	184 382	44 71	32 37	89
\$60,000 to \$79,999	\$40,000 to \$49,999	3 812	49	333	995	1 215	753	351	77	39	111
\$10,000 to \$149,999	\$60,000 to \$79,999		29		344 223	669 417	654	415 650	100	37	139
\$150,000 or more	\$80,000 to \$99,999	660		24	14	50	107	298	97		171
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS   PRICENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979	\$150,000 or more										
PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979	Medion	\$37 000	\$23 700	\$25 900	\$32 300	\$38 500	\$47 300	\$54 900	\$59 700	\$86 700	
Less than 10 percent											
10 to 14 percent		.,									
15 to 19 percent	10 to 14 percent			1 640					163		
25 to 29 percent   829   21   114   328   149   102   81   23   11   96   30 to 34 percent   623   - 32   225   158   95   77   24   12   129   35 percent or more   1 264   7   53   283   294   250   226   97   54   125   125   126   125   126   125   126   125   126   125   126   125   126   125   126   125   126   125   126   125   126   125   126   125   126   125   126   125   126   125   126   125   126   125   126   125	15 to 19 percent	2 309	72	398	669	474	293	277	76	50	101
September   1264   7   53   283   294   250   226   97   54   125	25 to 29 percent		21	253 114		295 149	102		23	36 11	106
Not computed	30 to 34 percent	623	_	32	225	158	95	77	24	12	109
Medion	Not computed	1 264 205				294 37			97		125 98
Hearting equipment	Medion			10-			10—		13.8		
Steam or hot woter system	SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS		0.00								
Centrol worm-air furnoce or electric cheat pump	Heating equipment		800								
Other built-in electric units         3 0.64         340         1 010         820         497         201         152         27         17         81           Floor, woll, or pipeless furnoce         492         10         148         138         127         20         41         8         -         91           Other means         2 633         152         559         836         562         238         193         57         36         93           Air conditioning         6 428         131         756         1 714         1 581         1 101         824         161         160         110           Centrol system         2 787         40         167         636         614         582         540         83         125         122           1 or more individual room units         3 641         91         589         1 078         967         519         284         78         35         102           House hearing fuel         22         061         800         3 191         5 855         5 279         3 333         2 577         608         418         106           Utility gos         9 005         100         835         2 491	Centrol worm-air furnace or electric heat numn		298				270	268 1 923	124		139
Other means     2 633     152     559     836     562     238     193     57     36     93       Air conditioning     6 428     131     756     1 714     1 581     1 101     824     161     160     110       Centrol system     2 787     40     167     636     614     582     540     83     125     122       1 or more individuol room units     3 641     91     589     1 078     967     519     284     78     35     102       House hearing fuel     22 061     800     3 191     5 855     5 279     3 333     2 577     608     4 18     106       Utility gos     9 005     100     835     2 491     2 267     1 586     1 297     241     188     112       8 or in the control of the	Other built-in electric units	3 064	340	1 010	820	497	201	152	27		81
Air conditioning     6 428     131     756     1 714     1 581     1 101     824     161     160     110       Centrol system     2 787     40     167     635     614     582     540     83     125     122       1 or more individual room units     3 641     91     589     1 078     967     519     284     78     35     102       House hearling fuel     22 061     800     3 191     5 855     5 279     3 333     2 577     608     418     106       Utility gos     9 005     100     835     2 491     2 267     1 586     1 297     241     188     112       8 offield, tonk, or LP gos     79     8     -     14     6     29     14     8     -     135       Electricity     4 650     477     1 318     1 204     825     395     309     78     44     86	Other means									34	91
1 or more individual room units     3 641     91     589     1 078     967     519     284     78     35     102       House hearting fivel     22 061     800     3 191     5 855     5 279     3 333     2 577     608     418     106       Utility gos     9 005     100     835     2 491     2 267     1 586     1 297     241     188     112       8 ohtled, tonk, or LP gos     79     8     -     14     6     29     14     8     -     135       Electricity     -     4 650     477     1 318     1 204     825     395     309     78     44	Air conditioning	6 428	131	756	1 714	1 581	1 101	824	161	160	110
House heering fuel	1 or more individual room units		40 91				582 519	540 284	83 78	125 35	122
8ottled, tonk, or LP gos 79 8 - 14 6 29 14 8 - 135 Electricity 4 650 477 1 318 1 204 825 395 309 78 44 86	House heating fuel	22 061	800	3 191	5 855	5 279	3 333	2 577	608	418	106
Electricity 4 650 477 1 318 1 204 825 395 309 78 44 861	Bottled, tonk, or LP gos			835		2 267				188	112
00 00, 800 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	Electricity	4 650	477	1 318	1 204		395	309	78		86 1
	Other	1 236	136 79	322	1 697 449	1 931 250	1 240 83	920 37	265 16	186	87

# Table A=7. Year Structure Built for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Doto are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

		Ov	mer-occupied h	ousing units				Rer	nter-occupied h	ousing units		
The SMSA	Total	1975 to Morch 1980	1970 ta 1974	1960 to 1969	1940 to 1959	1939 or earlier	Total	1975 to Morch 1980	1970 to 1974	1960 to 1969	1940 to 1959	1939 or earlier
Occupied housing units	86 087	14 853	9 944	10 263	29 538	21 489	42 316	7 473	6 327	5 049	11 405	12 062
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Married-couple families	61 792	12 095	7 749	7 972	20 740	13 236	13 139	2 146	1 665	1 642	4 688	2 998
15 ta 24 years	1 819 14 381	570 5 133	154 1 890	54 993	648 3 669	393 2 696	3 165 4 954	613 741	367 435	455 601	1 232 2 123	498 1 054
35 to 44 years	12 158 23 308 10 126	3 082 2 773 537	2 346 2 668 691	1 774 4 155 996	3 045 9 167 4 211	1 911 4 545 3 691	1 905 1 787 1 328	297 309 186	251 305 307	206 216 164	661 447 225	490 510 446
65 years and over Male householder, no wife present 15 to 24 years	8 290 986	1 152 120	683 74	<b>762</b> 65	2 880 435	2 813 292	11 659 3 665	2 003 846	1 <b>522</b> 509	1 <b>097</b> 418	2 627 898	4 410
25 to 34 years	2 376 1 257	457 227	175 130	192 159	845 348	707 393	3 401 1 365	612 243	418 213	285 179	1 023 243	1 063 487
45 to 64 years	1 896 1 775	280 68	219 85	204 142	669 583	524 897	1 753 1 475	194 108	184 198	139 76	322 141	914 952
Female householder, no husband present	16 005 366 2 335	1 606 50 487	1 <b>512</b> 37 284	1 <b>529</b> 15 164	5 918 177 839	5 440 87 561	17 518 4 819 4 119	3 324 1 135 817	<b>3 140</b> 741 558	2 310 626 489	4 090 1 284 1 219	4 654 1 033 1 036
35 to 44 years	2 040 4 897	387 449	381 551	310 563	632 1 953	330 1 381	1 812 2 195	358 342	243 353	198 296	495 474	518 730
65 years ond over	6 367 <b>48.6</b>	233 <b>36.3</b>	259 <b>43</b> .1	477 <b>50.0</b>	2 317 <b>52</b> .8	3 081 <b>56.9</b>	4 573 31.9	672 <b>29.1</b>	1 245 <b>36.7</b>	701 <b>31.2</b>	618 <b>29.4</b>	1 337 <b>37.0</b>
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT	12 959	5 536	1 306	801	3 191	2 125	25 081	5 933	3 314	2 912	6 975	5 947
1975 to 1978	26 319 14 120	9 317	3 530 5 108	2 506 2 251	6 409 4 236	4 557 2 525	11 175 3 354	1 540	1 895 1 118	1 346 447	3 017 728	3 377
1960 to 1969 1959 or earlier	14 893 17 796	=	Ξ	4 705	6 435 9 267	3 753 8 529	1 759 947	_	=	344 -	432 253	983 694
ROOMS 1 room	140	19	14	57	12	38	1 891	224	361	121	197	988
2 rooms3 rooms	533 2 250	87 306	62 216	48 276	212 686	124 766	4 854 9 329	971 1 680	974 1 516	607 1 114	678 2 091	1 624 2 928
4 rooms5 rooms	13 248 18 939	1 790 2 734	1 327 1 579	948 1 526	5 603 7 422	3 580 5 678	11 415 7 038	2 545 915	1 765 1 027	1 496 740	3 050 2 575	2 559
6 rooms 7 or more rooms Median	16 711 34 266 6.0	2 623 7 294 6,4	1 656 5 090 6.6	1 615 5 793 6.9	6 218 9 385 5.6	4 599 6 704 5.6	3 827 3 962 3.9	523 615 3.8	349 335 3.7	477 494 4.0	1 503 1 311 4.4	975 1 207 3.7
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM												
Complete plumbing for exclusive use	85 864 61 722 23 056	14 815 9 393 5 189	9 929 6 657	10 243 7 614	29 472 21 643	21 405 16 415	41 006 27 080	<b>7 429</b> 5 049	6 279 4 300	5 022 3 453	11 <b>295</b> 6 666	7 612
0.51 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more	23 056 856 230	5 189 198 35	3 146 96 30	2 476 98 55	7 528 243 58	4 717 221 52	12 654 945 327	2 173 133 74	1 786 136 57	1 464 66 39	4 167 391 71	3 064 219 86
Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use	223 130	38 13	15	20	<b>66</b> 45	84 72	1 310 568	44 13	48 34	<b>27</b> 24	110 49	1 081 448
0.51 to 1.00	52 17	8 17	8	9	21 —	6	696 25	10 7	14 -	3 -	56 5	613 1 <u>3</u>
PERSONS IN UNIT	24	-	7	11	-	6	21	14	-	-	-	
1 person2 persons	14 520 30 661	1 418 3 993	1 103 2 843	1 293 3 489	5 318 12 082	5 388 8 254	18 137 12 147	3 173 2 443	3 102 1 940	2 170 1 535	3 430 3 292	6 262 2 937
3 persons	14 736 14 947	2 920 4 038	1 839 2 299	1 866 1 881	4 873 4 273	3 238 2 456	5 924 3 528	960 554	661 350	681 388	2 222 1 415	1 400 821
5 persons6 or more persons	7 175 4 048 2.43	1 696 788 3.19	1 218 642 3.06	1 065 669 2.69	1 977	1 219 934 2.15	1 420 1 160 1.75	228 115 1.73	150 124 1.53	186 89 1.73	519 527 2.19	337 305 1.46
Median Total persons	244 661	48 544	32 420	31 806	2.28 78 351	53 540	86 584	14 413	11 774	10 150	27 322	22 925
UNITS IN STRUCTURE  1, detached or attached	77 620	11 843	7 822	8 861	28 645	20 449	15 822	1 338	821	1 495	7 056	5 112
3 ond 4	1 202 364	183 26	186 74	100 27	233 79	500 158	4 684 3 346	1 098 725	668 418	546 286	1 408 715	964 1 202
5 to 9 10 to 49	328 796	16 173	24 177	30 103	110 177	148 166	4 161 8 326	617 1 890	553 1 796	681 1 259	930 1 052	1 380 2 329
50 or more Mobile home or trailer, etc.	112 5 665	18 2 594	39 1 622	1 134	18 276	29 39	5 043 934	1 567 238	1 759 312	478 304	183 61	1 056
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Heating equipment	86 050	14 853	9 938	10 263	29 515	21 481	42 288	7 473	6 327	5 044	11 397	12 047
Steam or hot water system Centrol warm-air furnace or electric heat pump	4 001 58 515	56 10 222	131 6 960	1 048 6 960	1 341 21 213	1 425 13 160	5 293 13 400	88 1 396	282 1 380	487 1 545	966 5 314	3 470 3 765
Other built-in electric units Floor, wall, or pipeless furnace Other means	14 250 1 007 8 277	3 812 13 750	2 335 34 478	1 532 58 665	3 604 329 3 028	2 967 573 3 356	18 784 721 4 090	5 816 50 123	4 440 105 120	2 611 34 367	3 199 310 1 608	2 718 222 1 872
Air conditioning	<b>26 033</b> 12 675	4 838 3 399	3 8 <b>52</b> 2 340	3 613 2 148	9 309 3 721	4 421 1 067	13 139 2 442	4 954 688	3 632 830	1 686 387	1 610 326	1 257 211
1 or more individual room units	13 358 <b>86 050</b>	1 439 14 8 <b>53</b>	1 512 9 938	1 465 10 263	5 588 <b>29 515</b>	3 354 21 481	10 697 <b>42 288</b>	4 266 <b>7 473</b>	2 802 6 327	1 299 <b>5 044</b>	1 284 11 397	1 046 12 047
House heating fuel	32 264 402	1 548 67	4 205 74	5 801 106	11 083 65	9 627 90	12 029 345	368 16	1 017 32	1 448	3 598 137	5 598
Electricity Fuel oil, kerosene, etc	29 133 19 478 4 773	12 440 158 640	4 917 423 319	2 721 1 304 331	5 291 11 669 1 407	3 764 5 924 2 076	22 326 6 219 1 369	6 938 63 88	5 135 119 24	3 084 425 56	3 948 3 392 322	3 221 2 220 879
Other	5 668 6.6	774 5.2	<b>527</b> 5.3	<b>410</b> 4.0	1 <b>856</b> 6.3	2 101 9.8	10 945 25.9	1 408 18.8	1 <b>566</b> 24.8	1 102 21.8	2 838 24.9	4 031 33.4
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than \$5,000	6 898	647	483	501	2 227	2 910	11 345	1 442	1 888	1 265	2 372	4 378
\$5,000 to \$9,999	11 042 6 189	1 076 914	968 634	521 926 515	2 337 3 853 2 436	4 219 1 690	11 247 4 841	1 959 754	1 612	1 210 652	3 201 1 475	3 265 1 266
	5 938 13 202	905 2 330	540 1 381	504 1 260	2 095 4 987	1 894 3 244	3 482 5 169	660 1 043	502 707	506 757	1 023 1 533	791 1 129
\$20,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999	13 644 17 183	2 915 3 649	1 793 2 401	1 388 2 540	4 750 5 616	2 798	3 129 2 172	836 499	419 364	268 272 96	957 642 170	649 395 149
\$50,000 ar mare	8 180 3 811 \$19 913	1 643 774 \$22 564	1 214 530 \$22 372	1 653 956 \$25 059	2 378 1 086 \$19 042	1 292 465 \$15 043	672 259 \$9 322	182 98 \$11 112	75 66 \$8 884	23 \$10 190	32 \$10 219	\$7 250
Mean	\$22 277	\$24 834	\$25 050	\$28 819	\$21 296	\$17 452	\$11 388	\$13 324	\$11 222	\$11 904	\$11 924	\$9 554

# Table A-8. Units in Structure for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Doto are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

	<del></del>	Owner-occupied h					Re	nter-occupied	housing units			
The SMSA	Total	1 unit, detoched or ottoched	2 or more units	Mobile home or troiler, etc.	Total	l unit, detoched or ottoched	2 units	3 ond 4 units	5 to 9 units	10 to 49 units	50 or more units	Mobile home or troiler, etc.
Occupied housing units	<b>86 087</b> 639	<b>77 620</b> 138	2 802 501	5 665	<b>42 316</b> 218	15 822 31	4 684 12	3 346	<b>4 161</b>	8 326 124	<b>5 043</b> 37	934
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Married-couple families	61 792	56 686	1 522	3 584	13 139	7 696	1 964	628	589	1 289	621	352
15 to 24 years	1 819 14 381	1 460 13 331	45 243	314 807	3 165 4 954	1 494 3 277	641 638	205 204	184 218	426 357	97 163	118 97
35 to 44 years	12 158 23 308	11 390 21 436	235 640	533 1 232	1 905 1 787	1 363	225 266	62 80	46 61	112 215	37 107	60 45
65 years ond over	10 126 8 290 986	9 069 <b>6 981</b> 756	359 <b>553</b> 80	698 <b>756</b> 150	1 328 11 659 3 665	549 3 309 1 149	194 <b>978</b> 359	77 <b>929</b> 300	80 1 <b>434</b> 567	179 3 158 905	217 1 622 322	229
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years	2 376 1 257	2 046 1 108	133 77	197	3 401 1 365	1 201 342	376 108	258 189	483 121	735 350	311 205	60 45 32 <b>229</b> 63 37 50 72
45 to 64 years65 years ond over	1 896 1 775	1 552 1 519	127 136	217 120	1 753 1 475	343 274	91 44	95 87	140 123	735 433	277 507	72
Female householder, no husband present 15 to 24 years	16 <b>005</b> 366	13 953 277	<b>727</b> 23	1 <b>325</b> 66	17 518 4 819	<b>4 817</b> 1 152	1 <b>742</b> 478	1 789 663	2 138 691	<b>3 879</b> 1 173	<b>2 800</b> 537	353 125
25 to 34 years	2 335 2 040	2 062 1 884	80 46	193 110	4 119 1 812	1 635 785	552 244	410 147	506 172	667 300	256 146	353 125 93 18 20 97
45 to 64 years65 years ond over	4 897 6 367 <b>48.6</b>	4 151 5 579 <b>48.3</b>	271 307 <b>56.3</b>	475 481 <b>49.9</b>	2 195 4 573 <b>31.9</b>	674 571 <b>31.1</b>	173 295 <b>29.8</b>	211 358 <b>29.8</b>	252 517 <b>28.7</b>	613 1 126 <b>34.2</b>	252 1 609 <b>60.9</b>	20 97 <b>31.9</b>
Median age	12 959	10 752	558	1 649	25 081	9 185	3 061	2 216	2 552	4 916	2 504	647
1975 to 1978	26 319 14 120	22 970 12 538	832 523	2 517 1 059	11 175 3 354	4 401 945	1 272 168	740 175	959 403	2 149 739	1 452 869	202 55 30
1960 to 1969	14 893 17 796	14 153 17 207	335 554	405 35	1 759 947	694 597	143 40	163 52	183 64	385 137	161 57	30
ROOMS 1 room	140	75	24	41	1 891	182	16	64	221	613	787	8
2 rooms 3 rooms	533 2 250	272 1 508	81 248	180 494	4 854 9 329	347 1 399	154 689	402 1 183	803 1 527	1 737 2 737	1 375 1 578	36 216
4 rooms	13 248 18 939 16 711	10 482 16 489 15 655	653 768 342	2 113 1 682 714	11 415 7 038 3 827	3 969 3 905 2 658	1 659 1 103	1 178 423	1 061 410 99	2 268 710	879 269 155	401 218 52
6 rooms 7 or more rooms Medion	34 266 6.0	33 139 6.1	686 5.0	441 4.5	3 962 3.9	3 362 5.0	637 426 4.4	48 48 3.5	40 3.2	178 83 3.2	2.7	3 4.0
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use	85 864	77 470	2 757	5 637	41 006	15 775	4 614	3 288	3 992	7 742	4 665	930
0.50 or less 0.51 to 1.00	61 722 23 056	55 879 20 700	2 092 638	3 751 1 718	27 080 12 654	9 222 5 897	3 012 1 500	2 348 834	2 888 983	5 724 1 860	3 309 1 297	577 283
1.01 to 1.50	856 230	710 181	19 8	127 41	945 327	562 94	58 44	74 32	84 37	65 93	38 21	64
0.50 or less	223 130	150 87	<b>45</b> 31	<b>28</b> 12	1 310 568	47 15	<b>70</b> 33	<b>58</b> 49	169 119	584 278	<b>378</b> 72	4 2
0.51 to 1.00	52 17 24	39 11 13	8 6	5 - 11	696 25 21	29 3	37 -	9 -	41 - 9	284 10 12	294 12	2 -
1.51 or more BEDROOMS None	173	98	28	47	2 815	225	- 27	185	404	1 004	962	8
1	3 792 25 590	2 917 21 025	397 1 311	478 3 254	14 987 15 526	2 354 6 378	1 011 2 464	1 657 1 351	2 445 1 136	4 456 2 595	2 840 1 084	224 518
3 4	33 078 18 015	30 616 17 674	713 217	1 749 124	6 740 1 794	4 861 1 594	1 014 151	146	160	245 12	147	167 17
5 or more HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979	5 439	5 290	136	13	454	410	17	7	6	14	-	-
Less thon \$5,000 \$5,000 to \$9,999	6 898 11 042	5 863 9 455	348 371	687 1 216	11 345 11 247	2 688 3 915	679 1 191	1 121 923	1 392 1 317	2 954 2 336	2 241 1 374	270 191
\$10,000 to \$12,499 \$12,500 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$19,999	6 189 5 938 13 202	5 315 5 321 11 945	195 171 365	679 446 892	4 841 3 482 5 169	1 891 1 501 2 583	698 476 650	331 282	538 253 362	910 564 827	331 324 244	142 82
\$20,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999	13 644 17 183	12 419 15 954	399 559	826 670	3 129 2 172	1 687 1 078	465 379	368 159 120	179 84	346 297	251 159	135 42 55 17
\$35,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 or more	8 180 3 811	7 720 3 628	257 137	203 46	672 259	394 85	82 64	34	25 11	41 51	79 40	17
Medion Meon	\$19 913 \$22 277	\$20 340 \$22 795	\$19 327 \$21 197	\$13 904 \$15 712	\$9 322 \$11 388	\$11 729 \$13 427	\$11 691 \$14 056	\$7 434 \$9 698	\$7 723 \$9 070	\$7 304 \$9 393	\$5 864 \$8 896	\$10 106 \$11 093
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Heating equipment	86 050	77 583	2 802	5 665	42 288	15 811	4 679	3 338	4 161	8 322	5 043	934
Steam or hot woter system Centrol worm-oir fumoce or electric heat pump Other built-in electric units	4 001 58 515 14 250	3 777 52 993 12 317	224 1 245 1 072	4 277	5 293 13 400 18 784	517 7 643 4 253	212 1 809 2 318	253 869 1 917	882 857 2 144	2 203 954 4 860	1 213 685 3 040	13 583 252
Floor, woll, or pipeless furnoce Other meons	1 007 8 277	931 7 565	57 204	861 19 508	721 4 090	4 253 453 2 945	42 298	28 271	49 229	97 208	31 74	21 65
Air conditioning Centrol system	26 033 12 675	22 012 10 713	1 192 343	2 829 1 619	13 139 2 442	2 330 606	1 068 261	1 094 142	1 314 185	3 <b>820</b> 394	3 088 665	<b>425</b> 189
Vehicles available	82 182 22 707	<b>74 160</b> 19 692	2 600 1 012	<b>5 422</b> 2 003	33 623 20 668	<b>14 392</b> 7 342	4 191 2 396	2 575 1 889	3 181 2 411	5 <b>749</b> 4 189	2 659 1 919	<b>876</b> 522
2 or more  House heating fuel  Utility gos	59 475 <b>86 050</b> 32 264	54 468 <b>77 583</b> 31 079	1 588 2 802 933	3 419 5 665 252	12 955 <b>42 288</b> 12 029	7 050 <b>15 811</b> 5 272	1 795 <b>4 679</b> 1 302	3 338 877	770 <b>4 161</b> 1 126	1 560 <b>8 322</b> 2 188	740 <b>5 043</b> 1 168	354 <b>934</b> 96
8 offied, fonk, or LP gos Electricity	402 29 133	253 23 244	8 1 327	141 4 562	345 22 326	172 5 404	24 2 698	27 2 158	48 2 413	20 5 354	41 3 585	13 714
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc Other	19 478 4 773	18 585 4 422	427 107	466 244	6 219 1 369	4 085 878	645 10	252 24	459 115	497 263	180 69	101
Water heating fuel Utility gos	86 013 14 780	<b>77 574</b> 14 156	2 790 482	5 <b>649</b> 142	<b>42 255</b> 7 013	15 811 2 275	<b>4 684</b> 804	3 346 521	<b>4 139</b> 704	8 312 1 588	5 <b>029</b> 1 067	<b>934</b> 54
Bottled, tonk, or LP gos Electricity Fuel oil, kerosene, etc	70 187 545	236 62 553 510	2 294 9	133 5 340	33 874 679	133 13 191 185	3 833 36	41 2 727 57	74 3 218 136	6 329 173	91 3 747 86	45 829 6
OtherFamily householder	127 69 507	119 <b>63 659</b>	1 758	. 26 8 4 090	205 19 621	27 10 820	2 867	1 196	7 1 036	133 2 173	38 1 056	473
With own children under 18 years With own children under 6 years	34 737 14 055	32 449 13 024	619 248	1 669 783	12 164 7 588	7 562 4 589	1 748 1 125	719 487	505 337	920 595	411 252	299 203
Female householder, no husband present With own children under 18 years	6 069 3 823	5 550 3 525	<b>120</b> 61	399 237	5 376 4 471	2 569 2 266	<b>793</b> 669	453 389	<b>386</b> 300	<b>714</b> 501	<b>375</b> 272	299 203 <b>86</b> 74 44
With own children under 6 years Nonfamily householder Income in 1979 below poverty level	913 16 580 5 668	832 13 961	1 044 210	1 575	2 365 22 695	1 077 5 002	371 1 817	245 2 150	186 3 125	280 6 153	162 3 987	44 461 261
Percent below poverty level	6.6	4 861 6.3	<b>219</b> 7.8	<b>588</b> 10.4	10 945 25.9	3 598 22.7	<b>818</b> 17.5	<b>965</b> 28.8	1 <b>235</b> 29.7	<b>2 521</b> 30.3	1 <b>547</b> 30.7	27.9

# Table A-9. Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units by Size of Household: 1980

[Oata are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see oppendixes A and B]

	Oara are estima	res bosed on a s	sample, see intro	oduction. For me	dilling of symbols	, see infroductio	n. For definition	is of ferms, see	oppendixes A c	nu bj	
The SMSA	Total	1 person	2 persons	3 persons	4 persons	5 persons	6 persons	7 persons	8 or more persons	Median	Total persons
Owner-occupied housing units Nonrelatives present	<b>86 087</b> 3 686	14 520 -	<b>30 661</b> 1 687	14 <b>736</b> 823	14 947 530	<b>7 175</b> 357	<b>2 799</b> 168	<b>824</b> 70	<b>425</b> 51	<b>2.43</b> 2.69	<b>244 661</b> 11 680
ROMS 1 to 3 rooms 4 rooms 5 rooms 7 rooms 8 or more rooms 8 dr more rooms	2 923 13 248 18 939 16 711 12 464 21 802 6.0	1 529 4 442 4 250 2 261 1 022 1 016 4.8	921 5 978 8 273 6 698 3 911 4 880 5.5	293 1 724 2 934 2 936 2 435 4 414 6.3	113 737 2 244 3 023 2 893 5 937 7.0	39 254 934 1 264 1 410 3 274 7.3	19 59 232 443 584 1 462 7.6	9 31 35 68 158 523 8.0	23 37 18 51 296 8.4	1.46 1.87 2.13 2.41 3.03 3.60	5 107 26 596 45 784 46 327 40 532 80 315
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.00 or less 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more 1.00 or less 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more	85 864 84 778 856 230 223 182 17	14 418 14 418 - 102 102	30 616 30 590 26 45 45	14 702 14 646 42 14 34 21 -	14 927 14 820 71 36 20 14	7 173 6 882 254 37 2 -	2 791 2 489 283 19 8 -	812 681 100 31 12 - 3	425 252 106 67 - -	2.43 2.41 5.72 5.61 1.71 1.39 5.81 3.42	244 134 238 181 4 706 1 247 527 326 87 114
UNITS IN STRUCTURE  1, detached or ottoched 2 ar more  Mobile home ar troiler, etc.	77 620 2 802 5 665	12 158 921 1 441	27 328 985 2 348	13 471 405 860	14 040 307 600	6 803 102 270	2 645 39 115	780 25 19	395 18 12	2.48 1.99 2.09	223 606 7 054 14 001
VALUE  Specified owner-occupied housing units  Less than \$10,000 - \$10,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$29,999 \$30,000 to \$39,999 \$40,000 to \$39,999 \$50,000 to \$59,999 \$60,000 to \$79,999 \$80,000 to \$79,999 \$100,000 to \$149,999 \$150,000 ar more	70 367 590 3 383 7 967 13 202 13 717 10 527 12 810 4 574 2 787 810 \$47 200	11 074 306 1 416 2 503 2 840 1 809 9 25 967 182 9 4 32 \$34 200	24 694 180 1 198 3 296 5 335 4 763 3 746 3 667 1 421 832 256 \$44 500	12 172 74 405 955 1 961 2 776 1 953 2 430 919 528 171 \$49 700	12 829 18 210 673 1 767 2 523 2 177 3 369 1 179 722 191 \$54 900	6 171 12 94 343 865 1 183 1 143 1 460 567 412 92 \$54 400	2 336 - 55 104 301 423 401 640 241 130 41 \$55 600	732 5 68 76 161 112 218 51 33 8 \$54 400	359 - 25: 57 79 70 59 14 36 19 \$51 900	2.48 1.46 1.73 1.95 2.20 2.60 2.80 3.23 3.24 3.39 3.18	200 832 885 6 042 17 376 33 256 40 545 32 765 42 647 15 307 9 201 2 808
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS All income levels in 1979  Median income  Median selected monthly owner costs as percentage of	<b>86 087</b> \$19 913	14 520 \$8 236	<b>30 661</b> \$18 873	14 736 \$22 519	14 947 \$23 950	<b>7 175</b> \$24 312	<b>2 799</b> \$26 074	<b>824</b> \$27 538	<b>425</b> \$29 509	2.43	244 661
household income	17.0 19.9 10— <b>5 668</b> \$3 352	21.6 26.9 17.7 <b>2 294</b> \$2 813	13.7 18.8 10— 1 243 \$3 134	17.1 19.5 10— <b>721</b> \$3 641	19.1 20.0 10— <b>791</b> \$4 <b>9</b> 05	18.5 19.5 10— <b>316</b> \$6 201	17.0 18.2 10 233 \$6 266	15.8 17.1 10— 45 \$6 875	13.8 16.5 10— <b>25</b> \$10 536	1.93	
hausehald income With a mortgage Not mortgaged	50+ 50+ 35.2	43.9 50+ 37.0	50+ 50+ 29.9	50+ 50+ 47.5	50+ 50+ 35.7	48.6 48.9 38.8	50+ 50+ 17.1	50+ 50+	32.1 32.1 -		:::
Renter-occupied housing units Nonrelatives present ROOMS	<b>42 316</b> 5 843	18 137	12 147 3 715	<b>5 924</b> 1 248	<b>3 528</b> 486	1 <b>420</b> 168	<b>667</b> 111	<b>336</b> 65	<b>157</b> 50	1.75 2.29	<b>86 584</b> 14 939
1 room 2 rooms 3 rooms 4 rooms 6 rooms 6 rooms 7 or more rooms	1 891 4 854 9 329 11 415 7 038 3 827 3 962 3.9	1 689 3 817 6 387 4 055 1 518 398 273 3.1	155 766 2 432 4 426 2 460 954 954	38 201 415 1 949 1 507 1 006 808 4.7	9 43 80 722 958 829 887 5.4	- 6 9 196 324 386 499 6.0	6 6 41 193 109 312 6.3	15 26 48 115 132 6.2	- - 30 30 97 7.0	1.06 1.14 1.23 1.87 2.31 3.06 3.43	2 170 6 154 12 755 22 493 17 459 11 768 13 785
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.00 or less 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or mare Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.00 or less 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or mare	41 006 39 734 945 327 1 310 1 264 25 21	17 030 17 030 - 1 107 1 107	12 018 11 879 - 139 129 113 - 16	5 878 5 664 176 38 46 21 25	3 500 3 373 80 47 28 23 - 5	1 420 1 209 196 15 -	667 421 234 12 - -	336 132 163 41 - -	157 26 96 35 -	1.79 1.74 5.59 3.14 1.09 1.07 3.00 2.16	84 959 79 169 4 494 1 296 1 625 1 496 78 51
UNITS IN STRUCTURE  1, detached or attached 2	15 822 4 684 3 346 4 161 8 326 5 043 934	3 269 1 292 1 821 2 612 5 219 3 558 366	4 751 1 690 915 1 103 2 298 1 100 290	3 367 851 435 282 554 295 140	2 424 550 115 94 227 56 62	1 072 172 36 34 26 34 46	543 58 12 36 2	265 45 12 - - 14	131 26 - - - -	2.48 2.12 1.42 1.30 1.30 1.21 1.85	42 246 11 154 5 544 6 346 12 360 6 945 1 989
Specified renter-occupied housing units	41 122 3 326 4 000 7 801 9 300 6 392 2 063 1 733 533 2 092 \$222	17 914 2 963 2 838 4 734 4 012 1 666 682 294 191 80 454 \$183	11 771 250 868 2 059 3 181 2 5500 1 192 543 407 134 637 \$238	5 686 72 181 581 1 280 1 310 871 486 338 79 488 \$269	3 336 16 52 315 527 581 660 349 403 115 318 \$301	1 331 18 47 63 195 195 246 171 245 52 99 \$320	621 - 6 18 53 90 131 143 90 29 61 \$343	325 - 8 31 36 21 84 56 30 24 35 \$329	138 7 - 16 29 16 21 29 20 - \$352	1.72 1.06 1.20 1.32 1.70 2.11 2.58 2.90 3.29 3.16 2.43	83 383 3 871 5 531 12 931 18 542 14 741 10 846 6 294 5 553 1 764 3 310
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS All Income levels in 1979 Median income Median grass rent as percentage af household income Income In 1979 below poverty level Median income Median grass rent as percentage of household income Median grass rent as percentage of household income	42 316 \$9 322 27.6 10 945 \$3 575 50+	18 137 \$6 298 29.4 4 973 \$2 935 50+	12 147 \$11 267 24.7 2 679 \$3 759 50+	5 924 \$11 378 27.1 1 540 \$4 145 50+	3 528 \$13 064 26.8 881 \$5 724 50+	1 420 \$13 707 28.2 410 \$5 989 50+	\$12 648 31.6 243 \$7 233 48.9	336 \$13 993 25.0 132 \$8 517 45.2	\$12 361 25.5 <b>87</b> \$9 886 37.0	1.75  1.69 	86 584

Table A - 10. Household Composition and Age of Householder for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimotes based on o sample, see Introduction. For meoning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see oppendixes A and 8]

				-				1			<u> </u>		1	1 :			
			Morried	₹				wale nousenoider,	no wire	present			remaie nousenoider,	der, no nusband	present	T	
Ine SMSA	Total	15 to 24 years	25 to 34 yeors	35 to 44 years	45 to 64 years	65 years and over	15 to 24 years	25 to 34 yeors	35 to 44 years	45 to 64 years	65 years and over	15 to 24 years	25 to 34 years	35 to 44 years	45 to 64 years	65 years and over	Median
Owner-occupied housing units	86 087	1 819	14 381	12 158	23 308	10 126	986	2 376	1 257	1 896	1 775	366	2 335	2 040	4 897	6 367	48.6
PERSONS IN UNIT  1 person 2 persons 3 persons 5 persons 6 or more persons 6 or more persons 1 persons	14 520 30 661 14 736 14 947 7 175 4 048 2.43	913 527 273 27 7 2.30 5.136	2 681 3 436 5 378 2 187 2 187 3.70 52 800	943 1 886 4 463 2 924 1 942 1 942 53 668	12 025 5 206 3 430 1 569 1 078 2.47 69 219	8 962 965 112 48 39 21 649	569 310 77 12 12 18 1.37	1 405 679 145 100 1 13 1 31 3 884	682 226 201 201 37 37 1.42 2 408	1 219 387 157 97 17 17 1.28 3 119	1 399 279 76 16 16 1.13 2 291	169 88 80 141 1.64 693	581 664 661 300 80 80 2.38 5 919	312 430 614 476 146 6 52 6 181	2 808 1 299 157 157 8 8 1.37 8 400	5 376 765 166 29 20 11 11.09 7 731	83.9 43.9 37.4 38.6 1.3
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use	85 864 1 086 223 41	819	14 31 <b>8</b> 295 63 39	12 135 390 23 2	23 293 253 15	111 01 19 15	986 9 1 1	2 355 13 21	1 243 19 14 -	1 880	31	366	2 335	2 040 25 -	4 892 29 5	6 347	48.6 39.7 39.9 31.3
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979																	
With a marigage Less than 15 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 35 to 29 percent 36 to 34 percent Net mortgaged Median Net computed Net computed Net computed Net computed 15 to 19 percent 16 to 14 percent 17 to 19 percent 18 to 19 percent 18 to 19 percent 19 to 24 percent 20 to 24 percent 20 to 24 percent 30 to 34 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more Net computed Net computed	70 347 48 7536 14 7536 14 7536 10 70 50 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40	1 3 4 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	12 585 129 129 129 129 129 129 129 129 129 129	00 3 9 192 3 9 192 3 9 192 5 9 28 9 28 9 28 9 28 9 28 9 28 9 28 9 28	18 977 7 088 7 088 7 088 1 236 7 236 7 236 8 21 8 21 8 21 8 21 8 21 8 21 8 21 8 21	1 952 1 616 196 196 196 197 197 177 173 197 197 197 197 197 197 197 197 197 197	26.28	1 902 1 831 334 334 337 338 338 318 318 318 318 318 318 318 318	1 019 2835 2836 2836 2836 2836 1236 1237 124 134 134 134 134 134 134 134 134 134 13	2.5.1 193 193 193 193 193 193 194 194 194 194 194 194 194 194 194 194	1 318 224 33 36 1 6 36 1 6 36 24 24 24 25 26 26 26 26 27 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28	270 211 221 221 23 102 102 53 53 7 7 7 7 7 7 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	1 988 1 814 1 814 1 814 1 814 1 814 1 818 1 818	1 744 1 608 1 608 1 194 1 194 1 194 1 194 1 194 1 194 1 194 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	2 800 2 965 3 965 3 323 3 323 3 323 3 323 3 44 4 45 4 46 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	5 141 6 233 8 383 8 383 8 4 562 4 562 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	### 48
Renter-occupled housing units	42 316	3 166	4 954	1 905	1 787	1 328	3 665	3 401	1 365	1 753	1 475	4 819	4 119	1 812	2 195	4 573	31.9
PERSONS IN UNIT  1 persons 2 persons 3 persons 5 persons 6 con mare persons And of mare persons Only persons 1 persons	18 137 12 147 5 924 3 528 1 420 1 160 1 75	1 557 1 1 257 1 1 257 8 2 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	1 386   336   335   335   336   336   337   424	390 283 283 353 348 331 4.01 7 629	200 376 376 214 153 144 2.49 5 268	1 251 52 12 12 13 2.03 2 743	1 950 1 273 308 308 22 22 1.74 5 858	2 253 721 282 79 24 42 1.25 5 319	974 236 124 26 26 1.20 1.20	1 443 192 68 68 36 3 1.11 2 276	1 368 102 5 5 5 1.04	2 080 1 915 606 166 34 1 167 8 376	1 600 1 129 1 129 369 89 95 1 1.91 8 581	592 392 432 210 94 92 4 569	1 573 451 112 24 19 16 1.20 3 049	4 304 252 6 4 7 7 1.03 4 850	41.9 28.0 31.1 33.9 35.6
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use	41 006 1 272 1 310 46	3 22 23 23 23 23 23 23 23 23 23 23 23 23	4 923 337 31 5	1 900 176 5 5	1 783 156 4	1 328	3 599 55 66	328 727 -	1 297 8 68 7	1 405 13 348	1 138 7 337 5	4 721 104 98 9	4 076 105 43 3	1 781 99 31	2 134 24 61	4 460 113 -	31.6 31.9 57.6 28.3
GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Specified ranter-occupied housing units. Less than 15 percent 15 to 19 percent 25 to 24 percent 35 to 24 percent 35 to 24 percent 36 to 49 percent Mor computed Median	21.12 5 64.47 5 68.5 6 88.7 2 8 2.3 2 8 2.3 2 8 2.3 2 8 2.3 2 8 2.3 2 8 2.3 2 8 2.3 3 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	3 006 2 2 4 5 18 5 18 3 7 7 2 2 4 2 4 5 4 5 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5	4 691 702 893 893 817 817 817 828 528 538 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 54	1 738 326 326 277 109 109 1199 120	1 635 427 427 427 120 110 176 178 94 94 94	1 243 176 177 177 178 177 178 189 189 189 189	3 610 427 427 473 315 315 502 874 874 30.0	3 284 616 616 550 340 234 247 347 120 21.4	- 86.442 86.25.25.25.25.25.25.25.25.25.25.25.25.25.	1 701 2395 289 289 1123 167 114 246 246 246 246	- 44- 189- 175- 233- 208- 27-3- 88- 27-3- 88- 27-3- 88- 27-3- 88- 88- 27-3- 88- 88- 88- 88- 88- 88- 88- 88- 88-	4 786 278 278 278 278 278 271 1721 140 38.8	4 086 333 453 453 517 577 1 199 168 32.0	1 786 1 40 249 249 1 147 1 149 505 89 32.6	2 156 131 131 133 345 210 193 371 552 104 32.3	4 533 385 422 762 762 521 1 256 1 180 31.3	33.32.0 33.32.0 33.05.3.0 35.05.3.0

Table A — 11. Age and Sex of Householder in One-Person Households for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a somple, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. Far definitions of terms, see oppendixes A and 8]

				Male hous	ehalder					Female hau	ıseholder		
The SMSA	Tatal	Total	15 to 24 years	25 to 34 years	35 ta 44 years	45 to 64 yeors	65 years and over	Tot	15 to 24 years	25 to 34 years	35 to 44 years	45 to 64 years	65 yeors ond over
Owner-occupied housing units	14 520	5 274	569	1 405	682	1 219	1 399	9 24	6 169	581	312	2 808	5 376
PLUMBING FACILITIES  Complete plumbing for exclusive use  Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use	14 418 102	5 192 82	569	1 384 21	668 14	1 203 16	1 368 31	9 22		581	312	2 808	5 356 20
UNITS IN STRUCTURE  1, detoched or attached	12 158	4 368	418	1 159	587	990	1 214	7 79		486	241	2 279	4 663
2 or more Mabile home or trailer, etc HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979	921 1 441	347 559	47 104	86 160	42 53	86 143	86 99	57 88	11 2 37	55 40	16 55	219 310	273 440
Less thon \$5,000 \$5,000 to \$9,999	4 533 3 927 1 413	910 1 104 509	90 164 71	102 152 158	59 52 60	174 216 121	485 520	3 62 2 82	3 47	60 114	35 55 70	762 860	2 698 1 747
\$10,000 to \$12,499 \$12,500 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$19,999	1 031 1 582	434 907 740	43 114 71	193 374 222	43 113	84 232	99 71 74	90 59 67	7 19 5 15	76 84 150	40 60	366 299 237	378 155 213
\$20,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999	1 115 626 147	454 104	11 5	171 33	218 75 35	187 126 31	42 71 -	37 17	2 -	50 35 6	41 11 -	186 55 26	92 71 11
\$50,000 or more Median Mean	\$8 236 \$11 057	\$13 157 \$15 031	\$11 074 \$12 207	\$16 347 \$16 426	27 \$20 307 \$21 002	48 \$15 295 \$17 102	\$6 506 \$10 065	\$6 57 \$8 78	4 \$7 171	\$13 705 \$14 344	\$12 357 \$13 021	\$8 825 \$10 150	\$4 990 \$7 270
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS			410	2.0//	500	054	3.0/5						
Specified owner-occupied housing units With a mortgage Less than \$200	11 074 4 515 1 039	3 933 2 467 419	410 375 28	1 066 1 021 117	538 425 19	854 477 167	1 065 169 88	7 14 2 04 62	3 <b>71</b> 7	473 404 51	205 167 27 45	2 044 1 005 340	4 305 401 195
\$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349	725 726 624	270 431 397	52 60 82	71 184 157	62 86 96	51 77 45	34 24 17	45 29 22	5 12 7 25	59 80 64	34 17	266 122 100	73 47 21 40
\$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$499 \$500 to \$599	482 491 253	279 340 193	58 77 12	162 166 88	28 38 60	31 59 27	- 6	20 15	9 6	61 63 15	14 17 13	88 62 19	7
\$600 to \$749 \$750 or more Medion	136 39 \$284	99 39 \$314	5329	55 21 \$344	18 18 \$324	20 - \$263	- \$197	\$24	\$309	11 - \$309	- \$267	8 - \$231	18 - \$204
Not mortgoged Less than \$50 \$50 to \$74	6 559 541 1 412	1 466 159 336	35 	45 13 7	113 17 14	<b>377</b> 25 104	896 104 211	<b>5 09</b> 38 1 07	5 6	<b>69</b> 6 13	<b>38</b> 5 6	1 039 17 203	3 904 354 848
\$75 ta \$99 \$100 ta \$124 \$125 to \$149	2 017 1 181 765	368 245 196	16 - 19	7 6 5	45 14 14	57 79 79	243 146 79	1 64 93 56	5 11	19 13 5	15 12	311 215 148	1 300 682 404
\$150 to \$199 \$200 ta \$249 \$250 or more	412 143 88	93 36 33	=	- - 7	9 - -	14 12 7	70 24 19	31 10 5	7 -	7 6 -	-	112 20 13	193 81 42
MedionSELECTED CHARACTERISTICS	\$91	\$91	\$127	\$84	\$89	\$101	\$89	\$9		\$95	\$113	\$99	\$89
Median selected monthly owner costs as percentage of household income in 1979	<b>21.6</b> 26.9	<b>20.2</b> 24.4	<b>30.8</b> 31.0	24.8 25.4	17.7 19.6	<b>15.5</b> 18.5	1 <b>7.8</b> 34.7	<b>22</b> . 29.	34.8	<b>24.7</b> 25.7	<b>24.6</b> 26.4	<b>22.0</b> 28.6	<b>21.7</b> 44.0
Not mortgoged income in 1979 below poverty level Percent below poverty level	17.7 <b>2 294</b> 15.8	13.0 <b>483</b> 9.2	10— <b>84</b> 14.8	10— <b>76</b> 5.4	10— <b>48</b> 7.0	10— 1 <b>02</b> 8.4	16.4 173 12.4	19. <b>1 81</b> 19.	56	14.8 <b>42</b> 7.2	11.6 <b>35</b> 11.2	14.4 <b>545</b> 19.4	20.3 1 133 21.1
Renter-occupied housing units	18 137	7 988	1 950	2 253	974	1 443	1 368	10 14	2 080	1 600	592	1 573	4 304
PLUMBING FACILITIES Complete plumbing far exclusive use Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use	17 030 1 107	7 145 843	1 900 50	2 196 57	913 61	1 095 348	1 041 327	9 88 26		1 565 35	561 31	1 524 49	4 197 107
UNITS IN STRUCTURE  1, detached or attached	3 269	1 619	453	573	159	205	229	1 65		345	138	338	475
3 and 4	1 292 1 821 2 612	529 692 1 112	177 183 377	203 198 380	59 153 115	54 84 127	36 74 113	76 1 12 1 50	316	185 209 320	43 82 100	109 170 218	255 352 494
10 to 49 50 or more Mobile home or trailer, etc	5 219 3 558 366	2 507 1 359 170	536 181 43	597 265 37	281 176 31	665 256 52	428 481 7	2 71 2 19 19	230	386 107 48	171 58 —	496 227 15	1 054 1 577 97
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than \$5,000 \$5,000 to \$9,999	7 635 4 936	2 725 1 970	687 591	381 589	226 171	634 261	797 358	4 91 2 96		369 540	182 111	663 445	2 757
\$5,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$12,499 \$12,500 to \$14,999	2 014 1 084 1 249	968 602	340 122	327 265 384	82 78	131 101	88 36	1 04 48	164	330 141 139	102 82 74	211 121	998 239 91
\$15,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999	712 348	836 495 293	121 56 29	209 69	148 153 89	161 60 76	22 17 30	41 21 5	7 8 5 5	65	30	88 38 7	91 74 76 33 23 13
Median	114 45 \$6 298	73 26 \$7 776	\$7 069 \$7 979	23 6 \$11 196 \$11 919	23 4 \$12 756 \$14 316	11 8 \$6 264 \$9 419	12 8 \$4 599 \$6 555	\$5 26	\$5 564	\$9 305	\$10 074	\$6 276	13 \$4 372 \$5 927
GROSS RENT Specified renter-occupied housing units	\$8 256 17 914	\$9 879 <b>7 832</b>	\$7 979 1 922	\$11 919 2 186			\$6 555 1 354	\$6 97		\$9 601 1 600	\$10 019	\$7 315 1 563	\$5 927 4 273
Less than \$100	2 963 2 838 4 734	1 344 1 347 2 007	64 327	113 323 579	961 74 146	1 409 490 284	603 267	10 08 1 61 1 49	52 250	59 183 490	583 21 74 129	189 250	1 298 734 843
\$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349	4 012 1 666	1 717 689	631 514 201	655 279	263 252 123	283 198 44	251 98 42	2 72 2 29 97	715	427 271	151 110	450 383 133	619
\$350 ta \$399 \$400 to \$499	682 294 191	304 142 56	81 28 7	102 50 24	65 22 12	48 14 8	8 28 5	37 15 13	2 5 5 17	85 25 12	59 6 19	44 40 19	157 76 68
\$500 ar more No cash rent Median	80 454 \$183	10 216 \$180	69 \$193	61 \$203	\$200	6 34 \$132	52 \$104	7 23 \$18	3 10	48 \$205	14 \$218	19 36 \$190	51 130 \$153
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Median gross rent as percentage of household income in 1979	29.4	25.5	32.0	22.3	19.4	25.1	27.5	32.	39.6	27.9	29.3	32.1	32.1
Percent below poverty level	4 973 27.4	1 919 24.0	491 25.2	283 12.6	17.7 17.7	493 34.2	480 35.1	3 <b>05</b> 30.	688	27.9 230 14.4	154 26.0	<b>554</b> 35.2	1 <b>428</b> 33.2

# Table A-12. Duration of Vacancy for Year-Round Vacant for Sale and Vacant for Rent Housing Units: 1980

[Dato are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see oppendixes A and 8]

						трр			
The SMSA	Total	Less thon 2 months	2 up to 6 months	6 or more months	The SMSA	Total	Less thon 2 months	2 up to 6 months	6 or more manths
Vacant for sale only housing units	1 625	616	578	431	Vacant for rent housing units	4 198	2 876	910	412
ROOMS					ROOMS				
1 to 3 rooms 4 rooms 5 rooms	158 366 342	46 104 147	39 130 130	73 132 65	1 room 2 rooms 3 rooms	280 457 1 035	157 318 761	82 92 209	41 47 65
6 rooms 7 rooms	292 226	163 56	83 119	46 51	4 rooms5 rooms	1 327 619	976 366	266 169	65 85 84
8 or more rooms Medion	241 5.3	100 5.6	77 5.4	64 4.7	6 rooms 7 or more rooms Median	303 177 3.7	204 94 3.7	51 41 3.8	48 42 4.1
PLUMBING FACILITIES					PLUMBING FACILITIES	5.7	5.7	5.0	7.1
Complete plumbing far exclusive useLacking complete plumbing for exclusive use	1 608 17	599 17	578 -	431	Complete plumbing for exclusive use	3 873	2 700	803	370
BEDROOMS					Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use	325	176	107	42
Nane1	18 148	10 41	8 34	73	BEDROOMS None	390	190	125	
3	573 634	216 258	201 247	156 129	1	1 548 1 681	1 154 1 194	135 293 342	65 101 145
5 or mare	217 35	78 13	81 7	58 15	3 4	455 105	256 71	119 21	80
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT					5 or more	19	11	-	8
1975 to March 1980 1970 to 1974	878 128	353 48	284 56	241 24	YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT				
1960 to 1969 1950 ta 1959	97 175	25 63	50 48	22 64	1975 to Morch 1980	1 178 396	861 259	235 86	82 51
1940 to 1949 1939 or eorlier	121 226	37 90	47 93	37 43	1960 to 1969	295 345	228 237	67 79	29
UNITS IN STRUCTURE					1940 to 1949	442 1 542	283 1 008	127 316	32 218
1, detoched or ottoched 2 or more	1 227 229	462 60	486 51	279 118	UNITS IN STRUCTURE				
Mobile home or trailer	169	94	41	34	1, detoched or ottoched	1 165 359	793 182	219 106	153 71
HEATING EQUIPMENT					3 ond 4 5 to 9	443 530	309 386	76	58
Centrol heating systemOther means	1 465 147	562 41 13	521 57	382 49	10 to 49 50 ar more	1 029 518	778 354	199	39 52 24
None	13	13	-	_	Mobile home or troiler	154	74	65	15
PRICE ASKED  Specified vacant for sale only housing units	1 160	438	459	263	RENT ASKED				
Less than \$10,000 \$10,000 to \$19,999	49	18	15	16	Specified vacant for rent housing units Less than \$100	4 137 385	2 841 198	<b>892</b> 133	<b>404</b> 54
\$20,000 ta \$29,999 \$30,000 to \$39,999	120 138	41 62	60 30	19 46	\$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199	614 1 108	369 783	159 202	86 123
\$40,000 to \$49,999	238 159	99 64	96 72	43 23	\$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299	1 034 648	783 442	203 146	48 60
\$60,000 to \$79,999 \$80,000 to \$99,999	230 124	71 54	96 46	63 24	\$300 to \$399 \$400 or more	281 67	212 54	43	26 7
\$100,000 or mare Median	102 \$53 000	29 \$49 900	44 \$53 700	29 \$56 600	Median	\$198	\$204	\$185	\$169

### Table A - 13. Price Asked and Rent Asked for Year-Round Vacant Housing Units: 1980

[Dato ore estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see oppendixes A and B]

		Price osked	— Specified	vacant for s	ale only hou	sing units			Rent oske	d — Specified	vocant for	rent housing	units	
The SMSA	Total	Less than \$10,000	\$10,000 to \$29,999	\$30,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 ta \$99,999	\$100,000 or more	Medion (dollors)	Total	Less than \$100	\$100 to \$199	\$200 to \$299	\$300 to \$399	\$400 or more	Median (dollars)
Total	1 160	-	169	376	513	102	53 000	4 137	385	1 722	1 682	281	67	198
PLUMBING FACILITIES														
Camplete plumbing for exclusive use Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use	1 160	Ξ	169	376 -	513 -	102	53 000	3 812 325	157 228	1 646 76	1 667 15	275 6	67 -	205 82
BEDROOMS														
None	28 345 559 199 29	-	9 127 22 11	3 123 226 17 7	16 66 300 131	- 29 11 40 22	81 300 39 300 54 100 72 200 129 200	390 1 548 1 636 439 105	188 154 31 12 -	170 951 463 106 27 5	2 428 1 021 190 35 6	6 15 103 124 25 8	24 - 18 7 18 -	102 168 230 259 285 294
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT														
1975 to March 1980 1970 ta 1974 1960 ta 1969 1950 ta 1959 1940 to 1949 1939 ar earlier	580 78 79 145 88 190	-	21 4 23 19 10 92	105 18 12 99 59 83	384 39 32 27 16 15	70 17 12 - 3	66 900 68 800 60 600 43 800 37 100 30 700	1 172 368 295 340 425 1 537	15 20 23 30 297	192 94 96 164 241 935	771 225 172 117 121 276	152 35 7 36 33 18	42 14 - - - 11	243 231 213 193 175 154
UNITS IN STRUCTURE														
1, detached or attached 2 or more Mobile home or trailer	1 160 	:::	169 	376 	513 	102	53 000	1 104 2 879 154	36 323 26	378 1 263 81	534 1 112 36	138 132 11	18 49 -	225 190 163

# Table B — 1. Value of Owner-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Doto ore estimates based on a somple, see Introduction. For meoning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

	[Doto ore estimat	es based on	a somple, see	introduction	. For meonin	g or symbols,	see introduc	tion. For der	initions of ter	ms, see appen	uixes A and b		
Spokane city	Total	Less than \$10,000	\$10,000 to \$19,999	\$20,000 to \$29,999	\$30,000 to \$39,999	\$40,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 to \$59,999	\$60,000 to \$79,999	\$80,000 to \$99,999	\$100,000 to \$149,999	\$150,000 or more	Medion (dollars)	Mean (dollars)
Specified owner-occupied housing units	39 1 <b>99</b>	438	2 551	5 693	9 767	8 358	4 949	4 748	1 385	929	381	41 200	46 100
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER	26 122 834 6 080 4 086 9 709 5 413 4 059 551 1 289 9 709 9 018 185 1 308 917 2 669 3 939 51.6	136 13 8 22 22 93 121 - - 13 17 91 181 - 6 6	1 022 6 124 87 343 462 478 42 30 54 121 231 1 051 6 6 6 3 89 255 638	2 852 98 443 266 963 1 052 737 94 186 71 1 165 2 104 84 227 104 5 153 6 1.65	6 062 398 630 1 548 1 247 247 245 439 1 440 1 85 217 2 458 72 437 72 437 72 437 76 76 76 76 76 76	5 895 236 1 585 919 2 140 1 015 766 121 349 91 91 103 102 1 697 111 353 242 557 534	3 872 138 974 711 1 540 509 356 23 169 79 68 17 721 6 114 135 218 248 46.3	3 917 3 108 833 1 547 491 252 5 89 63 85 100 579 6 86 85 197 205 46.9	1 251 205 273 599 174 37 12 6 6 14 5 97 7 11 54 49.6	788 	327 -30 97 167 33 11 -6 -5 43 -7 -6 6 31 6 51.4	44 600 45 000 51 400 46 900 37 000 35 300 35 34 400 39 700 35 600 26 300 30 400 30 400 31 600 32 600 30 200 30 200	50 400 40 800 49 200 59 700 32 200 40 900 37 700 42 500 41 000 39 900 28 900 28 900 32 400 40 100 41 700 33 000 41 700
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to Morch 1980 1975 to 1978 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1959 or earlier	4 779 9 952 5 684 7 612 11 172	9 54 26 121 228	77 333 391 539 1 211	349 1 148 723 1 151 2 322	1 298 2 435 1 179 1 722 3 133	1 245 2 331 973 1 591 2 218	719 1 335 858 1 018 1 019	715 1 467 976 858 732	182 384 305 338 176	106 359 188 178 98	79 106 65 96 35	45 000 43 700 45 400 41 500 35 500	51 100 49 800 50 400 46 600 38 200
ROOMS 1 to 3 rooms	935 6 284 9 498 8 026 5 854 8 602 5.9	86 136 96 89 23 8 4.5	297 973 675 363 155 88 4.5	294 1 969 1 897 959 330 244 4.8	157 2 232 3 254 2 159 1 161 804 5.3	54 697 2 212 2 146 1 642 1 607 6.1	31 175 945 1 238 1 024 1 536 6.6	16 76 349 882 1 082 2 343 7.5	11 46 133 266 929 8.2	79 24 51 122 723 8.5+	- 6 - 6 49 320 8.5+	22 300 30 300 36 300 42 000 47 300 60 100	24 500 30 600 37 200 43 500 51 500 68 600
BEDROOMS None	42 1 667 12 920 14 940 7 478 2 152	7 129 196 94 12	23 460 1 401 508 127 32	7 556 3 114 1 583 387 46	315 4 425 3 764 1 007 256	5 106 2 388 3 762 1 760 337	53 915 2 347 1 309 325	41 360 2 095 1 712 540	- 7 65 472 584 257	50 226 423 230	6 89 157 129	18 700 23 800 33 600 43 600 52 900 63 300	20 200 25 900 34 800 47 200 60 300 74 000
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT 1975 to Morch 1980 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1950 to 1959 1940 to 1949 1939 or earlier	2 586 1 665 2 991 9 961 7 341 14 655	9 - 7 10 44 368	19 8 24 251 455 1 794	37 45 118 839 1 372 3 282	65 171 238 2 805 2 527 3 961	586 462 395 2 702 1 716 2 497	520 288 550 1 672 632 1 287	791 418 985 1 153 452 949	275 104 346 291 99 270	187 127 213 194 19 189	97 42 115 44 25 58	61 300 54 200 63 200 43 600 37 000 34 400	69 000 63 100 69 400 47 500 39 200 38 000
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than \$5,000. \$5,000 to \$9,999. \$10,000 to \$12,499. \$12,500 to \$14,999. \$15,000 to \$19,999. \$20,000 to \$24,999. \$25,000 to \$349,999. \$35,000 to \$349,999. \$35,000 to \$49,999.	3 575 5 693 3 001 3 131 6 549 5 934 6 906 2 940 1 470 \$18 130 \$20 714	201 118  47 48 8 8 8 8 8 8 5 5 5 5 6 9 2	631 796 192 237 356 121 188 18 12 \$8 720 \$11 371	1 021 1 464 647 543 892 553 401 146 26 \$11 397 \$13 254	901 1 657 1 017 1 081 2 033 1 390 1 318 312 58 \$15 521 \$16 552	439 959 681 649 1 643 1 761 1 615 478 133 \$19 422 \$20 082	188 388 263 278 841 1 019 1 261 580 131 \$22 089 \$23 476	135 233 150 248 569 799 1 487 817 310 \$26 263 \$28 101	26 33 30 31 111 165 374 390 225 \$32 447 \$36 636	27 25 21 17 50 91 218 165 315 \$35 972 \$47 410	6 20 - - 6 27 36 34 252 \$59 838 \$78 220	29 200 32 500 36 600 37 000 39 700 44 600 49 500 58 800 86 300	31 700 34 600 38 500 38 800 41 900 47 900 53 400 63 100 100 600 
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Wifth a mortgage Less than 15 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more Not computed Median Mort mortgaged Less than 10 percent 15 to 19 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 30 to 34 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more Not computed Median	24 333 7 574 4 737 4 008 2 738 1 635 3 531 110 19.8 14 866 7 100 2 960 1 602 1 048 578 491 19.3 10.4	18 18 - 50+ 420 130 69 52 50 38 20 34 27 14.8	751 208 168 167 70 74 53 178 20.0 1 800 690 346 216 177 94 85 193 6	2 490 686 343 410 344 177 522 13 22.6 3 203 1 244 411 302 140 147 241 44 12.5	5 905 1 554 1 254 1 022 572 440 1 014 49 20.6 3 862 1 788 884 372 233 175 146 240 0.7	5 658 1 787 1 100 938 642 414 766 11 119.7 2 700 1 517 482 331 123 49 43 123 32 10—	3 665 1 115 729 675 486 230 407 23 19,8 1 284 752 230 107 63 3 24 28 61 19	3 706 1 271 811 5699 427 230 391 7 18.6 6 1 042 625 161 181 80 42 22 31 31	1 093 544 151 173 87 177 127 15.1 1292 187 67 67 67 67 61 61 61 61	745 276 132 135 80 47 18.5 184 107 34 10 21 6 - 6	302 133 49 16 26 32 46 - 16.8 79 60 13 - - - 6	44 900 47 400 45 000 46 000 43 300 38 500 38 100 32 800 31 000 29 600 30 000 29 800 30 000 29 800	50 900 54 400 50 400 50 000 50 500 49 500 46 200 46 200 41 900 38 400 41 900 33 100 31 100 32 500 31 300 31 300
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room Hearing equipment Centrol hearing system Air conditioning Centrol system Income in 1979 below powerty level Percent below poverty level	39 175 404 24 	430 7 8 - 430 282 59 8 101 23.1	2 546 44 5 2 551 1 996 498 108 446 17.5	5 687 81 6 5 689 4 958 1 329 375 758 13.3	9 767 182 - 9 767 8 833 2 926 844 641 6.6	8 358 50 - 8 354 7 632 2 697 991 372 4.5	4 944 24 5 4 949 4 603 1 629 871 180 3.6	4 748 11 - 4 748 4 606 1 586 1 057 112 2.4	1 385 - - 1 385 1 350 454 331 31 2.2	929 - - 929 910 336 266 31 3.3	381 5 - 381 370 200 171 14 3.7	41 200 33 600 14 000 - 41 200 42 000 43 500 51 800 30 500	46 200 35 600 23 600 46 200 47 200 49 900 59 800 34 100

# Table B-2. Gross Rent of Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Doto ore estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

Spokane city	Total	Less thon \$100	\$100 to \$149	\$150 to \$199	\$200 to \$249	\$250 to \$299	\$300 to \$349	\$350 to \$399	\$400 to \$499	\$500 or more	No cosh rent	Medion (dollors)
Specified renter-occupied housing units	27 104	2 742	3 238	5 350	5 916	4 182	2 486	1 256	987	324	623	215
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Married-couple families 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 yeors 35 to 44 yeors 45 to 64 yeors 65 yeors and over Male householder, no wife present 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 yeors 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 yeors 65 years and over Female householder, no husband present 15 to 24 years 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 35 to 44 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years	6 435 1 559 2 422 811 836 807 2 381 2 328 801 1 296 1 246 12 617 3 349 2 803 1 276 1 599 3 590	85 111 7 13 15 39 1 264 480 555 92 74 480 563 1 393 64 82 34 1 163 1 050 68.2	386 82 96 355 62 111 1 265 327 327 129 239 243 1 587 337 235 101 277 637 42.8	756 265 240 31 65 155 1 764 699 447 177 218 223 2 830 955 598 210 350 717 29.4	1 477 488 550 123 175 141 1 603 574 603 196 135 95 2 836 1 006 627 287 376 540 28.6	1 361 430 543 130 154 104 950 323 403 95 85 44 1 871 617 551 252 188 263 29.1	1 023 152 511 172 126 62 560 221 228 64 40 7 903 191 379 146 68 119 29.7	499 44 234 111 83 27 252 82 77 40 33 20 505 96 158 111 72 68 33.4	428 51 149 115 91 22 209 63 97 26 11 12 350 54 119 83 33 33 33	183 38 68 40 37 19 8 5 - 6 - 122 7 6 21 30 58 47.0	237 36 54 13 25 109 166 29 49 29 49 220 22 48 31 14 105 52.8	264 242 277 319 271 216 190 207 220 206 128 104 206 212 236 248 200 154
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to Morch 1980 1975 to 1978 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1959 or earlier	15 675 7 060 2 390 1 346 633	865 891 646 270 70	1 513 972 405 251 97	2 961 1 545 429 317 98	3 699 1 442 441 221 113	2 879 955 191 123 34	1 706 589 103 59 29	912 257 59 6 22	703 209 44 18 13	223 83 18 -	214 117 54 81 157	231 202 166 166 179
ROOMS	1 549 3 527 6 710 7 347 3 946 1 952 2 073 3.7	863 1 052 621 143 33 9 21 2.0	316 933 1 190 579 146 41 33 2.8	157 745 2 433 1 309 528 114 64 3.2	75 582 1 866 2 017 906 307 163 3.7	13 97 385 1 945 994 490 258 4.3	7 39 102 823 682 410 423 4.9	55 15 27 241 333 212 373 5.4	19 18 17 91 131 227 484 6.5	29 21 13 33 47 33 148 6.1	15 25 56 166 146 109 106 4.8	88 135 183 239 262 296 353
AND POVERTY STATUS IN 1979 All income levels in 1979 Complete plumbing for exclusive use	27 104 25 891 17 871 7 284 520 216 1 213 533 641 18	2 742 1 875 1 407 432 13 23 867 324 531 -	3 238 3 095 2 254 792 33 16 143 80 55 8	5 350 5 227 3 960 1 153 69 45 123 88 88 30 5	5 916 5 871 4 159 1 590 93 29 45 25 6 5	4 182 4 167 2 837 1 186 117 27 15 -	2 486 2 470 1 367 980 92 31 16 16	1 256 1 256 650 551 34 21 - -	987 987 550 374 58 5 - -	324 324 183 127 4 10 -	623 619 504 99 7 9 4 - 4	215 219 212 237 279 232 79 89 71 192 87
Income in 1979 below poverty level	<b>7 746</b> 7 105 398 641 19	1 502 1 020 29 482 7	1 248 1 180 28 68 3	1 453 1 392 58 61	1 374 1 356 57 18 9	<b>902</b> 894 76 8 -	552 552 63 -	247 247 32 - -	249 249 51 - -	39 39 4 - -	180 176 - 4 -	185 195 269 77 148
BEDROOMS None	2 359 10 975 9 692 2 855 948 275	1 035 1 523 141 36 7	697 2 110 314 105 6 6	376 3 695 1 106 133 29	98 2 766 2 605 367 53 27	13 461 2 971 575 125 37	12 172 1 466 605 198 33	65 34 534 414 168 41	19 36 223 401 241 67	29 41 81 71 63 39	15 137 251 148 58 14	107 175 258 311 358 370
UNITS IN STRUCTURE  1, detoched or oftoched  2  3 and 4  5 to 9  10 to 49  50 or more  Mobile home or troiler, etc.	8 865 2 578 2 750 3 454 5 632 3 659 166	117 27 95 242 957 1 280 24	475 227 467 529 917 601 22	1 081 495 826 1 335 1 213 383 17	1 609 554 703 833 1 451 727 39	1 783 552 400 314 760 345 28	1 521 405 185 92 186 82 15	874 165 55 45 42 69	800 76 11 20 30 50	162 29 8 - 13 106 6	443 48 - 44 63 16 9	276 246 199 187 189 144 222
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT 1975 to Morch 1980 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1950 to 1959 1940 to 1949 1939 or eorlier STORIES IN STRUCTURE	3 974 3 533 2 731 3 243 3 618 10 005	330 602 244 46 83 1 437	158 346 185 278 326 1 945	312 463 600 562 800 2 613	1 082 964 725 856 900 1 389	1 215 596 349 478 536 1 008	399 299 294 398 465 631	221 93 160 280 227 275	114 90 86 218 168 311	91 68 51 43 31 40	52 12 37 84 82 356	253 217 224 239 230 176
1 to 3 4 or more With elevotor	23 805 3 299 2 537	1 611 1 131 1 013	2 496 742 495	4 752 598 359	5 503 413 280	4 045 137 131	2 437 49 34	1 181 75 75	937 50 50	235 89 89	608 15 11	224 131 121
GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less thon 15 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 to 49 percent 50 percent or more Not computed Medion	3 444 3 559 4 025 2 918 2 246 4 039 5 867 1 006 28.5	547 395 607 468 236 302 157 30 23.4	462 398 424 310 265 682 654 43 30.1	684 659 819 589 417 783 1 319 80 29.0	822 766 908 512 548 811 1 461 88 29.1	484 667 671 397 365 622 922 54 28.0	267 355 330 273 184 406 633 38	61 172 139 196 125 192 340 31	91 101 81 144 75 191 296 8 34.8	26 46 46 29 31 50 85 11	623	202 220 208 208 218 214 225 220
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Heating equipment Centrol heating system Air conditioning Centrol system	27 081 24 576 8 496 1 444	2 742 2 626 707 151	3 230 2 852 591 135	5 346 4 831 1 036 103	5 916 5 493 2 532 269	4 1 <b>75</b> 3 797 1 <b>847</b> 264	2 486 2 278 820 168	1 <b>256</b> 1 062 <b>374</b> 94	987 846 224 81	324 299 203 127	619 492 162 52	215 214 235 256

# Table B — 3. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Owner-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Doto ore estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

					Н	ousehold incor	ne in 1979					<u> </u>	
Spokane city		Less thon	\$5,000 to	\$10,000 to	\$12,500 to	\$15,000 to	\$20,000 to	\$25,000 to	\$35,000 to	\$50,000 or	Medion	Mean	Income in 1979 below poverty
	Total	\$5,000	\$9,999	\$12,499	\$14,999	\$19,999	\$24,999	\$34,999	\$49,999	more	(dollors)	(dollors)	level
Owner-occupied housing units	43 583	4 065	6 498	3 331	3 537	7 091	6 555	7 546	3 315	1 645	17 995	20 708	3 008
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Married-couple families 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over Male householder, no wife present 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 55 years ond over Female householder, no husband present 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 45 to 64 years 55 years ond over 45 to 64 years 65 years ond over	28 594 909 6 379 10 718 6 198 4 715 640 1 445 590 948 1 092 10 274 212 1 450 1 007 3 082 4 523	571 11 80 78 180 222 621 69 70 57 101 324 2 873 51 152 95 595	2 836 85 259 172 583 1 737 704 76 114 25 118 371 2 958 359 267 753 1 521	1 947 98 384 167 469 829 350 64 114 32 76 64 1 034 39 231 124 354 354	2 118 164 527 151 558 718 500 71 194 45 110 80 919 23 379 198	5 121 239 1 573 712 1 508 1 089 855 144 360 109 146 115 15 273 152 377 298	5 150 174 1 510 1 082 1 754 630 758 128 277 173 129 51 647 11 78 124 325	6 469 138 1 531 1 221 3 033 546 618 83 217 101 156 61 459 15 66 98 190	2 878	1 504 129 313 909 153 101 - 13 - 58 30 40 - 13 - 16	21 460 16 546 21 024 24 042 25 787 13 583 16 235 18 473 20 614 18 234 6 982 8 734 9 750 12 316 11 363 5 785	24 612 17 353 22 266 27 895 29 577 17 181 16 519 19 290 20 111 20 889 11 533 11 296 10 688 14 238 14 262 13 199 8 425	682 17 167 146 199 153 408 77 83 63 75 110 1 918 72 276 186 513 871
Median age	52.5	69.3	67.1	57.2	52.7	44.7	42.7	46.9	50.5	51.8	•••	•••	57.6
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to March 1980	5 542 11 062 6 443 8 251 12 285	270 513 423 850 2 009	548 1 062 791 1 252 2 845	566 753 395 561 1 056	547 951 455 604 980	1 091 2 210 1 142 1 030 1 618	1 036 2 040 1 126 1 159 1 194	990 2 205 1 229 1 579 1 543	372 917 495 833 698	122 411 387 383 342	18 805 20 090 20 056 19 167 13 093	20 198 22 629 23 091 22 051 17 058	328 639 388 639 1 014
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS  Complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room	43 520 435 63 - 43 567 39 605 13 737 6 026 40 558 14 536 26 022 43 567 21 019 109 8 020	4 037 34 28 - 4 065 3 419 288 2 457 1 834 623 4 065 1 843	6 498 28 - 6 498 5 718 1 822 715 5 564 3 695 1 869 6 498 3 090 37	3 323 8 8 - 3 331 2 949 1 027 349 3 142 1 742 1 400 3 331 1 492 5674	3 537 60  3 537 3 231 1 160 407 3 418 1 558 1 860 3 537 1 695 24	7 085 106 6 - 7 087 6 430 1 926 724 2 444 4 537 7 087 3 424 29 1 172	6 555 76 - 6 555 5 988 2 149 933 6 522 1 690 4 832 6 555 2 990 7	7 538 77 8 8 7 542 7 147 2 739 1 273 7 514 1 089 6 425 7 542 3 760 7	3 315 12 3 315 3 145 1 388 807 3 315 355 2 960 3 315 1 778	1 632 19 13 	18 002 18 671 11 094 	20 709 20 233 20 309 20 700 21 164 23 613 28 081 21 783 14 567 25 813 20 700 21 781 14 546 19 582	2 994 55 14 - 3 008 2 525 547 217 2 096 1 243 853 3 008 1 461
Electricity Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. Other Median rooms	12 481 1 938 <b>5.8</b>	775 1 276 171 4.8	1 241 1 840 290 5.0	949 211 <b>5.3</b>	692 972 154 <b>5.5</b>	2 136 326 <b>5.7</b>	1 254 1 957 347 <b>6.1</b>	1 390 2 074 311 <b>6.6</b>	622 800 115 <b>7.1</b>	200 477 13 <b>8.3</b>	17 730 17 708 17 292	20 064 18 041	605 785 157 <b>5.1</b>
Specified owner-occupied housing units MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY	39 199	3 575	5 693	3 001	3 131	6 549	5 934	6 906	2 940	1 470	18 130	20 714	2 686
OWNER COSTS  With a mortgage Less flon \$200 \$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$249 \$350 to \$349 \$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$499 \$500 to \$579 \$600 to \$749 \$750 or more Medion  Not mortgaged Less flon \$50 \$50 to \$74 \$75 to \$99 \$100 to \$124 \$125 to \$149 \$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249 \$250 to more Medion	24 333 3 513 3 476 4 127 3 462 2 905 3 692 1 718 1 001 439 \$315 14 866 5 18 2 055 4 262 3 673 2 121 1 618 381 238 8104	1 045 360 158 150 107 114 103 34 14 5 \$251 2 530 2 622 838 440 247 97 57 17	2 223 707 441 406 294 181 105 54 21 14 \$246 3 470 657 1 82 749 384 308 30 23 32 33 \$35 35 35 36 37 38 38 38 38 38 38 38 38 38 38	1 690 327 335 338 258 129 186 67 23 7 \$274 1 311 53 186 458 358 106 65 358	1 922 276 283 475 349 207 225 81 18 \$\$292 1 209 30 148 382 2281 150 157 25 36 \$\$104	4 458 540 7706 872 650 620 679 2253 104 34 \$309 2 091 634 205 591 1634 355 177 54 12 \$107	4 477 576 530 733 698 603 771 413 134 19 \$329 1 457 8 8 474 343 230 203 106 20 \$116	5 209 5207 744 746 718 653 987 479 291 71 13341 1 697 135 344 503 387 269 41 18	2 232 164 220 316 294 290 385 233 237 7 7 7 7 7 209 176 162 31 24 \$131	1 077 43 39 91 94 108 251 104 159 188 \$470 393 8 6 47 26 86 112 26 82 \$160	20 793 15 764 18 282 18 762 20 349 21 301 22 779 23 606 30 365 35 061 12 752 6 250 7 190 10 5067 17 7436 20 888 31 238	23 270 17 336 19 776 21 267 21 799 23 485 26 634 37 306 49 137 10 277 13 223 19 833 23 197 23 393 58 652	1 310 285 247 232 149 159 150 51 24 13 \$277 1 376 85 294 457 273 147 77 32 11 \$92
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 With a mortgage	24 333	1 045	2 223	1 690	1 922	4 458	4 477	5 209	2 232	1 077	20 793	23 270	1 310
Less than 15 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more Not computed Medion	7 574 4 737 4 008 2 738 1 635 3 531 110 19.8	6 11 14 32 872 110 50+	29 112 208 303 273 1 298	41 174 299 370 313 493 - 29.5	143 252 478 449 270 330	648 1 132 1 080 788 418 392 	1 385 1 297 963 477 263 92	2 794 1 257 769 296 46 47 -	1 613 404 166 28 14 7	921 103 34 13 6 - -	30 216 22 293 19 656 16 377 14 347 8 315 2500—	35 088 24 089 20 443 17 316 15 089 9 199 -1 184	25 23 44 45 53 1 010 110 50+
Not mortgaged   Less than 10 percent   10 to 14 percent   15 to 19 percent   20 to 24 percent   25 to 29 percent   30 to 34 percent   35 percent   35 percent   35 percent   36 percent   37 percent   37 percent   38 percent   39 percent   39 percent   30 to 34 percent   35 percent   36 percent   37 percent   37 percent   38 percent   39 percent   39 percent   39 percent   30 per	14 866 7 100 2 960 1 602 1 048 578 491 935 152 10.4	2 530 24 132 280 379 379 378 814 144 30.0	3 470 248 1 192 1 023 593 187 106 121	1 311 475 641 155 28 12 - - - 11.4	1 209 665 416 80 41 - 7 7	2 091 1 680 347 57 7 - - - 10—	1 457 1 255 195 7 - - - 10—	1 697 1 673 24 - - - - - - 10—	708 695 13     10—	393 385 - - - - - - 8 10—	12 752 21 778 10 608 7 051 5 837 4 375 4 067 3 425 2500—	16 529 25 963 11 520 7 674 6 230 4 887 4 272 3 306 2 987	1 376 11 41 56 134 150 221 619 144 35.1

# Table B-4. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Doto ore estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see oppendixes A and 8]

					Но	ousehold incom	me in 1979						
Spokane city	Total	Less thon \$5,000	\$5,000 to \$9,999	\$10,000 to \$12,499	\$12,500 to \$14,999	\$15,000 to \$19,999	\$20,000 to \$24,999	\$25,000 to \$34,999	\$35,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 or more	Medion (dollors)	Meon (dollors)	Income in 1979 below poverty level
Renter-occupied housing units	27 333	8 415	7 468	3 060	2 031	2 899	1 805	1 188	344	123	8 362	10 477	7 774
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER  Morried-couple families	6 540 1 574 2 457 811 876 822 8 127	722 226 179 58 138 121 2 524	1 646 435 561 167 171 312 1 886	844 212 366 82 81 103 972	722 194 302 100 55 71 564	1 238 320 577 114 145 82 888	706 126 296 158 81 45 644	480 61 152 81 141 45 484	124 - 24 33 47 20 125	58 - - 18 17 23 40	12 701 11 486 13 514 14 962 14 682 9 636 8 790	14 273 11 957 14 106 17 433 16 995 13 190 11 010	1 124 297 362 162 195 108 2 089
15 to 24 yeors 25 to 34 yeors 35 to 44 yeors 45 to 64 yeors 65 yeors ond over Female householder, no husband present 15 to 24 yeors 25 to 34 yeors 35 to 44 yeors 45 to 64 yeors 65 yeors ond over Median age	2 411 2 345 801 1 309 1 261 12 666 3 355 2 817 1 295 1 604 3 595 32.6	699 337 187 587 714 5 169 1 351 770 323 582 2 143 47.0	675 498 141 260 312 <b>3 936</b> 1 128 1 015 376 483 934 <b>30.7</b>	355 355 75 93 94 1 <b>244</b> 325 391 149 186 193 <b>30.0</b>	130 264 67 71 32 <b>745</b> 165 174 160 137 109 <b>30.8</b>	237 403 95 113 40 <b>773</b> 182 274 130 118 69 <b>29.2</b>	154 245 123 92 30 455 135 98 83 69 70 31.4	127 181 75 82 19 <b>224</b> 40 68 56 23 37 <b>34.0</b>	27 42 38 6 12 <b>95</b> 21 27 18 6 23 <b>40.8</b>	7 20 5 8 25 8 - - 17 48.3	8 542 12 377 12 417 5 932 4 665 6 374 6 347 8 407 9 247 7 165 4 540	10 389 13 800 13 838 9 377 6 911 8 174 7 923 9 440 10 652 8 423 6 413	648 345 156 479 461 4 561 1 488 965 453 549 1 106 33.3
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT	15 720	4 500	4 011	1 054	1 207	1 711	1 100	720	200	40	0.040	10.000	4 701
1979 to Morch 1980 1975 to 1978 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1959 or eorlier	15 739 7 164 2 422 1 361 647	4 522 2 102 949 580 262	4 211 2 042 650 369 196	1 854 799 271 87 49	1 297 472 158 61 43	1 711 898 177 74 39	1 128 487 117 57 16	296 60 91 21	228 46 16 37 17	68 22 24 5 4	8 868 8 478 7 028 6 137 6 303	10 808 10 401 9 325 9 714 9 163	4 701 1 866 665 368 174
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbling for exclusive use 0.50 or less 0.51 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use 0.50 or less 0.51 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50	26 120 17 994 7 383 527 216 1 213 533 641 18	7 585 5 637 1 781 91 76 830 370 441 3	7 207 4 856 2 101 176 74 261 98 153	2 999 2 041 833 106 19 61 36 25	1 996 1 281 651 55 9 35 16 14	2 888 1 841 963 59 25 11 6	1 797 1 242 525 22 8 8 -	1 188 794 371 18 5 - -	337 226 111 - - 7 7	123 76 47 - - - - -	8 693 8 293 9 518 9 925 6 379 4 120 4 149 4 064 6 500 3 472	10 734 10 448 11 534 10 437 7 951 4 937 5 177 4 620 7 279 6 521	7 133 4 377 2 358 274 124 641 270 352 3
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS  Heating equipment	27 310 24 791 8 559 1 453 19 937 13 099 6 838 27 310 9 722 195 12 988 3 683 722 3.8	8 392 7 545 2 059 415 3 880 3 252 628 8 392 3 353 70 3 762 852 355 3.0	7 468 6 715 2 279 374 5 413 4 141 1 272 7 468 2 634 61 3 590 1 012 171 3.7	3 060 2 701 1 001 128 2 714 1 906 808 3 060 1 067 31 1 418 473 71	2 031 1 909 732 60 1 812 1 041 771 2 031 707 13 1 079 197 35 4.1	2 899 2 680 1 039 152 2 772 1 470 1 302 2 899 885 12 1 490 470 42 4.2	1 805 1 686 714 1 14 1 736 710 1 026 1 805 537 	1 188 1 108 512 1 122 1 170 407 763 1 188 356 	344 324 151 64 331 131 200 344 155 - 150 36 3 3	123 123 72 24 109 41 68 123 28 8 87 -	8 371 8 483 9 854 8 816 10 622 8 938 14 805 8 371 7 666 8 389 8 671 9 864 5 205	10 483 10 627 12 006 13 132 12 333 10 356 16 121 10 483 9 886 10 750 11 766 7 328	7 759 6 830 1 719 347 4 251 3 115 1 136 7 759 3 104 877 3 394 877 310 3.4
Specified renter-occupied housing units	27 104	8 380	7 390	3 044	2 006	2 869	1 795	1 159	338	123	8 346	10 454	7 746
CONTRACT RENT  Less thon \$100	3 612 4 855 7 879 5 603 2 966 918 371 155 122 623 \$179	2 566 2 117 2 072 987 267 87 60 12 37 175 \$137	654 1 650 2 651 1 492 591 130 31 5 13 173 \$173	149 472 1 081 831 315 93 34 17 6 46 \$189	91 248 540 563 338 123 41 7 - 55 \$207	60 189 833 833 648 173 39 6  88 \$218	74 107 446 479 417 139 59 25 6 43 \$222	10 54 212 323 291 106 54 49 24 36 \$246	18 44 57 70 58 38 27 22 4 \$282	8 - - 38 29 9 15 7 14 3 \$277	4 075 5 809 8 544 10 970 14 793 15 556 18 194 25 687 22 083 8 059	5 149 7 143 9 804 12 437 15 580 17 071 20 025 26 015 24 888 10 846	1 883 1 770 1 939 1 257 468 169 43 18 19 180 \$153
GROSS RENT  Less fhon \$100 \$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$499 \$500 or more No cosh rent	2 742 3 238 5 350 5 916 4 182 2 486 1 256 987 324 623	2 157 1 624 1 724 1 392 678 291 172 126 41	392 1 027 2 001 1 756 1 012 626 232 147 24	85 274 668 825 567 283 142 128 26 46	39 131 287 577 391 260 136 93 37	29 76 398 656 786 393 259 161 23 88	27 77 179 448 420 283 153 123 42 43	5 222 65 213 237 275 120 117 69	7 28 41 62 59 33 56 48	8 - 8 29 16 9 36 14 3	3 861 4 990 7 479 9 458 11 768 12 913 14 007 14 987 20 743 8 059	4 514 6 443 8 460 10 773 13 116 14 529 14 695 17 688 23 048 10 846	1 502 1 248 1 453 1 374 902 552 247 249 39 180
GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less thon 15 percent	\$215 3 444 3 559 4 025	\$161 133 264	\$205 234 398	\$226 221 517	\$245 228 458	\$265 584 992	\$266 874 599	\$304 758 289	\$325 292 42	\$347 120 —	21 663 15 638	22 920 15 730	\$185 124 150
20 to 24 percent	4 025 2 918 2 246 4 039 5 867 1 006 28.5	567 518 431 1 315 4 594 558 50+	994 1 096 1 126 2 158 1 211 173 33.9	854 547 397 405 57 46 24.5	624 323 176 137 5 55 22.3	745 346 90 24 - 88 19.1	178 75 26 - - 43 15.0	63 13 - - 36 13.2	- - - - 4 10.7	- - - - 3 10—	11 322 9 474 8 258 6 316 3 651 3 926	11 473 9 763 8 424 6 589 3 664 6 686	451 452 350 1 171 4 485 563 50+

Table B-5. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Mortgaged Housing Units: 1980

[Oata are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

	Todio die esimi	ones busica on u	Somple, See IIII	oddenon. Tor m	culling of symbo	is, see inflodeen	on. For definition	13 01 1011113, 301	- appendixes A	1	
Spokane city	Total	Less than \$200	\$200 to \$249	\$250 ta \$299	\$300 to \$349	\$350 to \$399	\$400 to \$499	\$500 to \$599	\$600 to \$749	\$750 or more	Median (dollars)
Specified owner-occupied housing units	24 333	3 513	3 476	4 127	3 462	2 905	3 692	1 718	1 001	439	315
PERSONS IN UNIT  1 person	2 868 7 720 4 918 5 142 2 417 847 309 112 2.82	753 1 542 531 391 193 55 31 17 2.15	471 1 214 631 736 266 110 34 14 2.58	516 1 212 838 864 531 121 41 4 2.90	328 1 068 748 800 364 92 49 13 2.95	306 848 710 610 285 130 10 6	325 1 130 850 844 303 122 83 35 2.96	121 404 355 425 252 117 38 6 3.44	34 203 180 297 171 92 7 17 3.78	14 99 75 175 52 8 16 — 3.68	270 296 331 336 330 367 349 407
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER  Married-couple families  15 to 24 years  25 to 34 years  35 to 44 years  45 to 64 years  25 years and over  Male householder, no write present  15 to 24 years  25 to 34 years  35 to 44 years  45 to 64 years  45 to 64 years  45 to 64 years  15 to 24 years  45 to 64 years  45 to 64 years  45 to 64 years  15 to 24 years  25 to 34 years  35 to 44 years  45 to 65 years and over  Female householder, no husband present  15 to 24 years  25 to 34 years  35 to 44 years  45 to 64 years	17 632 794 5 870 3 761 6 001 1 206 2 751 500 1 244 402 468 137 3 950 148 1 234 4 2 4 2 4 2 4 2 4 3 8 2 5 1 3 2 3 9 3 1	2 083 8 213 309 1 139 414 413 38 107 51 145 72 1 017 20 179 125 462 231 54.8	2 452 45 539 491 1 098 279 288 511 1117 38 56 26 736 25 129 192 315 75 46.5	3 028 149 1 123 572 958 226 421 62 213 62 257 278 68 35 259 125 222 37,	2 461 151 946 490 753 121 467 106 179 92 78 12 534 31 237 133 111 22 36.0	2 131 170 938 391 578 54 354 68 204 41 41 41 - 420 6 191 111 73 39 33,9	2 794 196 1 052 579 911 56 545 154 270 63 58 8 - 353 25 198 44 86 - 34.6	1 377 55 575 451 270 26 187 151 115 39 18 - 154 66 45 45 13	900 20 351 322 193 14 52 6 25 16 5 - 49 - 12 25 6	406 	325 363 356 352 290 234 327 347 351 327 279 197 266 291 311 288 231 193
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to March 1980	4 419 9 029 4 568 4 556 1 761	78 502 664 1 526 743	138 844 922 1 179 393	444 1 677 1 093 680 233	540 1 696 700 389 137	607 1 556 409 245 88	1 276 1 604 426 307 79	722 581 190 151 74	420 395 106 66 14	194 174 58 13	428 344 282 232 217
ROOMS  1 to 3 rooms  4 rooms  5 rooms  6 rooms  7 rooms  8 or more rooms  Median	384 2 746 4 995 4 982 4 204 7 022 6.3	121 718 1 148 703 455 368 5.3	102 480 946 798 565 585 5.8	71 619 833 839 671 1 094 6.1	35 386 741 724 661 915 6.3	5 211 513 718 585 873 6.5	47 238 563 796 688 1 360 6.8	- 82 193 267 325 851 7.5	3 6 49 106 180 657 8.1	- 6 9 31 74 319 8.5+	235 264 274 310 331 381
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT  1975 to March 1980  1970 to 1974  1960 to 1969  1950 to 1959  1940 to 1949  1939 ar earlier	2 399 1 460 2 391 6 811 4 067 7 205	28 21 94 1 158 1 003 1 209	63 136 352 1 146 633 1 146	191 275 410 1 240 731 1 280	286 204 450 948 667 907	330 236 274 742 361 962	535 366 405 942 446 998	479 101 216 415 141 366	346 71 121 135 61 267	141 50 69 85 24 70	456 370 338 294 277 299
VALUE Less than \$10,000_ \$10,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$29,999 \$30,000 to \$39,999 \$40,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$59,999 \$60,000 to \$79,999 \$100,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000 to \$149,999 \$150,000 to \$99,999	751 2 490 5 905 5 658 3 665 3 706 1 093 745 302 \$44 900	18 403 741 1 131 858 305 52 5 - - \$34 700	212 579 1 081 790 475 292 42 5	67 587 1 293 943 519 587 110 21	45 317 1 037 821 517 493 208 24 - \$43 700	7 140 671 865 600 450 115 54 3 \$46 700	- 17 68 578 1 033 703 845 211 190 47 \$51 900	- 46 108 284 399 534 206 110 31 \$60 700	- 12 - 64 137 381 157 169 81 \$75,800	- - - 6 - 10 72 39 172 39 172 140 \$123 400	155 194 244 279 314 351 398 439 571 730
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979  Less than 15 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more Not camputed Median	7 574 4 737 4 008 2 738 1 635 3 531 110 19.8	2 032 449 325 201 129 366 11	1 644 693 378 284 130 340 7	1 453 958 656 368 177 490 25	929 832 579 370 270 458 24 19.7	603 666 589 408 195 421 23 21.5	568 691 876 559 355 636 7 23.3	154 214 341 318 252 433 6 27.3	137 153 186 171 101 246 7 25.6	54 81 78 59 26 141 - 25.6	254 316 356 368 379 363 325
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS  Hearing equipment Steam ar hat water system Central warm-air furnace ar electric heat pump Other built-in electric units Floor, wall, or pipeless furnace Other means Air conditioning Central system I ar more individual room units House hearing fuel Unitry gas Sattled, tonk, or LP gas Electricity Fuel oil, kerasene, etc. Other	24 329 1 488 18 224 2 395 195 2 027 7 262 3 130 4 132 24 329 12 214 4 305 6 648 1 108	3 513 74 2 491 449 811 418 1 156 3 68 788 3 513 1 476 628 1 159 250	3 476 185 2 592 321 15 363 1 112 411 701 3 476 1 618 1 12 421 1 157 268	4 123 144 3 178 436 34 331 1 163 408 755 4 123 2 104 664 1 153 178	3 462 187 2 603 387 8 277 952 388 564 1 863 7 588 869 135	2 905 149 2 279 245 6 226 848 346 502 2 905 1 522 5 444 823 111	3 692 323 2 820 284 24 241 980 468 512 2 039 6 6 672 876 99	1 718 158 1 217 192 21 130 582 347 235 1 718 789 463 418 48	1 001 151 744 71 6 29- 291 236 555 1 001 571  296 121	439 117 300 10 - 12 178 158 20 439 232 - 129 72 6	315 402 316 299 252 285 311 349 288 315 324 281 337 294

# Table B-6. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Not Mortgaged Housing Units: 1980

[Doto are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. Far definitions of terms, see oppendixes A and 8]

	[Doto ore estimote:	s based on a som	ple, see Introduction	on. For meaning	or symbols, see I	ntroduction. Far	definitions of ferm	s, see oppendixes	A ond 8 J	
Spokane city	Tatal	Less thon \$50	\$50 to \$74	\$75 to \$99	\$100 to \$124	\$125 to \$149	\$150 to \$199	\$200 to \$249	\$250 or more	Median (dollors)
oportano en y										
Specified owner-occupied housing units	14 866	518	2 055	4 262	3 673	2 121	1 618	381	238	104
PERSONS IN UNIT										
] persan	4 880	358	1 008	1 578	913	562	291	109	61	92
2 persons	7 360 1 511	102	862 97	2 147 329	2 031 443	1 028 294	892	174 49	124	107
3 persons 4 persons	651	19 30	47	98	163	140	255 133	17	25 23	118 123
5 persans	256	9	26	47	56 55	77	28	13	-	121
6 persans	117	-	15	28 29	55	14	-	,-	5	107
7 persons 8 or more persons	67 24		_	29	12	- 6	12	14	_	109 150
Medion	1.85	1.22	1.52	1.76	1.95	1.98	2.08	1.97	1.97	150
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER										
Married-couple families	8 490 40	147	895	2 266	2 400 18	1 286	1 123	214	159 7	110 115
25 to 34 years	210	22	24	44	58	24	32	6		106
35 to 44 years	325	6	22	93	90	_59	31	24		112
45 ta 64 years65 years and over	3 708 4 207	55 55	284 565	789 1 340	1 055 1 179	712 491	610 444	99 85	104 48	117
Male householder, no wife present	1 308	135	262	314	268	165	100	34	30	95
15 to 24 years	51	6	8	18	-	14	5	-	=	91
25 to 34 years	45 120	12	8	7 44	6	11	7	10	7	106 91
45 to 64 years	319	21 90	20 74	47	80	22 59	19	12	7	105
65 years and over	773		152	198	177	59	69	12	16	105 93 <b>96</b> 97
Female householder, no husband present 15 ta 24 years	<b>5 068</b> 37	236	898	1 <b>682</b>	1 005	670	<b>395</b> 7	133	49	96
25 to 34 years	74	6	5	25	11	ğ	13	5	_	102
35 to 44 years	92	.=	. 8	11	26	34	13	_	, <del>-</del>	126
45 to 64 years65 years and aver	1 349 3 516	17 213	161 718	394 1 238	326 637	206 416	177 185	37 91	31 18	108 92
Median age	67.0	72.2	70.5	68.9	66.0	63.7	62.9	64.7	62.2	
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT									_	
1979 to March 1980	360 923	26   59	36   112	73 234	65 186	88 143	60 128	5 37	7 24	117
1970 to 1974	1 116	46	166	261	275	148	119	57	44	108 108
1960 ta 1969	3 056	64	453	754	749	428	440	119	49	109
1959 ar earlier	9 411	323	1 288	2 940	2 398	1 314	871	163	114	102
ROOMS										
1 to 3 rooms	551	98	211	135	64	21	8	8	6	71
4 rooms	3 538	179	777	1 358	706	222	242	34	20	90
5 raams	4 503	103	625	1 450	1 328	524	370	63 113	40	101
6 rooms 7 rooms	3 044 1 650	88 26	27.5 97	764 332	845 421	583 389	318 275	75	58 35	112 122
8 or more rooms	1 580	24	70	223	309	382	405	88	79	136
Median	5.2	4.4	4.6	4.9	5.3	6.0	6.1	6.3	6.4	
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT								-		
1975 to March 1980	187	14	15	24	39	30	48	11	6	126
1970 to 1974	205	6	14	30	6	72	34	ii l	32	141
1960 to 1969	600		15	57	149	129	175	44	31	140
1950 ta 1959 1940 ta 1949	3 150 3 274	28 78	284 493	693 1 065	921 918	614 433	453 210	83 39	74 38	115 100
1939 or earlier	7 450	392	1 234	2 393	1 640	843	698	193	57	97
VALUE										
	400					_	0.5	_	Ì	70
Less than \$10,000 \$10,000 to \$19,999	420 1 800	82 i 151 i	110 509	102 639	87 279	101	25 94	16	11	79 84
\$20,000 to \$29,999	3 203	124	660	1 232	707	266	161	35 71	iė	92
\$30,000 to \$39,999	3 862	81	505	1 232 1 291	1 073	494	321	71	26	101
\$40,000 ta \$49,999 \$50,000 ta \$59,999	2 700 1 284	41 27	198	723 166	902 374	513 332	247 248	42 50 51	26 34 27 18	111 126
\$60,000 ta \$79,999	1 042	7	6	83	216	359	302	51	18	140
\$80,000 to \$99,999	292	5	=	5	30	35	152	42	23	173
\$100,000 to \$149,999 \$150,000 or mare	184 79		7	15	5	14	55 13	56 11	32 49	196 250+
Median	\$34 800	\$22 000	\$26 100	\$31 200	\$36 900	\$43 400	\$47 900	\$54 600	\$62 100	250+
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS			,						_	
PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979										
Less than 10 percent	7 100	297	010	2 020	1 931	1 085	670	92	93	104
10 to 14 percent	2 960	130	912   458	763	748	360	335	122	44	104
15 to 19 percent	1 602	43	311	541	291	154	193	57	12	96
20 ta 24 percent 25 to 29 percent	1 048 578	19	198	297 224	216	152 79	132 56	17 11	36	103 97
30 to 34 percent	491	19	30	200	114 115	77	57	5	6 7	103
35 percent ar mare	935	7	42	194	223	190	168	77	34	125
Nat camputed Median	152	10-	35	23	35	10-	7	14.0	12 6	96
	10.4	10-	11.1	10.7	10—	10	12.0	14.0	12.6	• • • •
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS										
Heating equipment	14 854	510	2 055	4 262	3 669	2 121	1 618	381	238	104
Steam ar hot water system Central warm-air furnace or electric heat pump	927 10 479	185	54 1 022	141	200	203 1 697	186	94 239	49	133 108
Other built-in electric units	10 4/9	223	543	3 074 426	2 865 165	40	31	13	164 12	73
Floar, wall, ar pipeless furnace	379	-	130	115	89	6	39	-	-	73 88
Other means Air conditioning	1 616 4 452	102 <b>60</b>	306 497	506	350 1 199	175 <b>728</b>	129 <b>477</b>	35	13 <b>74</b>	95 <b>108</b>
Central system	1 892	5	107	1 <b>291</b> 478	514	728 387	290	126 55	74 56	117
1 ar mare individual raam units	2 560	55	390	813	685	341	187	71	18	101
House heating fuel	14 854	510	2 055	4 262	3 669	2 121	1 618	381	238	104
Utility gas Battled, tank, ar LP gas	7 047 23	78 8	671	2 171 7	1 828	1 113	892	172	122	108 88
Electricity	2 076	266	671	590	322	87	87	34	19	79
Fuel oil, kerasene, etc Other	4 997	114 44	539 174	1 227	1 378	870	611	161	97	111 88
Ontol	711	44	1/4	267	141	43	28	14	-	00

## Table B-7. Year Structure Built for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Doto ore estimotes bosed on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

	(Doto ore estano		vner-occupied h			,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			ter-occupied he			
Spokane city	Track	1975 to Morch 1980	1970 to	1960 to 1969	1940 to 1959	1939 or earlier	Taari	1975 to Morch 1980	1970 to 1974	1960 to 1969	1940 to 1959	1939 or earlier
Occupied housing units	Total 43 583	3 194	2 272	3 452	18 515	16 150	Totol 27 333	3 983	3 539	2 731	6 981	10 099
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER		2 470	1 561	2 660	12 474	9 429	6 540	897	709	657	2 173	2 104
Married-couple families 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years	28 594 909 6 379	145 1 096	19	16 327	389 2 433	340 2 162	1 574 2 457	293 320	151 156	180 225	561 975	389 781
35 to 44 years	4 390 10 718	564 547	420 553	465 1 360	1 663 5 259	1 278 2 999	811 876	88 108	92 132	72 100	286 214	273 322
45 to 64 years65 years ond over	6 198	118	208	492	2 730	2 650	822	88	178	80	137	339
Male householder, no wife present 15 to 24 years	<b>4 715</b> 640	<b>291</b> 46	191 24	<b>261</b>	1 <b>763</b> 293	2 209 266	8 <b>127</b> 2 411	1 <b>094</b> 468	8 <b>52</b> 288	6 <b>22</b> 200	1 <b>746</b> 626	3 813 829
25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years	1 445 590	142 44	60 17	63 70	594 138	586 321	2 345 801	352 88	244 88	162 120	697 132	890 373
45 to 64 years	948	42	60 30	78 39	408	360	1 309	95	92	85	205	832
65 years ond over Female householder, no husband present	1 092 10 274	17 <b>433</b>	520	531	330 <b>4 278</b>	676 4 512	1 261 <b>12 666</b>	1 <b>992</b>	140 <b>1 978</b>	55 1 <b>452</b>	3 062	889 4 182
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years	1 450	12 127	15 90	5 59	106 641	74 533	3 355 2 817	664 460	443 309	365 289	960 896	923 863
35 to 44 years	1 007 3 082	100 125	121 203	110 201	416 1 428	260 1 125	1 295 1 604	156 193	122 221	125 202	406 334	486 654
65 years and over	4 523 <b>52.5</b>	69 <b>35.3</b>	91 <b>45.2</b>	156 <b>52.3</b>	1 687 <b>53.8</b>	2 520 56.3	3 595 <b>32.6</b>	519 <b>28.9</b>	883 41.3	471 33.6	466 <b>29.0</b>	1 256 37.7
Median age	32.3	33.3	45.2	32.3	33.0	30.3	32.0	20.7	41.5	33.0	27.0	37.7
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT	5 542	1 371	232	225	2 029	1 685	15 739	3 144	1 591	1 514	4 322	5 168
1975 to 1978	11 062 6 443	1 823	835 1 205	877 776	4 050 2 548	3 477 1 914	7 164 2 422	839	1 160 788	685 281	1 745 470	2 735 883
1960 to 1969	8 251 12 285			1 574	3 919 5 969	2 758 6 316	1 361 647		=	251	308 136	802 511
ROOMS	12 203				3 /0/	0 010	047				100	311
1 room	49	.5	,-	13	12	19	1 549	135	269	89	137	919
2 rooms 3 rooms	209 1 084	18 65	14 39	20 45	69 353	88 582	3 533 6 725	669 959	589 904	427 675	383 1 530	1 465 2 657
4 rooms5 rooms	7 297 10 686	362 630	320 401	262 512	3 721 4 843	2 632 4 300	7 405 4 017	1 471 473	1 023 537	796 339	2 004 1 289	2 111
6 rooms	8 731 15 527	566 1 548	357 1 141	552 2 048	3 764 5 753	3 492 5 037	1 978 2 126	134 142	130 87	164 241	790 848	760 808
Medion	5.8	6.4	6.5	7.1	5.6	5.6	3.8	3.7	3.5	3.7	4.2	3.5
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM												
Complete plumbing for exclusive use 0.50 or less	<b>43 520</b> 32 997	3 194 2 104	2 272 1 605	3 452 2 763	18 <b>489</b> 13 971	16 113 12 554	<b>26 120</b> 17 994	<b>3 956</b> 2 703	<b>3 503</b> 2 554	<b>2 709</b> 1 951	6 <b>890</b> 4 354	9 062 6 432
0.51 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50	10 088 354	1 065 17	643 20	639 40	4 367 121	3 374 156	7 383 527	1 146 57	900 36	684 42	2 273 216	2 380 176
1.51 or more	81 <b>63</b>	8	4	10	30 <b>26</b>	29 <b>37</b>	216 1 213	50 27	13 <b>36</b>	32	47 <b>91</b>	74 1 037
Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use 0.50 or less	49	Ξ	=	=	18	31	533	13	22	<b>22</b> 22	40	436
0.51 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50	14	_	=	=	8 -	6	641 18	_	14	_	46 5	581 13
1.51 or more	-	-	-	-	-	-	21	14	-	-	-	7
PERSONS IN UNIT 1 person	9 151	416	366	405	3 623	4 341	13 359	1 879	2 018	1 386	2 434	5 642
2 persons	16 816 7 035	933	692 402	1 347	7 779 2 929	6 065 2 394	7 573	1 328	1 067 278	812 245	1 988 1 288	2 378
3 persons 4 persons	6 151	628 775	479	682 571	2 494	1 832	3 314 1 701	456 239	82	133	688	559
5 persons6 or more persons	2 835 1 595	321 121	203 130	297 150	1 175 515	839 679	662 724	29 52	45 49	97 58	253 330	238 235
Medion	2.25	2.89	2.69	2.48	2.22	2.12	1.54	1.58	1.38	1.49	2.03	1.39
Total persons	114 069	9 931	6 838	10 177	47 660	39 463	52 469	7 269	5 772	5 022	15 971	18 435
UNITS IN STRUCTURE  1, detoched or ottoched	41 145	2 724	1 792	3 142	18 163	15 324	9 094	402	247	676	4 148	3 621
2 3 ond 4	680 282	53 16	47 56	35 15	106 60	439 135	2 578 2 750	515 558	285 293	186 197	703 592	889 1 110
5 to 9 10 to 49	196 451	10 103	103	13 40	54 94	119 111	3 454 5 632	471 982	386 1 052	536 819	775 620	1 286 2 159
50 or more	61	5	35	6	8	7	3 659	973	1 249	273	136	1 028
Mobile home or troiler, etc.	768	283	239	201	30	15	166	82	27	44	,	°
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Heating equipment	43 567	3 194	2 272	3 452	18 507	16 142	27 310	3 983	3 539	2 731	6 973	10 084
Steam or hot woter system Centrol worm-air fumoce or electric heat pump	2 725 31 445	7 2 079	28 1 760	557 2 513	905 14 279	1 228 10 814	4 799 8 389	61 650	226 646	333 71 1	807 3 223	3 372 3 159
Other built-in electric units Floor, woll, or pipeless furnoce	4 782 653	1 051	432 13	194 22	1 431 230	1 674 388	11 176 427	3 214 27	2 572 36	1 450 31	1 843 179	2 097
Other means	3 962 13 737	57 1 <b>228</b>	39	166	1 662	2 038	2 519 <b>8 559</b>	31 2 984	59 <b>2 355</b>	206 1 <b>020</b>	921 1 142	1 302 1 058
Centrol system	6 026	806	1 161 747	1 480 958	6 342 2 609	3 <b>526</b> 906	1 453	431	462	174	193	193
1 or more individual room units House heating fuel	7 711 <b>43 567</b>	422 3 194	414 2 272	522 <b>3 452</b>	3 733 <b>18 507</b>	2 620 16 142	7 106 <b>27 310</b>	2 553 <b>3 983</b>	1 893 <b>3 539</b>	846 <b>2 731</b>	949 <b>6 973</b>	865 10 084
Utility gos Bottled, tonk, or LP gos	21 019 109	704 8	1 468	2 669 29	7 761 28	8 417 44	9 722 195	220 4	630 12	885 11	2 743 63	5 244 105
Electricity	8 020 12 481	2 448 17	736 36	432 282	2 255 7 760	2 149 4 386	12 988 3 683	3 726 22	2 857 34	1 628 167	2 295 1 756	2 482 1 704
Other	1 938	17	32	40	703	1 146	722	- 11	6	40	116	549 3 582
Percent below poverty level	<b>3 008</b> 6.9	<b>127</b> 4.0	1 <b>09</b> 4.8	<b>92</b> 2.7	1 <b>063</b> 5.7	1 617 10.0	<b>7 774</b> 28.4	<b>850</b> 21.3	<b>836</b> 23.6	<b>631</b> 23.1	1 <b>875</b> 26.9	35.5
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979								0=4	1	7.0		0.040
Less than \$5,000\$5,000 to \$9,999	4 065 6 498	97 174	105 243	136 318	1 446 2 530	2 281 3 233	8 415 7 468	972 1 017	1 106 960	749 695	1 646 1 978	3 942 2 818
\$10,000 to \$12,499 \$12,500 to \$14,999	3 331 3 537	228 260	120 151	130 176	1 663 1 453	1 190 1 497	3 060 2 031	461 337	398 257	317 275	878 547	1 006
\$15,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999	7 091 6 555	507 685	299 432	402 517	3 281 2 844	2 602 2 077	2 899 1 805	514 376	380 215	367 132	834 561	804 521
\$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999	7 546	758	461	870	3 375	2 082	1 188	191	149	144	419 106	285
\$50,000 or more	3 315 1 645	312 173	272 189	581 322	1 254 669	896 292	344 123	81	41 33	11	12	75 33
Medion	\$17.995 \$20.708	\$22 213 \$25 012	\$21 835 \$27 372	\$25 447 \$29 909	\$18 291 \$20 707	\$14 790 \$16 955	\$8 362 \$10 477	\$10 014 \$12 002	\$8 323 \$10 701	\$9 426 \$11 074	\$9 627 \$11 510	\$6 742 \$8 920

## Table B — 8. Units in Structure for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Doto ore estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see oppendixes A and 8]

	(	Owner-occupied h	ousing units				Re	nter-occupied	housing units			
Spokane city	Total	1 unit, detoched or ottoched	2 or more units	Mobile home or trailer, etc.	Total	1 unit, detoched or attoched	2 units	3 ond 4 units	5 to 9 units	10 to 49 units	50 or more units	Mobile home or troiler, etc.
Occupied housing units Condominium housing units	<b>43 583</b> 435	41 145 93	1 <b>670</b> 342	768	<b>27 333</b> 55	9 094	2 578	2 750	3 454 7	5 632 24	3 659 24	166
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Married-couple families	28 594	27 489	724	381	6 540	3 766	765	469	410	742	362	26
15 to 24 years	909 6 379	872 6 260 4 254	32 93 111	26 25	1 574 2 457 811	758 1 686	248 204 83	166 154	130 167 12	245 162	20 84 8	7
35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years ond over	4 390 10 718 6 198	10 293 5 810	254 234	171 154	876 822	610 401 311	131 99	32 72 45	42 59	66 142 127	88 162	10
Male householder, no wife present	4 715 640	4 209 555	411 71	<b>95</b>	8 127 2 411	2 051 738	644 229	779 267	1 213 471	2 285 518	1 109 183	19 <b>46</b> 5
25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years	1 445 590	1 331 543	96 40	18	2 345 801	780 159	258 55	203 143	411 104	518 236	170 83	5 21
45 to 64 years65 years ond over	948 1 092	820 960	97 107	31 25	1 309 1 261	189 185	60 42	88 78	113 114	617 396	234 439	8 7
Female householder, no husband present	10 274 212	9 447 185	<b>535</b>	<b>292</b>	12 666 3 355	3 277 751	1 169 352	1 <b>502</b> 596	1 <b>831</b> 627	2 605 665	2 188 311	<b>94</b> 53
25 to 34 years	1 450 1 007 3 082	1 332 967 2 795	64 24 191	54 16 96	2 817 1 295 1 604	1 079 604 461	365 139 115	300 116 171	449 153 200	474 177 454	150 106 203	=
45 to 64 years 65 years ond over Median age	4 523 <b>52.5</b>	4 168 <b>52.0</b>	246 <b>59.</b> 1	109 <b>61.0</b>	3 595 32.6	382 30.2	198 29.9	319 29.4	402 28.4	835 <b>39.6</b>	1 418 67.2	41 41.9
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to Morch 1980	5 542	4 983	314	245	15 739	5 435	1 641	1 834	2 081	3 088	1 547	113
1975 to 1978 1970 to 1974	11 062 6 443	10 311 5 965	480 287	271 191	7 164 2 422	2 377 514	667 134	587 128	818 333	1 519 570	1 170 724	26 19
1960 to 1969	8 251 12 285	7 994 11 892	196 393	61	1 361 647	439 329	113 23	149 52	165 57	326 129	161 57	8 -
ROOMS 1 room	49	25	24	. =	1 549	119	12	42	160	503	707	6
2 rooms3 rooms	209 1 084	138 813	46 194	25 77	3 533 6 725	187 824	91 542	1 003	678 1 351	1 171 1 843	1 076 1 123	13 39 65
4 rooms	7 297 10 686 8 731	6 594 9 978 8 433	445 460 170	258 248 128	7 405 4 017 1 978	2 473 2 126 1 490	1 008 560 210	959 354 43	856 326 59	1 549 449 77	495 167 91	35 8
6 rooms  7 or more rooms  Medion	15 527 5.8	15 164 5.9	331 4.8	32 4.6	2 126 3.8	1 875 4.9	155 4.1	32 3.5	24 3.2	40 3.1	2.5	3.9
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use	43 520	41 121	1 631	768	26 120	9 073	2 528	2 708	3 291	5 061	3 293	166
0.50 or less 0.51 to 1.00	32 997 10 088	31 080 9 623	1 295 328	622 137	17 994 7 383	5 408 3 249	1 736 742	2 009 628	2 413 778	3 946 1 041	2 359 908	123 37
1.01 to 1.50	354 81	345 73	4	5 4	527 216	335 81	21 29	50 21	80 20	22 52	19 7	- 6
Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use	<b>63</b> 49	24 18	<b>39</b> 31	=	1 213 533	21 9 9	50 21	<b>42</b> 42	163 119	<b>571</b> 270	366 72	-
0.51 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more	14	-	8	Ξ	641 18 21	3	29	=	35 - 9	279 10 12	289 5	=
BEDROOMS None	70	42	28	_	2 359	135	23	146	341	864	844	6
1	2 124 15 029	1 750 13 611	281 903	93 515	11 021 9 800	1 517 4 029	790 1 443	1 418	2 117 876	3 003 1 666	2 131 581	45 107
3	16 129 7 869	15 679 7 782	300 77	150 10	2 912 966	2 286 873	247 67	81	104 10	93 6	93 10	8 -
5 or more HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979	2 362	2 281	81	-	275	254	8	7	6	-	-	-
Less than \$5,000	4 065 6 498 3 331	3 753 6 000 3 165	245 251 97	67 247	8 415 7 468 3 060	1 781 2 365	471 726 319	968 803 268	1 159 1 141 482	2 119 1 472	1 855 938 228	62 23 22 32 5 8 14
\$10,000 to \$12,499 \$12,500 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$19,999	3 537 7 091	3 295 6 816	130 212	69 112 63	2 031 2 899	1 125 834 1 318	206 349	206 254	209 277	616 352 564	192	32
\$20,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999	6 555 7 546	6 213 7 172	251 283	91 91	1 805 1 188	928 564	250 198	118	123 47	245 201	132 133 73	8
\$35,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 or more	3 315 1 645	3 136 1 595	156 45	23 5	344 123	150 29	45 14	34 8	11 5	30 33	74 34	Ξ
Medion	\$17 995 \$20 708	\$18 117 \$20 855	\$17 706 \$19 790	\$12 522 \$14 844	\$8 362 \$10 477	\$10 891 \$12 498	\$10 721 \$12 795	\$7 023 \$9 369	\$7 580 \$8 577	\$7 057 \$9 336	\$4 957 \$8 225	\$9 000 \$9 990
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Heating equipment Steam or hot woter system	<b>43 567</b> 2 725	41 129	1 <b>670</b> 192	768	27 310	9 083	2 578 119	2 742 245	<b>3 454</b> 853	5 628 2 106	<b>3 659</b> 1 157	166
Centrol worm-air fumoce or electric heat pump Other built-in electric units	31 445 4 782	2 533 30 122 4 030	766 570	557 182	4 799 8 389 11 176	306 4 703 2 074	1 089 1 123	736 1 505	768 1 641	556 2 797	464 1 961	13 73 75
Floor, woll, or pipeless fumoce Other means	653 3 962	614 3 830	33 109	6 23	427 2 519	277 1 723	29 218	17 239	30 162	50 119	24 53	-
Air conditioning Centrol system	13 737 6 026	12 461 5 455	<b>720</b> 187	556 384 699	8 559 1 453	1 <b>324</b> 313	<b>661</b> 164	<b>867</b> 124	1 <b>034</b> 124	2 490 288	2 108 406	75 34 138 92
Vehicles available	<b>40 558</b> 14 536	38 354 13 367	1 <b>505</b> 770	399	19 937 13 099	<b>7 957</b> 4 373	2 191 1 396	2 045 1 536	2 620 2 044	3 480 2 500	1 506 1 158	138 92
2 or more House heating fuel Utility gos	26 022 43 567 21 019	24 987 41 129 20 275	735 1 <b>670</b> 672	300 <b>768</b> 72	6 838 27 310 9 722	3 584 9 083 3 883	795 2 578 938	509 2 742 779	576 <b>3 454</b> 1 005	980 <b>5 628</b> 2 013	348 3 659 1 083	46 166 21
Bottled, tonk, or LP gos Electricity	109 8 020	84 6 736	8 646	17 638	195 12 988	59 2 570	1 353	1 695	48 1 877	13 3 028	34 2 325	140
Fuel oil, kerosene, etcOther	12 481 1 938	12 154 1 880	290 54	37 4	3 683 722	2 261 310	270	225 24	426 98	353 221	148 69	Ξ
Water heating fuel Utility gos	<b>43 572</b> 8 046	41 140 7 658	1 <b>664</b> 344	768 44 22	<b>27 289</b> 5 439	9 <b>094</b> 1 431	2 578 466	2 750 432	3 438 634	5 618 1 473	3 645 991	166
Bottled, tonk, or LP gos Electricity Fuel oil, kerosene, etc	140 34 976 354	113 32 968 345	1 306	702	20 833 507	7 519 63	2 086 20	27 2 240 51	2 598 130	71 3 777 173	82 2 464 70	149
Other	56 33 009	56 31 684	875	450	188 10 939	19 5 <b>93</b> 6	1 336	920	7 811	124 1 267	38 <b>625</b>	44
With own children under 18 years With own children under 6 years	14 439 6 019	14 123 5 863	231 112	85 44	6 574 4 174	4 167 2 565	818 553	549 387	389 272	433 253	200 134	18 10 <b>10</b>
Female householder, no husband present With own children under 18 years	3 587 2 055	3 449 1 982	77 39	61 34	3 653 2 984	1 799 1 553	<b>499</b> 449	364 315	<b>347</b> 261	406 242	228 154	10 [
With own children under 6 years Nonfamily householder	528 10 574	498 9 461	13 <b>795</b>	17 318	1 582 16 394	702 3 158	285 1 242	190 1 830	172 2 643	125 4 365	98 3 <b>034</b>	10 122
Percent below poverty level	3 <b>008</b> 6.9	2 841 6.9	11 <b>7</b> 7.0	<b>50</b> 6.5	7 774 - 28.4	2 382 26.2	<b>531</b> 20.6	<b>824</b> 30.0	1 <b>027</b> 29.7	1 <b>741</b> 30.9	1 216 33.2	53 31.9

## Table B -9. Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units by Size of Household: 1980

[Data ore estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

	[Daid ore estima	nes basea on o s	unipic, see min	Southon, For me	aning or symbols,	Sec minodociio	ii. Tor deminion	3 01 1011113, 300	oppolitation in a		
Spokane city	Total	1 person	2 persons	3 persons	4 persons	5 persons	6 persons	7 persons	8 or more persons	Medion	Tatal persons
Owner-occupied housing units	<b>43 583</b> 2 213	9 151 -	16 816 1 154	<b>7 035</b> 497	6 151 240	<b>2 835</b> 183	1 <b>053</b> 80	<b>381</b> 42	161 17	<b>2.25</b> 2.46	11 <b>4 069</b> 6 648
ROOMS 1 to 3 rooms 4 rooms 5 rooms	1 342 7 297 10 686	806 2 680 2 889	384 3 216 4 829	107 906 1 446	22 353 1 007	11 120 380	12 13 103	_ 5 14	- 4 18	1.33 1.80 2.01	2 113 13 972 23 924
6 rooms 7 rooms 8 or more rooms	8 731 6 292 9 235	1 444 720 612	3 778 2 176 2 433	1 511 1 188 1 877	1 289 1 264 2 216	463 637 1 224	206 203 516	35 81 246	5 23 111	2.27 2.71 3.34	22 464 19 210 32 386
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use	5.8 43 520 43 085	9 115	5.5 16 808	7 024	6.8 6 143	7.2 2 835	7.4 1 <b>053</b>	381	8.2 161	2.25	113 953
1.00 or less	354 81 <b>63</b>	9 115 - - 36	16 795 - 13 8	7 004 13 7 11	6 121 11 11 8	2 704 120 11	925 116 12 -	327 49 5	94 45 22 -	2.24 5.78 5.36 <b>1.38</b>	111 455 2 033 465 116
1.00 or less 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more	63 - -	36   - -	8 - -	11 - -	8 - -	=	-	<u>-</u>	=	1.38	116 - -
UNITS IN STRUCTURE  1, detached or attached  2 or more  Mobile home or trailer, etc	41 145 1 670 768	8 168 704 279	15 883 556 377	6 736 214 85	6 039 99 13	2 779 51 5	1 016 28 9	381 _ _	143 18	2.28 1.74 1.78	108 846 3 765 1 458
VALUE Specified owner-occupied housing units	<b>39 199</b> 438	<b>7 748</b> 249	15 080 129	6 429 56	5 7 <b>93</b> 4	2 673	964	376	136	<b>2.29</b> 1.38	103 249 606
\$10,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$29,999 \$30,000 to \$29,999 \$40,000 to \$49,999	2 551 5 693 9 767 8 358	1 088 1 841 2 220 1 253	936 2 402 4 023 3 131	298 669 1 403 1 630	146 460 1 225 1 415	53 210 609 577	30 61 189 213	- 44 57 91	6 41 48	1.70 1.92 2.16 2.43	4 307 12 222 24 067 23 349
\$50,000 to \$59,999 \$60,000 to \$79,999 \$80,000 to \$79,999 \$100,000 to \$149,999	4 949 4 748 1 385	495 476 49	1 894 1 602 525	990 895 269	843 1 064 321	481 445 131	173 173 71	53 91 19	20 2	2.59 2.83 2.94	15 073 14 705 4 470
\$150,000 or more Median	929 381 \$41 200	60 17 \$32 800	299 139 \$40 100	162 57 \$44 800	213 102 \$47 400	133 34 \$47 700	42 12 \$49 500	13 8 \$49 400	7 12 \$44 200	3.15 3.11	3 078 1 372
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS All income levels in 1979  Median income  Median selected monthly owner costs as percentage of	<b>43 583</b> \$17 995	<b>9 151</b> \$7 704	16 816 \$17 958	<b>7 035</b> \$21 082	6 151 \$22 703	2 835 \$23 204	1 <b>053</b> \$25 585	<b>381</b> \$29 018	<b>161</b> \$27 679	2.25	114 069
household income With a mortgage Nat mortgaged Income in 1979 below poverty level	16.4 19.8 10.4 <b>3 008</b>	22.0 27.7 18.2 1 <b>431</b>	13.4 18.8 10— <b>617</b>	16.6 19.6 10— <b>344</b>	18.1 19.4 10— <b>314</b>	17.4 18.3 10—	15.9 17.1 10— <b>115</b>	14.6 16.8 10—	13.3 15.0 10—	1.62	:::
Median income Median selected monthly owner costs as percentage of household income	\$3 467 47.1	\$2 858 43.1	\$3 539 43.6	\$4 133 · 50+	\$5 621 50+	\$6 024 50+	\$6 480 29.8	\$8 958 50+	-		
With a mortgageNot mortgaged	50+ 35.1 27 333	50+ 37.1 13 359	50+ 30.3 <b>7 573</b>	50+ 38.8 3 314	50+ 37.1	50.0 50+	42.1 14.8 403	50+ - 212	109	1.54	52 469
Nonrelatives present  ROOMS 1 room	3 957 1 549	1 421	2 553 98	779	318	121	90	55	41	2.27	10 315
2 rooms 3 rooms 4 rooms	3 533 6 725 7 405	2 888 4 715 2 873	466 1 686 2 784	133   258   1 178	25 55 412	- 7 100	6 4 41	15 - 17	- - -	1.11 1.21 1.80	4 387 9 074 14 224
5 rooms	4 017 1 978 2 126 3.8	1 019 274 169 3.0	1 511 531 497 4.1	701 529 494 4.6	455 350 395 5.3	184 154 217 5.8	91 69 192 6.4	26 45 109 6.6	30 26 53 6.4	2.15 2.85 3.30	9 471 5 909 7 659
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use	26 120 25 377	12 301 12 301	<b>7 461</b> 7 379	<b>3 290</b> 3 154	1 <b>682</b> 1 598	<b>662</b> 555	<b>403</b> 261	212 109	109 20	1.60 1.55	51 015 47 639
1.01 to 1.50	527 216 1 213 1 174	1 <b>058</b> 1 <b>058</b>	82 112 96	115 21 <b>24</b> 6	55 29 19 14	100 7 -	132 10 +	71 32 - -	54 35 -	5.43 3.67 <b>1.07</b> 1.05	2 464 912 1 454 1 346
1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more	18 21	Ξ	16	18	5	=	=	=	-	3.00 2.16	57 51
1, detached or attached 2	9 094 2 578 2 750 3 454	2 018 907 1 565 2 237	2 734 940 741 903	1 950 430 319 185	1 234 198 82 73	545 35 26 30	348 24 5 26	176 24 12 -	89 20 -	2.43 1.91 1.38 1.27	24 499 5 414 4 437 5 178
10 to 49 50 or more Mobile home or trailer, etc	5 632 3 659 166	3 757 2 799 76	1 508 682 65	277 128 25	90 24 -	26	-	-	-	1.25 1.15 1.61	7 999 4 678 264
GROSS RENT Specified renter-occupied housing units Less than \$100	27 104 2 742 3 238	13 330 2 523 2 412	<b>7 493</b>	3 250 43	1 <b>671</b>	654 6 39	391 - 6	206 - 8	109 7	1. <b>53</b> 1.04 1.17	51 858 3 056 4 268
\$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299	5 350 5 916 4 182	3 416 2 701 1 131	589 1 419 2 069 1 688	146 312 746 774	38 148 264 345	24 97 127	8 24 69	23 12 19	- 3 29	1.28 1.62 2.07	8 111 10 793 9 368
\$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$499 \$500 or more	2 486 1 256 987 324	453 239 119 76	747 305 203 84	563 324 232 46	401 176 212 33	152 67 105 25	96 99 67 22	58 31 24 24	16 15 25 14	2.58 2.76 3.24 2.54	6 812 3 728 3 313 1 127
No cash rent	623 \$215	260 \$174	242 \$236	64 \$274	38 \$301	\$309	\$346	\$332	\$348	1.71	1 282
All income levels in 1979  Median income  Median grass rent as percentage of household income Income in 1979 below poverty level	27 333 \$8 362 28.5 7 774	13 359 \$5 828 29.7 3 895	7 573 \$10 868 24.8 1 797	3 314 \$11 231 28.2 967	1 701 \$11 298 29.5 493	\$11 342 32.3 259	\$11 351 34.8 215	\$13 246 31.7 90	109 \$11 793 27.7 58	1.54  1.50	52 469
Median income Median gross rent as percentage of household income	\$3 534 50+	\$3 000 50+	\$3 774 50+	\$3 946 50+	\$5 785 50+	\$6 194 50+	\$7 560 46.6	\$7 788 48.1	\$7 955 38.6		•••

Table B-10. Household Composition and Age of Householder for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

	Daily die estille	naspa sal	sumble, see IIII	in i	de la fillippini	moors, see min	OGOCIIOII. 101 C	o commission	ins, see opper	o pilo & savini	-					ľ	
			Morried	d-couple tomilie	8			Male householder,	er, no wife pr	esent		ድ	emale householder,	er, no husband	1 present		
Spokane city	Total	15 to 24 years	25 to 34 years	35 to 44 years	45 to 64 years	65 years and over	15 to 24 2	25 to 34 3: yeors	35 to 44 4 years	45 to 64 6	65 years and over	15 to 24 years	25 to 34 years	35 to 44 years	45 to 64 years	65 years and over	Median
Owner-occupied housing units	43 583	606	6 379	4 390	10 718	861 9	049	1 445	290	948	1 092	212	1 450	1 007	3 082	4 523	52.5
PERSONS IN UNIT 1 person 2 persons 3 persons 5 persons 5 persons 6 persons 6 do more persons Total persons	9 151 16 816 7 035 6 151 2 835 1 595 114 069	2.5.0 2.5.0 2.5.0 2.5.0 2.5.0 2.5.0 2.5.0 2.5.0	1 391 1 640 2 186 2 882 280 3.57	307 752 1 640 1 012 679 4.19 18 945	5 873 2 249 1 493 653 450 2.41 31 484	5 496 579 70 28 2.06 13 171	348 209 53 12 18 1 8	840 429 100 51 12 1.36 2 380	321 109 108 31 6 1.142 1 087	587 217 217 89 38 17 17 1.31	887 162 43 - - 1.12	80 62 62 5 1.92 456	393 455 362 170 18 2.23 3.469	181 232 260 217 217 87 87 2.85 2.85	1 729 839 305 103 103 1.39 5 484	3 785 579 121 19 13 6 1.10 5 403	65.4 60.7 43.9 37.4 38.5 42.1
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use———————————————————————————————————	43 520 435 63 -	904 1 1	6 360 153 19	4 390 133 -	017 01 79 8 8	6 198	040	1 439	88. 8 8 2 1	948	480	212	1 450	1 007	3 082	4 506	52.5 40.4 60.9
With a mortgage Less than 1979  With a mortgage Less than 15 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 30 to 34 percent 10 to 14 percent 15 to 19 percent 15 to	39 199 7 199 199 199 199 199 199 199 199	28 27 1 1 2 1 2 2 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	5 870 1 469 1 469 1 469 1 378 1 472 2 1.6 2 1.6 1 71 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	3 761 1 330 1 368 1 368 3 368 368 3 368 3	2 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	2	28.1 2.2 2.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3	1 289 244 244 244 244 244 244 244 244 244 244	52 20,4 20,6 20,6 20,6 20,6 20,6 20,6 20,6 20,6	787 468 978 978 970 970 971 975 975 975 976 977 978 978 978 978 978 978 978 978 978	25	1885 1488 199 120 122 133 137 137 137 137 137 148 179 179 179 179 179 179 179 179 179 179	1 308 1734 1977 1977 1977 1978 1978 1978 1978 1978	883 1088 1088 1088 1088 1088 1088 1088 1	2 669 248 248 248 223 240 1 349 8 8 1 34 1 51 1 1 51 1 34 1 34 1 34 1 34 1 34 1 34 1 34 1 3	3 3 3 4 4 5 3 3 4 5 3 3 4 5 3 3 3 4 5 3 3 3 3	66.64 4 6.7 5.7 5.7 5.7 5.7 5.7 5.7 5.7 5.7 5.7 5
Renter-occupied housing units	27 333	1 574	2 457	118	876	822	2 411	2 345	108	1 309	1 261	3 355	2 817	1 295	1 604	3 595	32.6
PERSONS IN UNIT  2 person 2 persons 3 persons 5 persons 6 or more persons Medion Total persons Total persons	13 359 7 573 3 314 1 701 662 724 52 469	2.5 2.5 2.5 2.5 2.5 2.5 2.5 2.5 3.5 3.5 4.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5	766 694 571 244 182 3.17 8 121	170 170 1170 213 95 392 3 170	2.40 2.12	776 31 31 7 8 8 8 2.03 1.703	1 320 799 203 50 22 22 1.41 3 850	1 483 521 214 63 63 24 1.29 3 845	621 110 53 17 17 1.14	1 133 112 50 9 6 1.08 1 628	1 169	1 485 1 314 374 130 34 1 165 5 917	1 148 808 519 219 57 66 66 1.82	456 282 286 286 161 161 79 3 246	1 163 320 320 74 20 11 11 119 119 2 269	3 381 208 6 6 6 1.03 3 729	47.3 28.0 28.1 30.1 31.8 35.4
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per roam Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room 1.01 or more persons per room	26 120 743 1 213 39	1 541 12 88 5	2 436 172 21 5	806 62 5 5	876 115 -	822	2 352 25 25 59 -	2 273 16 72 -	747 8 54 -	970 7 339	932 329 5	3 279 80 76 9	2 787 70 30 3	1 26 3 3 1 1	1 543 19 61	3 492	32.0 29.9 58.9 24.6
GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Specified renter-occupied housing units	27 104 3 444 3 559 4 4 025 2 246 1 006 2 8 57 1 006	1 559 1 185 1 185 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	2 4 5 2 2 3 3 2 2 3 3 2 2 3 3 2 3 3 3 4 3 3 3 4 4 4 4	81 138 122 122 87 87 57 107 133 215	83 215 215 150 100 68 88 33 21.3 21.3	807 130 130 130 100 60 100 23.9	2 381 2 381 334 337 337 197 197 28.8	2 328 520 520 485 393 235 157 157 259 68 68	801 262 262 118 78 78 79 44 115 83 22 20.6	1 296 279 211 211 88 122 145 156 84 26.1	1 246 165 165 161 199 199 199 199 180 180 180 180 180	3.34 2.04 2.04 3.34 3.35 3.35 3.35 3.35 3.35 3.35 3.3	2 803 2 16 291 291 334 332 332 332 882 332 332 332	1 276 99 153 163 107 108 188 379 379 68 68	1 559 104 200 200 266 266 278 40 40 33.0	3 590 295 295 640 640 271 560 920 920 930.2	32.5 32.5 32.5 33.0 33.1 33.1 33.1 33.1 33.1 33.1 33.1

Table B—11. Age and Sex of Householder in One-Person Households for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Dato ore estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

	[Dalo ole estilii			Mole hous						Female hou			
Spokane city	Total	Total	15 to 24 years	25 to 34 years	35 to 44 years	45 to 64 yeors	65 years ond over	Total	15 to 24 years	25 to 34 yeors	35 to 44 years	45 to 64 yeors	65 yeors ond over
Owner-occupied housing units	9 151	2 983	348	840	321	587	887	6 168	80	393	181	1 729	3 785
PLUMBING FACILITIES Complete plumbing for exclusive use Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use	9 115 36	2 964 19	348	834 6	316 5	587 -	879 8	6 151 17	80	393	181	1 729	3 768 17
UNITS IN STRUCTURE  1, detoched or ottoched  2 or more  Mobile home or troiler, etc	8 168 704 279	2 641 274 68	294 47 7	761 66 13	298 23	504 60 23	784 78 25	5 527 430 211	· 80 - -	332 42 19	159 6 16	1 484 165 80	3 472 217 96
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than \$5,000. \$5,000 to \$9,999.	3 021 2 483 826	566 608 248	58 71 52	70 74 84	35 19 21	85 93 50	318 351 41	2 455 1 875 578	30 19 14	35 74 68	22 21 32	465 510 244	1 903 1 251 220
\$12,500 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999	736 1 008 586 338	319 550 343 251	35 74 42 11	153 231 117 104	25 74 93 41	55 126 68 67	51 45 23 28	417 458 243 87	6 5	63 109 21	38 39 24 5	190 135 132 22	120 170 60 49
\$35,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 or more Medion	82 71 \$7 704 \$10 637	44 54 \$13 045 \$14 348	\$12 163 \$12 869	7 \$15 956 \$16 103	13 \$19 112 \$18 358	19 24 \$15 709 \$17 279	30 \$6 207 \$9 874	38 17 \$6 471 \$8 842	\$8 393 \$8 057	6 6 \$13 274 \$14 121	\$13 520 \$13 543	26 5 \$9 024 \$10 337	6 6 \$4 984 \$7 404
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS Specified owner-occupied housing units	7 748	2 535	294	729	289	477	746	5 213	80	332	135	1 388	3 278
With a mortgage Less than \$200 \$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299	<b>2 868</b> 753 471 516	1 545 278 169 317	268 28 37 48	<b>693</b> 70 44 156	211 13 33 62	256 102 29 30	117 65 26 21	1 323 475 302 199	48 7 7 5	285 43 36 58	110 23 20 30	605 249 182 74	275 153 57 32
\$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$499 \$500 to \$599	328 306 325 121	214 202 234 89	58 35 51 5	91 115 138 59	34 23 17 18	30 26 29 28 7	5	114 104 91 32	18 - 5 6	58 58 47 37 6	12 - 12 13	26 30 37 7	27
\$600 to \$749 \$750 or more	34 14 \$270 <b>4 880</b>	28 14 \$302 <b>990</b>	\$318 26	6 14 \$342 <b>36</b>	\$298 <b>78</b>	\$245 <b>221</b>	- \$194 <b>629</b>	\$231 <b>3 890</b>	\$314 <b>32</b>	\$305 47	\$270 25	\$215 <b>783</b>	\$192 <b>3 003</b>
Less thon \$50 \$50 to \$74	358 1 008 1 578 913	129 210 216 190	12	6 5 7 6	12 7 33 5	21 61 20	90 137 144 135	229 798 1 362 723	6 14 5	6 5 19 5	- - 13	17 120 252 183	206 667 1 077 517
\$125 to \$149 \$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249 \$250 or more	562 291 109 61	125 66 24 30	14 - - -	5 - - 7	14 7 - -	44 49 7 12 7	43 52 12 16	437 225 85 31	7 -	5 7 - -	12 - -	106 76 16 13	314 135 69 18
Median SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Median selected monthly owner costs as percentage of	\$92	\$93	\$127	\$100	\$90	\$105	\$90	\$92	\$93	\$91	\$124	\$100	\$90
household income in 1979 With o mortgoge Not mortgoged Income in 1979 below poverty level	22.0 27.7 18.2 1 431	21.0 25.7 13.5 284	30.8 31.1 10— 52	25.0 25.7 10— 52	17.8 20.3 10— 24	15.0 19.8 10— <b>52</b>	17.8 34.7 16.5 104	22.4 29.3 19.5 1 147	33.6 32.3 35.8 25	24.9 25.8 16.7 30	25.5 26.5 12.3 22	21.3 28.1 14.4 301	21.9 41.0 20.7 769
Percent below poverty level	15.6 13 359	9.5 <b>5 726</b>	14.9	6.2	7.5 <b>621</b>	8.9 1 133	11.7	18.6 <b>7 633</b>	31.3 1 485	7.6 1 148	12.2 456	17.4	20.3
PLUMBING FACILITIES Complete plumbing for exclusive use Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use	12 301 1 058	4 914 812	1 277 43	1 426 57	567 54	794 339	850 319	7 387 246	1 443 42	1 121 27	425 31	1 114	3 284 97
UNITS IN STRUCTURE  1, detoched or attoched  2  3 and 4	2 018 907 1 565	956 359 607	289 125 169	303 116 168	101 38 123	108 46 82	155 34 65	1 062 548 958	216 125 301	216 126 152	95 33 62	218 86 130	317 178 313
5 to 9	2 237 3 757 2 799 76	940 1 872 969 23	330 295 107 5	308 422 161 5	98 184 71 6	100 580 217	104 391 413 7	1 297 1 885 1 830 53	362 328 141 12	290 305 59	98 110 58	168 375 186	379 767 1 386 41
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less thon \$5,000	5 971 3 667	2 218 1 418	495 425	282 392	174 111	561 210	706 280	3 753 2 249	682 604	281 415	163 86	493 317	2 134 827
\$10,000 to \$12,499 \$12,500 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$34,999	1 421 715 790 485 194	653 363 509 351	222 46 63 40 29	217 170 238 136	55 50 78 105	78 71 108 55	81 26 22 15 19	768 352 281 134	135 31 21	242 80 96 34	76 60 38 22	145 104 72 25	170 77 54 53
\$35,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 or more Medion	89 27 \$5 828	152 48 14 \$6 736 \$9 086	- \$6 580	35 7 6 \$10 778	25 23 - \$11 159	44 6 - \$5 091 \$8 347	12 8 \$4 506	42 41 13 \$5 131	5 7 - \$5 470	\$9 041	\$8 950	7 - \$6 294 \$7 412	54 53 30 23 13 \$4 406 \$6 051
GROSS RENT Specified renter-occupied housing units	\$7 811 13 330	5 704	\$7 681 1 311	\$11 529 1 481	\$12 461 <b>621</b>	1 130	\$6 496 1 <b>161</b>	\$6 854 <b>7 626</b>	\$5 950 1 485	\$8 779 1 148	\$9 490 <b>456</b>	1 161	3 376
Less than \$100	2 523 2 412 3 416 2 701	1 240 1 123 1 383 1 094	55 271 461 324	92 287 342 431	74 102 159 153	468 233 211 112	551 230 210 74	1 283 1 289 2 033 1 607	19 234 611 436	40 143 349 293	21 74 110 94	163 220 295 301	1 040 618 668 483
\$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$499	1 131 453 239 119	401 184 107 42	89 57 21 7	184 59 33 18	64 38 19	32 30 14	32 20 5	730 269 132 77	137 33 5 6	208 45 25 12	93 37 6 7	72 40 32 19	220 114 64 33
\$500 or more No cash rent Medion	76 260 \$174	6 124 \$166	26 \$185	35 \$200	\$192	6 24 \$115	39 \$101	70 136 \$179	- 4 \$192	33 \$204	14 \$207	19 - \$182	51 85 \$149
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Median gross rent as percentage of household income in 1979 Income in 1979 below poverty level Percent below poverty level	29.7 3 895 29.2	26.4 1 553 27.1	32.9 335 25.4	22.3 210 14.2	21.8 132 21.3	26.4 446 39.4	27.3 430 36.8	32.5 2 342 30.7	39.9 496 33.4	28.2 192 16.7	29.2 144 31.6	32.0 420 36.1	31.0 1 090 32.2
1979							27.3 430 36.8						

## Table B-12. Duration of Vacancy for Year-Round Vacant for Sale and Vacant for Rent Housing Units: 1980

[Doto ore estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

Spokane city	Total	Less thon 2 months	2 up to 6 months	6 or more months	Spokane city	Total	Less thon 2 months	2 up to 6 months	6 or more months
Vacant for sale only housing units	738	357	266	115	Vacant for rent housing units	2 536	1 811	474	251
ROOMS					ROOMS				
1 to 3 rooms	48 162 186 176 95 71 5.4	20 86 66 112 27 46 5.6	21 53 83 37 54 18 5.2	7 23 37 27 14 7 5.2	1 room	245 332 707 736 354 112 50 3.5	131 243 538 552 245 66 36 3.5	82 59 127 121 53 29 3	32 30 42 63 56 17 11 3.8
PLUMBING FACILITIES					PLUMBING FACILITIES				
Complete plumbing for exclusive use  Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use	738	357 -	266	115	Complete plumbing for exclusive use Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use	2 229 307	1 639 172	381 93	209 42
None	8 49	_ 26	8 16	_ 7	BEDROOMS				
2	260 321 80 20	112 174 32 13	113 91 31 7	35 56 17 -	None	337 1 040 886 224 44	160 816 666 133 31	121 161 143 43 6	56 63 77 48 7
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT					5 or more	5	5	_	- 1
1975 to Morch 1980 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1950 to 1959 1940 to 1949 1939 or eorlier	266 71 35 91 96 179	171 34 25 31 37 59	76 37 - 30 32 91	19 - 10 30 27 29	YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT  1975 to Morch 1980 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1950 to 1959 1940 to 1949 1939 or eorlier	454 149 109 176 294 1 354	393 109 84 115 194 916	40 28 25 50 81 250	21 12 - 11 19 188
1, detoched or ottoched 2 or more	596 103	258 60	230 36	108	UNITS IN STRUCTURE				
Mobile home or troiler	39	39	-	<u>-</u>	1, detoched or ottoched	578 284	403 144	98 82	77 58 31
HEATING EQUIPMENT           Centrol heoting system	639 99 -	329 28 -	217 49 -	93 22 -	3 ond 4	296 388 704 272 14	229 319 528 181 7	36 36 136 79 7	31 33 40 12
PRICE ASKED					RENT ASKED				
\$pedfied vacant for sale only housing units	583 	251 - 6 25 44 64 44 38	224 - 15 41 30 55 44 22	34 30 - 7	\$pecified vacant for rent housing units \$100 to \$149	2 531 289 450 793 568 266 126	1 806 152 276 566 474 207	474 102 102 129 77 45	251 35 72 98 17 14
\$80,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000 or more Medion	16 42 \$46 000	5 25 \$48 100	17 \$47 400	11 - \$36 700	\$400 or more Medion	39 \$182	32 \$191	\$170	\$155

## Table B-13. Price Asked and Rent Asked for Year-Round Vacant Housing Units: 1980

[Doto ore estimates bosed on a somple, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see oppendixes A and 8]

	Doto ore estim	ores posed	on o somple	, see introdu	oction. For i	meoning of sy	mbols, see ir	ntroduction. Fo	r definitions (	or terms, se	e oppenaixe	s A ond 8]		
		Price oske	I—Specified	vocont for s	ole only hou	sing units			Rent oske	d—Specified	d vocont for	rent housing	units	
Spokane city	Totol	Less thon \$10,000	\$10,000 to \$29,999	\$30,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 to \$99,999	\$100,000 or more	Medion (dollors)	Total	Less thon \$100	\$100 to \$199	\$200 to \$299	\$300 to \$399	\$400 or more	Medion (dollors)
Total	583	-	113	257	171	42	46 000	2 531	289	1 243	834	126	39	182
PLUMBING FACILITIES														
Complete plumbing for exclusive use Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use	583 -	-	113	257 -	171 -	42	46 000 -	2 224 307	79 210	1 167 76	819 15	120 6	39	190 82
BEDROOMS														
None	- 12 194 283 80 14	-	9 71 22 11	3 66 169 15	- 42 85 44	- 15 7 10	20 000 38 500 45 900 66 000 110 700	337 1 040 886 219 44	170 107 - 12 -	151 702 287 85 13	218 507 96 13	6 13 75 19 13	10  17 7 5	99 161 228 226 250 185
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT  1975 to Morch 1980	200 39 29 91 69 155	-	11 4 7 10 10 71	38 18 12 67 53 69	118 11 10 14 3	33 6 - - 3 -	57 700 48 800 33 100 42 700 34 500 32 700	454 149 109 176 294 1 349	2 - 6 - 10 271	67 23 31 95 185 842	285 113 65 69 89 213	71 13 7 12 10 13	29 - - - - 10	243 238 215 189 176 153
1, detoched or ottoched 2 or more Mobile home or troiler	583 	:::	113	257 	171 	42 	46 000 	573 1 944 14	10 279 -	259 984 -	263 564 7	29 90 7	12 27 -	206 172 262

## Appendix A. — Area Classifications

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#### **REGIONS**

Regions are large groups of States that form the first-order subdivisions of the United States for census purposes. The four regions are the Northeast, North Central, South, and West.

#### STATES

The 50 States and the District of Columbia are the constituent units of the United States.

#### PLACES.

Two types of places are recognized in the census reports—incorporated places and census designated places—as defined below. Places with a 1980 population below 50,000 are not shown in this report unless they are central cities of standard metropolitan statistical areas.

#### **Incorporated Places**

Incorporated places recognized in the reports of the census are those which are incorporated under the laws of their respective States as cities, boroughs, towns, and villages, with the following exceptions: boroughs in Alaska and New York, and towns in the six

New England States, New York, and Wisconsin.

#### Census Designated Places

As in the 1950, 1960, and 1970 censuses, the Census Bureau has delineated boundaries for closely settled population centers without corporate limits. In 1980, the name of each such place is followed by "(CDP)," meaning "census designated place." In the 1970 and earlier censuses, these places were identified by "(U)." meaning "unincorporated place."

Census designated place boundaries change with changes in the settlement pattern; a place which has the same name as in previous censuses does not necessarily have the same boundaries. Boundary outlines for CDP's appear on the county subdivision maps in the HC80-1-A, General Housing Characteristics, reports for States. Detailed maps are available for purchase from the Census Bureau.

Eleven states, (Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, Michigan, New Hampshire, New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Vermont, and Wisconsin), contain towns or townships which are coextensive with census designated places (CDP's). Data for these areas are not shown in the tables.

## STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREAS

#### Definition

The general concept of a metropolitan area is one of a large population nucleus, together with adjacent communities which have a high degree of economic and social integration with that nucleus. The standard metropolitan statistical area (SMSA) classification is a statistical standard, developed for use by Federal agencies in the production, analysis, and publication of data on metropolitan areas. The SMSA's are designated and defined

by the Office of Management and Budget, following a set of official published standards developed by the interagency Federal Committee on Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas.

Each SMSA has one or more central counties containing the area's main population concentration: an urbanized area with at least 50,000 inhabitants. An SMSA may also include outlying counties which have close economic and social relationships with the central counties. The outlying counties must have a specified level of commuting to the central counties and must also meet certain standards regarding metropolitan character, such as population density, urban population, and population growth. In New England, SMSA's are composed of cities and towns rather than whole counties.

The housing units in SMSA's may also be referred to as the metropolitan housing and are subdivided into "inside central city (or cities)" and "outside central city (or cities)." The housing units outside SMSA's constitute the nonmetropolitan housing.

In the United States Summary report and the State reports, the data shown for "Central Cities of SMSA's" are the sum of all central cities excluding any rural area and any legal area that is outside of a standard metropolitan statistical area. In the individual SMSA reports, the data shown for central cities and places of 50,000 or more inhabitants are for the legal definition of the city without regard to urban or SMSA restrictions.

#### SMSA Titles

Each SMSA except one (Nassau-Suffolk, N.Y.) has at least one central city. The titles of SMSA's include up to three city names, as well as the name of each State into which the SMSA extends. For the 1980 census, central cities of SMSA's are those named in the titles of the SMSA's,

with the exception of Nassau-Suffolk, N.Y., which has no central city, and Northeast Pennsylvania, the central cities of which are Scranton, Wilkes-Barre, and Hazleton. Data on central cities of SMSA's include the entire population and housing within the legal city boundaries. In Hawaii where there are no incorporated places recognized by the Bureau of the Census, census designated places are recognized as central cities.

#### New SMSA Standards

New standards for designating and defining metropolitan statistical areas were published in the *Federal Register* on January 3, 1980. The SMSA's recognized for the 1980 census comprise (1) all areas as defined on January 1, 1980, except for one area which was defined provisionally during the 1970's on the

basis of population estimates but whose qualification was not confirmed by 1980 census counts; and (2) a group of 36 new areas defined on the basis of 1980 census counts and the new standards that were published on January 3, 1980.

When the data on commuting flows become available from 1980 census tabulations, the new standards will be applied to the areas existing on January 1, 1980, and the boundaries, definitions, and titles for all SMSA's will be reviewed.

To aid users who want to become familiar with the SMSA standards and how they are applied, documents are available from the Office of Management and Budget, Washington, D.C. 20503.

#### **BOUNDARY CHANGES**

The boundaries of some of the areas shown in this series of reports have

changed between an earlier census and January 1, 1980. Information on boundary changes for incorporated places is presented in table 4 of the 1980 Census of Population report, Characteristics of the Population, Number of Inhabitants, PC80-1-A. For information on boundary changes prior to 1970, see the Number of Inhabitants report for each census.

#### AREA MEASUREMENT

Area measurement figures for standard metropolitan statistical areas, central cities, and places of 50,000 inhabitants or more can be found in the 1980 Census of Population report, PC80-1-A1, United States Summary.

## Appendix B.—Definitions and Explanations of Subject Characteristics

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Data on Householders of		Median Income	D-0
Spanish/Hispanic Origin	B-5	Comparability With 1970	B-8
Comparability With 1970		Census Income Data	
Census Data on House-		Poverty Status in 1979	B-8
holders of Spanish Origin			
and Householders of		GENERAL	
Spanish Heritage	B-5		
UTILIZATION		The 1980 census was conducted pr	imarily
CHARACTERISTICS	B-6	through self-enumeration. The pr	
OTTAIN OF EITHOFICO	D0	anough self-enumeration. The pr	incipal

determinant for the responses was, therefore, the questionnaire and its accompanying instruction guide. Furthermore, census takers were instructed, in their telephone and personal-visit interviews, to read the questions directly from the questionnaire. The definitions and explanations given below for each subject are drawn largely from various technical and procedural materials used in the collection of the data. These materials helped the census interviewers to understand more fully the intent of each question, and thus to resolve problems or unusual cases in a manner consistent with this intent. Also included is certain explanatory information to assist the user in the proper utilization of the statistics.

Facsimiles of the questionnaire pages containing the population and housing questions used to produce the data shown in this report and the pages of the respondent instruction guide which relate to these questions are presented in Appendix E, "Facsimiles of Respondent Instructions and Questionnaire Pages."

#### LIVING QUARTERS

Living quarters are classified in the census as either housing units or group quarters. Usually, living quarters are in structures intended for residential use (e.g., a one-family home, apartment house, hotel or motel, boarding house, mobile home or trailer). However, living quarters may also be in structures intended for non-residential use (e.g., the rooms in a warehouse where a night guard lives), as well as in boats, tents, vans, etc.

Housing Units—A housing unit is a house, an apartment, a group of rooms, or a single room occupied as a separate living quarters or, if vacant, intended for occupancy as a separate living quarters. Separate living quarters are those in which the occupants live and eat separately from

any other persons in the building and which have direct access from the outside of the building or through a common hall. The occupants may be a single family, one person living alone, two or more families living together, or any other group of related or unrelated persons who share living arrangements (except as described in the next section on Group Quarters). For vacant units, the criteria of separateness and direct access are applied to the intended occupants whenever possible. If that information cannot be obtained, the criteria are applied to the previous occupants. Both occupied and vacant housing units are included in the housing unit inventory except that boats, tents, vans, caves, and the like are included only if they are occupied as someone's usual place of residence. Vacant mobile homes are included, provided they are intended for occupancy on the site where they stand. Vacant mobile homes on dealers' sales lots, at the factory, or in storage are excluded from the housing inventory.

Comparability With 1970 Census Housing Unit Data - Although the 1980 census data are generally comparable with 1970 census data, certain changes were introduced for 1980. The part of the 1970 housing unit definition that required a unit to have either (1) direct access or (2) complete kitchen facilities was modified. For 1980, the complete kitchen facilities alternative was dropped, and direct access was required of all housing units. In 1970, vacant mobile homes were not counted as housing units. For 1980, they were included in the housing inventory provided they were intended for occupancy on the site where they stood.

Group Quarters—Group quarters are any living quarters which are not classified as housing units. There are two types of group quarters: (1) institutional group quarters, and (2) noninstitutional group quarters. Institutional group quarters are living quarters occupied by one or more persons under care or custody, such as children in an orphanage, persons in a nursing home, and prisoners in a penitentiary. Noninstitutional group quarters include living quarters such as college-owned and/or operated dormitories, fraternity and sorority houses, nurses' dormitories, and boarding houses. In addition, noninstitutional group quarters include any living quarters (other than those classified as institutional group quarters) which are occupied by 9 or more persons unrelated to the householder (person listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire), or by 10 or more unrelated persons. Information on the housing characteristics of group quarters was not collected in the census.

Comparability With 1970 Census Group Quarters Data—In 1970 a unit was classified as group quarters if it was shared by the person in charge and five or more persons unrelated to him or her, or if there was no person in charge, by six or more unrelated persons. For 1980 that requirement was raised to 9 or more persons unrelated to the person listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire or 10 or more unrelated persons.

Rules for Hotels, Rooming Houses, Etc.—Occupied rooms or suites of rooms in hotels, motels, and similar places are classified as housing units only when occupied by permanent residents; i.e., persons who consider the hotel as their usual place of residence or who have no usual place of residence elsewhere. Vacant rooms or suites of rooms are classified as housing units only in those hotels in which 75 percent or more of the accommodations are occupied by permanent residents.

If any of the occupants in a rooming or boarding house live and eat separately from everyone else in the building and have direct access, their quarters are classified as separate housing units. The remaining quarters are combined. If the combined quarters contain eight or fewer roomers unrelated to the householder, they are classified as one housing unit. If the combined quarters contain nine or more roomers unrelated to the householder or person in charge, they are classified as group quarters.

Staff Living Quarters—The living quarters occupied by staff personnel within any group quarters are separate housing units if they satisfy the housing unit criteria of separateness and direct access; otherwise, they are considered as group quarters.

**Year-Round Housing Units**—Data on housing characteristics in the 1980 census reports are limited to year-round housing units; i.e., all occupied units plus vacant

units available or intended for year-round use. Vacant units intended for seasonal occupancy and vacant units held for migratory labor are excluded because of the difficulty of obtaining reliable data on their characteristics.

## OCCUPANCY AND VACANCY CHARACTERISTICS

Occupied Housing Units - A housing unit is classified as occupied if it is the usual place of residence of the person or group of persons living in it at the time of enumeration, or if the occupants are only temporarily absent; e.g., away on vacation. If all the persons staving in the unit at the time of the census have their usual place of residence elsewhere, the unit is classified as vacant. A household includes all the persons who occupy a housing unit as their usual place of residence. By definition, therefore, the number of occupied housing units equals the number of households in the 1980 Census of Population reports.

In this report the numbers shown for occupied housing units are estimates based on a sample. In some cases there may be small differences between figures on occupied housing units shown here and comparable figures on households in the Census of Population reports. These differences may result from processing procedures used to inflate the population and housing sample data.

Householder—One person in each household is designated as the "householder." In most cases, this is the person, or one of the persons, in whose name the home is owned or rented and who is listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire. If there is no such person in the household, any adult household member could be designated as the "householder."

Child—A child is a son, daughter, stepchild, or adopted child of the householder regardless of the child's age or marital status. The category excludes sons-in-law and daughters-in-law. In this report, those classified as "own children" are sons and daughters, including stepchildren and adopted children, of the householder who are single (never married) and under 18 years of age.

Nonrelative—A nonrelative is any person in the household not related to the householder by birth, marriage, or adoption. Roomers, boarders, partners, roommates, paid employees, wards, and foster children are classified as nonrelatives. This report shows the number of households with one or more nonrelatives present in the unit.

**Age of Householder**—The age classification is based on the age of the person in completed years as of April 1, 1980. The data on age represent the difference, as calculated in the computer, between date of birth and April 1, 1980.

**Household Type**—Statistics by age of householder are presented separately for the following household types:

Married-couple families. For each household of this type, the householder and his or her spouse are enumerated as members of the same household. This category includes couples in formal marriages as well as in common-law marriages.

Male householder, no wife present. This type includes any household maintained by a male, regardless of his marital status, provided no wife is present in the household. Included are male householders who have no wife; male householders whose wives live elsewhere because of separation (marital discord) or other reason; and male householders who are widowed, divorced, or single.

Female householder, no husband present. This type includes any household maintained by a female, regardless of her marital status, provided no husband is present in the household. Included are female householders who have no husband and female householders whose husbands live elsewhere, as, for example, husbands in the Armed Forces living on a military base and female householders who are widowed, divorced, or single.

This report presents data on selected characteristics for one-person households, separately for male and female householders.

**Year Householder Moved Into Unit**—Data presented for this item are based on the in-

formation reported for the householder and refer to the year of the latest move. If the householder moved back into a unit the person previously occupied, the year of the latest move was reported. If the householder moved from one apartment to another in the same building, the year the householder moved into the present apartment was reported. The intent is to establish the year the present occupancy by the householder began. The year in which a householder moved is not necessarily the same year as the year other members of the household moved, although in the majority of cases the entire household moved at the same time (see question H19 in appendix E).

Vacant Housing Units—A housing unit is vacant if no one is living in it at the time of enumeration, unless its occupants are only temporarily absent. Units temporarily occupied at the time of enumeration entirely by persons who have a usual residence elsewhere are also classified as vacant.

New units not yet occupied are classified as vacant housing units if construction has reached a point where all exterior windows and doors are installed and final usable floors are in place. Vacant units are excluded if they are open to the elements; i.e., the roof, walls, windows, and/or doors no longer protect the interior from the elements, or if there is positive evidence (such as a sign on the house or in the block) that the unit is to be demolished or is condemned. Also excluded are quarters being used entirely for nonresidential purposes, such as a store or an office, or quarters used for the storage of business supplies or inventory, machinery, or agricultural products.

Vacancy Status—The data on vacancy status were tabulated from responses to questionnaire item C (see item C in appendix E). The data presented in this report are for year-round housing units "Vacant for sale only" and "Vacant for rent."

For sale only. Vacant year-round units being offered "For sale only," including individual units in cooperatives and condominium projects if the individual units are offered "For sale only."

For rent. Vacant year-round units offered "For rent," and vacant units offered either for rent or for sale. Duration of Vacancy—The statistics on duration of vacancy refer to the length of time (in months) from the date the last occupants moved from the unit to the date of enumeration (see item D in appendix E). The data, therefore, do not provide a direct measure of the total length of time units remain vacant. For newly constructed units which have never been occupied, the duration of vacancy is counted from the date construction was completed. For recently converted or merged units, the time is reported from the date conversion or merger was completed.

**Tenure**—A housing unit is "Owner occupied" if the owner or co-owner lives in the unit, even if it is mortgaged or not fully paid for. All other occupied units are classified as "Renter occupied," including units rented for cash rent and those occupied without payment of cash rent (see question H8 in appendix E).

Condominium Housing Units—A condominium involves ownership that enables a person to own an apartment or house in a development of similar units and to hold a common or joint ownership in common areas, hallways, entrances, elevators, etc. The owner has a deed to the individual unit, and, very likely, a mortgage on the unit. A condominium housing unit need not be occupied by the owner to be counted as such (see question H9 in appendix E).

Comparability With 1970 Census Condominium Housing Unit Data—In 1970, owner-occupied cooperatives and condominium housing units were identified together. The 1980 census identifies only condominium housing units. The 1980 question provides data on vacant and renter-occupied condominium housing units, not just owner-occupied condominium housing units as in 1970.

Race of the Householder—The data on race of the householder were derived from the answer to question 4, for the person listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire (see appendix E). The concept of race as used by the Census Bureau reflects self-identification by respondents; it does not denote any clear-cut scientific definition of biological stock. Since the 1980 census obtained information on race through self-identification, the data represent self-classification by people according

to the race with which they identify. In this report, data are presented for housing units classified by the race of the householder.

For persons who could not provide a single response to the race question, the race of the person's mother was used; if, however, a single response could not be provided for the person's mother, the first race reported by the person was used. This is a modification of the 1970 census procedure in which the race of the person's father was used.

The category "White" includes persons who indicated their race as White, as well as persons who did not classify themselves in one of the specific race categories listed on the questionnaire but entered a response such as Canadian, German, Italian, Lebanese, or Polish. In the 1980 census, persons who did not classify themselves in one of the specific race categories but marked "Other" and/or wrote in entries such as Cuban, Puerto Rican, Mexican, or Dominican were included in the "Other" race category. In the 1970 census, most of these persons were included in the "White" category.

The category "Black" includes persons who indicated their race as Black or Negro, as well as persons who did not classify themselves in one of the specific race categories listed in the questionnaire but reported entries such as Jamaican, Black Puerto Rican, West Indian, Haitian, or Nigerian.

The category "American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut" includes persons who classified themselves as such in one of the specific race categories. In addition, persons who did not report themselves in one of the specific race categories but entered the name of an Indian tribe or wrote in such entries as Canadian Indian, French-American Indian, or Spanish-American Indian were classified as "American Indian."

The category "Asian or Pacific Islander" includes persons who indicated their race as Chinese, Filipino, Japanese, Asian Indian, Korean, Vietnamese, Hawaiian, Samoan, and Guamanian, as well as persons who provided write-in entries of Asian and Pacific Islander groups such as Cambodian, Laotian, Pakistani, or Fijian under the "Other" race category. Also, persons who did not classify themselves in one of the specific race categories but wrote in an entry indicating one of the nine specific categories listed above (e.g., Chinese or Filipino) were classified accordingly. For example, entries of Nipponese and

Japanese American were classified as Japanese, entries of Taiwanese and Cantonese as Chinese, etc. "Race, n.e.c." includes all other persons not in the categories "White," "Black," "American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut," and "Asian or Pacific Islander." Persons reporting in the "Other" race category and providing write-in entries such as Eurasian, Cosmopolitan, Interracial, or a Spanish origin group (e.g., Mexican, Cuban, or Puerto Rican) were included in "Race, n.e.c."

If the race entry for the householder was missing on the questionnaire, an answer was assigned in the computer according to the reported entries of race of other household members using specific rules of precedence of household relationship. If race was not entered for anyone in the household (excluding paid employees), the race of a householder in a previously processed household was assigned. This procedure is a variation of the general allocation process described in Appendix D, "Accuracy of the Data."

Comparability Between Sample and 100-Percent Data for Race of the Householder - Estimates of the number of householders by race shown in this report may differ from complete count figures shown in other 1980 census reports. Such differences are the result of sampling variability, nonsampling error, and an additional edit and review performed on the sample questionnaires. Sampling variability and nonsampling error are explained in Appendix D, "Accuracy of the Data." The effect of the additional edit and review procedures varies substantially by racial group and geographic area but is generally negligible. A discussion of these procedures may be found in Series HC80-1-B, Detailed Housing Characteristics, and PC80-1-C, Social and Economic Characteristics of the Population.

Comparability With 1970 Census Data on Race of the Householder—Differences in census procedures and reporting by respondents in the 1980 census and 1970 census seriously affect the comparability for certain race groups. First, a large number of Spanish origin persons reported their race differently in the 1980 census than in the 1970 census. This difference in reporting has a substantial impact on the population totals and

comparability for the "White" population and the "Race, n.e.c." or "Other" race populations (shown as ''All other races'' in most 1970 publications). A much larger proportion of the Spanish origin population in 1980 than in 1970 reported their race in the questionnaire category "Other." Second, in 1970, most persons who marked the "Other" race category and wrote in a Spanish designation such as Mexican, Venezuelan, Latino, etc., were reclassified as "White." In 1980, such persons were not reclassified but remained in the "Other" race category. As a result of this procedural change and the differences in reporting by this population, the proportion of the Spanish origin population classified as "Other" race in the 1980 census was substantially higher than that in the 1970 census. Nationally in 1970, only 1 percent of the Spanish origin persons were classified as "Other" race and 93 percent as "White." The 1980 census sample data showed a much larger proportion - 38 percent—of the Spanish origin persons reported their race as "Other" and only 58 percent reported "White." As a consequence of these differences, 1980 householder totals for "White" and "Race, n.e.c." are not comparable with corresponding 1970 figures.

The 1980 census was the first in which data were collected separately for Eskimos and Aleuts in all States. In 1970, these data were available only for Alaska. Since Eskimos and Aleuts are highly concentrated in Alaska, these changes do not seriously affect the comparability of 1980 and 1970 data for these racial groups at the national level.

The 1980 total for the Asian and Pacific Islander population reflects a high level of immigration during the 1970's as well as a number of changes in census procedures which were developed, in part, as a result of this high level of immigration. First, the number of Asian and Pacific Islander categories listed separately on the 1980 census questionnaire was expanded over that in 1970 to include four additional groups: Vietnamese, Asian Indian, Guamanian, and Samoan. Asian Indians were classified as "White" in 1970 but were included in the "Asian and Pacific Islander" category in 1980. The Vietnamese, Guamanian, and Samoan populations were included in the "Other" race

category in the 1970 census but were included in the "Asian and Pacific Islander" category in 1980. Second, "Other Asian and Pacific Islander" groups such as Cambodian, Laotian, Pakistani, and Fijian were identified and tabulated as Asian and Pacific Islander in sample tabulations in the 1980 census; in 1970, most of these groups were included in the "Other" race category.

In 1980, data were collected separately for Hawaiians and Koreans in all States, but in 1970 data for the two groups were not collected for Alaska. (On the 1970 census questionnaire used in Alaska, Eskimo and Aleut were substituted for these two categories.) Since the numbers of Hawaiians and Koreans were small in Alaska, this questionnaire change does not have a major impact on the comparability of the 1980 and 1970 data for Hawaiians and Koreans at the national level.

**Spanish/Hispanic Origin of the Householder**—The data on Spanish/
Hispanic origin or descent of householder
were derived from answers to question 7, for the person listed in column 1 of
the census questionnaire (see appendix E).

Persons of Spanish/Hispanic origin or descent are those who reported either Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, or other Spanish/Hispanic origin in question 7. Persons who reported "Other Spanish/ Hispanic" origin are those whose origin is from Spain or the Spanish-speaking countries of Central or South America, or they are persons identifying their origin or descent as being Spanish, Spanish-American, Hispano, Latino, etc. Origin or descent can be regarded as the ancestry, nationality group, lineage, or country in which the person or person's parents or ancestors were born before their arrival in the United States. It is important to note that persons of Spanish origin may be of any race. In this report, data are presented for housing units classified by the Spanish origin of the householder.

Persons of more than one Spanish origin and persons of both a Spanish and another origin who were in doubt as to how to report a specific origin were classified according to the origin of the person's mother. If a single origin could not be provided for the person's mother, the first origin reported by the person was recorded.

If the householder failed to respond to the Spanish/Hispanic origin question, a response was assigned by computer in the sample edit operation according to available related information such as ancestry and place of birth reported for the householder. If such information was not reported, origin was assigned from entries of other household members using specific rules of precedence of household relationship. If no origin was reported for any household member (excluding a paid employee), then an origin was assigned from another household with a householder of the same race. This procedure is a variation of the general allocation process described in Appendix D, "Accuracy of the Data."

Limitations of the Data on Householders of Spanish/Hispanic Origin—A preliminary evaluation study of the reporting in the 1980 census item on Spanish origin indicated that there was misreporting in the Mexican origin category by White and Black persons in certain areas. The study results showed evidence that the misreporting occurred mainly in the South (excluding Texas), the Northeast (excluding the New York City area), and a few States in the North Central Region. Also, results based on available data suggest that the impact of potential misreporting of Mexican origin in the 1980 census is severe in those portions of the above-mentioned regions where the Spanish origin population is generally sparse. However, 1980 census data on the Mexican origin population or total Spanish origin population, at the national level, are not seriously affected by the reporting problem. For a more detailed discussion of the evaluation of the Spanish origin item, see the 1980 Population Census Supplementary reports, Series PC80-S1-7, "Persons of Spanish Origin by State: 1980."

Comparability Between Sample and 100-Percent Data on Householders of Spanish/Hispanic Origin-The data on householders of Spanish origin shown in this report may differ from comparable figures shown in other 1980 census reports. Such differences are the result of sampling variability, nonsampling error, and more extensive edit procedures performed for the Spanish origin item on the sample questionnaires. The data in this report are based on a sample, whereas certain other reports (e.g., the HC80-1-A series) present data based on 100-percent tabulations. Sample data are subject to sampling variability, as explained in Appendix D, " Accuracy of the Data."

Information now available indicates that, since the effects of the more extensive edit were generally limited, the 100-percent tabulations are usually the preferable source for data on householders of Spanish origin. That is, in the case of figures available for Spanish origin groups, both in this report and for corresponding areas in the HC80-1-A report, the latter source is usually the preferred one. In the case of distributions for subjects covered only on a sample basis (e.g., units in structure, mortgage status and seiected monthly owner costs, gross rent, etc.), the sample figures are the only data available and should be used within the context of the sampling variability associated with them.

Comparability With 1970 Census Data on Householders of Spanish Origin and Householders of Spanish Heritage - The 1980 census figures on householders of Spanish origin are not directly comparable with the 1970 census data on householders of Spanish origin because of a number of factors; namely, overall improvements in the 1980 census, better coverage of the population, improved question design, and an effective public relations campaign by the Census Bureau with the assistance of national and community ethnic groups. These efforts at census improvements explain, in part, the large increase in the number of Hispanics over 1970. Also, these efforts undoubtly resulted in the inclusion of a sizable but unknown number of persons of Spanish/ Hispanic origin who are in the country in other than legal status.

In the 1980 census Spanish origin question, specific changes in design from the 1970 question included the placement of the category "No (not Spanish/Hispanic)" as the first category in that question. (The corresponding category appeared last in the 1970 guestion.) Also, the 1970 category "Central or South American" was deleted from the 1980 question because in 1970 some respondents misinterpreted the category. Furthermore, the designations "Mexican-American" and "Chicano" were added to the Spanish origin question in 1980. In the 1970 census, the question on Spanish origin was asked of only a 5-percent sample of the population; in the 1980 census, the Spanish origin question was asked of everyone in the Nation.

The 1970 Census Metropolitan Housing Characteristics reports present data on housing units occupied by householders of Spanish heritage. In the 1970 census, the

category Spanish heritage was created to consolidate data for Spanish ancestry persons in various parts of the United States. The Spanish heritage population, therefore, was specifically termed when reference was made to particular areas. For example, in five southwestern States (Arizona, California, Colorado, New Mexico, and Texas) the population of Spanish heritage was specified as the population of Spanish language or surname; in three mid-Atlantic States (New York, New Jersey, and Pennsylvania), as the population of Puerto Rican birth or parentage; and in the remaining 42 States and the District of Columbia, as the population of Spanish language. The information for the population of Spanish heritage was obtained from the 15-percent sample of the census questionnaires. Data for this group of householders are not comparable to the 1980 census data on householders of Spanish origin which were based only on responses to the specific census question on Spanish/Hispanic origin for the person listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire.

#### **UTILIZATION CHARACTERISTICS**

Persons—All persons occupying the housing unit are included. These persons include not only occupants related to the householder but also any lodgers, roomers, boarders, partners, roommates, wards, foster children, and resident employees who share the living quarters of the householder. The data on "Persons in unit" show the number of housing units occupied by the specified number of persons. "Total persons" is the total number of persons living in the housing units in the particular category.

Rooms-The statistics on "Rooms" are in terms of the number of housing units with a specified number of rooms (see question H7 in appendix E). The intent of this question is to count the number of whole rooms used for living purposes. For each unit they include living rooms, dining rooms, kitchens, bedrooms, finished recreation rooms, enclosed porches suitable for year-round use, and lodger's rooms. Excluded are strip or pullman kitchens, bathrooms, open porches, balconies, halls, half-rooms, utility rooms, unfinished attics or basements, or other unfinished space used for storage. A partially divided room is a separate room only if there is a partition from floor to ceiling.

**Persons Per Room**—"Persons per room" is a derived measure obtained by dividing the number of persons in each occupied housing unit by the number of rooms in the unit. The figures shown refer, therefore, to the number of occupied housing units having the specified ratio of persons per room.

**Bedrooms**—The number of "Bedrooms" in the unit is the count of rooms used mainly for sleeping, even if also used for other purposes. Rooms reserved for sleeping, such as guest rooms, even though used infrequently, are counted as bedrooms. On the other hand, rooms used mainly for other purposes, even though used also for sleeping, such as a living room with a sofa bed, are not considered bedrooms. A housing unit consisting of only one room, such as a one-room efficiency apartment, is classified, by definition, as having no bedroom (see question H24 in appendix E).

#### STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS

Year Structure Built—"Year structure built" refers to when the building was first constructed, not when it was remodeled, added to, or converted. For a houseboat or mobile home or trailer, the manufacturer's model year is assumed to be the year built. The figures shown in this report relate to the number of units in structures built during the specified periods and in existence at the time of enumeration (see question H18 in appendix E).

Units in Structure—A structure is a separate building that either has open space on all sides or is separated from other structures by dividing walls that extend from ground to roof. In the determination of the number of units in a structure, all housing units, both occupied and vacant, were counted. The statistics are presented for the number of housing units in structures of specified type and size, not for the number of residential buildings. The category "Mobile home or trailer, etc." includes mobile homes, trailers, boats, tents, vans, etc. (see question H13 in appendix E).

**Stories in Structure**—The count of stories (floors) in structure includes basements or attics if these contain finished rooms for living purposes (see question H14a in appendix E).

Passenger Elevator—Statistics on elevator in structure are presented for housing units in structures with four or more stories or floors. If the housing units in structures with four or

more stories have an elevator used only for freight, the units are not included in the category "With elevator" (see question H14b in appendix E).

#### **PLUMBING CHARACTERISTICS**

Plumbing Facilities—The category "Complete plumbing for exclusive use" consists of units which have hot and cold piped water, a flush toilet, and a bathtub or shower inside the housing unit for the exclusive use of the occupants of the unit. "Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use" includes those conditions when (1) all three specified plumbing facilities are present inside the unit, but are also used by another household; (2) some but not all the facilities are present; or (3) none of the three specified plumbing facilities is present (see question H6 in appendix E).

Comparability With 1970 Census Plumbing Facilities Data—In 1970, there were separate questions on the presence of hot and cold piped water, a bathtub or shower, and a flush toilet. For 1980, these three items were combined into a single question on plumbing facilities. In addition, the facilities must be inside the housing unit rather than inside the structure as in 1970.

#### **EQUIPMENT AND FUELS**

Heating Equipment—Respondents were asked to report the type of heating equipment used as the primary source of heat for their housing unit. The categories shown in the report are: (1) steam or hot water system; (2) central warm-air furnace or electric heat pump; (3) other built-in electric units; (4) floor, wall, or pipeless furnace; and (5) other means. "Other means" includes room heaters with flue or vent that burn gas, oil, or kerosene; nonportable room heaters without flue or vent that burn gas, oil, or kerosene; and fireplaces, stoves, or portable room heaters of any kind that can be picked up and moved. A central heating system includes types (1) through (4) listed above. For vacant units which have had the heating equipment removed, the kind of equipment used by the previous occupants is considered to be the heating equipment for the unit (see question H20 in appendix E).

Comparability With 1970 Census Heating Equipment Data—In 1970, central

heat pumps were included as part of the category "Warm-air furnace" and individual room heat pumps were included in the category "Built-in electric units." In 1980, heat pumps have been combined and are included in this report in the category "Central warm-air furnace or electric heat pump."

Air Conditioning—"Air conditioning" is defined as the cooling of air by a refrigeration unit. It does not include evaporative coolers, fans, or blowers which are not connected to a refrigeration unit; however, it does include heat pumps. A central system is an installation which air conditions a number of rooms. In an apartment building, such a system may cool all apartments in the building, each apartment may have its own central system, or there may be several systems, each providing central air conditioning for a group of apartments. A system with individual room controls is a central system. A room unit is an individual air conditioner which is installed in a window or an outside wall and is generally intended to cool one room, although it may sometimes be used to cool more than one room (see question H27 in appendix E).

Vehicles Available - Data for this item refer to the number of households with vehicles available at home for the use of the members of the household. Included in this item are passenger cars, pickup trucks, small panel trucks of one-ton capacity or less, as well as station wagons, company cars, and taxicabs kept at home for use of household members. Cars rented or leased for 1 month or more; police and government cars kept at home; and company vans and trucks of 1-ton capacity or less are also included if kept at home and used for nonbusiness purposes. Dismantled cars, immobile cars used as a source of power for some piece of machinery, and cars, vans, and trucks kept at home but used only for business purposes are excluded. The statistics do not reflect the number of vehicles privately owned or the number of households owning vehicles (see questions H28 and H29 in appendix E).

Comparability With 1970 Census Automobiles Available Data—In 1970, only data on the number of households with automobiles which were owned or regularly used by members of the household were obtained. Taxicabs, pickups, or large trucks were not counted. In 1980, the data on automobiles available include taxicabs if kept at home for use of household members but exclude pickups or larger trucks. Separate

data were obtained in 1980 on the number of housing units with vans or trucks of 1-ton capacity or less kept at home for use of members of the household.

Fuels Used for House Heating and Water Heating-"Utility gas" is gas piped through underground pipes from a central system that serves the neighborhood. "Bottled, tank, or LP gas" is stored in tanks which are refilled or exchanged when empty. "Fuel oil, kerosene, etc." includes fuel oil, kerosene, gasoline, alcohol, and other combustible liquids. For data on house heating fuel, the category "Other" includes any other fuel such as purchased steam, coal dust, briquettes made of pitch and sawdust, waste materials such as corn cobs, etc. For data on water heating fuel, the category "Other" also includes coal or coke, and wood (see question H21 in appendix E).

#### FINANCIAL CHARACTERISTICS

Value—Value is the respondent's estimate of how much the property (house and lot) would sell for, if it were for sale (see question H11 in appendix E).

Value is tabulated for certain kinds of housing units. Value statistics are presented for "Specified owner-occupied" housing units. These "specified" housing units include only one-family houses on less than 10 acres without a commercial establishment or medical office on the property. The data exclude owner-occupied condominium housing units, mobile homes, trailers, boats, tents, or vans occupied as a usual residence, as well as owner-occupied noncondominium units in multi-family buildings. The "Specified owner-occupied" universes are the same for the value tabulation and the mortgage status and selected monthly owner costs tabulation.

**Price Asked**—For vacant for sale only housing units, the price asked is the amount asked for the property at the time of enumeration. The statistics on price asked are shown for "Specified vacant for sale only" housing units, which include vacant for sale only one-family houses on less than 10 acres without a commercial establishment or medical office on the property. The data also exclude condominium units and mobile homes.

Mortgage Status and Selected Monthly Owner Costs—The data are presented for "Specified owner-occupied" housing units. These "specified" housing units include only

one-family houses on less than 10 acres without a commercial establishment or medical office on the property. The data exclude owner-occupied condominium housing units, mobile homes, trailers, boats, tents, or vans occupied as a usual residence, as well as owner-occupied noncondominium units in multi-family buildings. Separate distributions of owner costs are shown for units "With a mortgage" and for units "Not mortgaged." Selected monthly owner costs is the sum of payments for mortgages, deeds of trust, or similar debts on the property; real estate taxes; fire and hazard insurance on the property; utilities (electricity, gas, and water); and fuels (oil, coal, kerosene, wood, etc.) (see questions H30, H31, and H32 in appendix E).

Mortgage Status and Selected Monthly Owner Costs as a Percentage of Household Income in 1979-Selected monthly housing costs is expressed as a percentage of monthly household income (total household income in 1979 divided by 12). The percentage is presented for the same owner-occupied units for which selected monthly owner costs was tabulated; thus, the statistics reflect the exclusion of certain owner-occupied units. The percentage was computed separately for each unit and was rounded to the nearest whole number. Units occupied by households that reported no income or a net loss comprise the category "Not computed."

Rent—The statistics on rent are tabulated for "Specified renter-occupied" housing units and for "Specified vacant for rent" housing units which include renter units except one-family houses on 10 or more acres. Respondents were asked to report rent only for the housing unit enumerated and to exclude any rent paid for additional units or for business premises. Renter units occupied without payment of cash rent are shown separately as "No cash rent" in the rent tabulations.

Contract Rent. "Contract rent" is the monthly rent agreed to, or contracted for, regardless of any furnishings, utilities, or services that may be included (see question H12 in appendix E).

Gross Rent. The computed rent termed "Gross rent" is the contract rent plus the estimated average monthly cost of utilities (electricity, gas, and water) and fuels (oil, coal, kerosene, wood, etc.) if these are

paid for by the renter (or paid for the renter by someone else) in addition to rent. Gross rent is intended to eliminate differentials which result from varying practices with respect to the inclusion of utilities and fuels as part of the rental payment. The estimated costs of water and fuels are reported on a yearly basis but are converted to monthly figures in the computation process (see questions H12 and H22 in appendix E).

Rent Asked. For "Specified vacant for rent" housing units, the rent asked is the amount asked for the rental of the unit at the time of enumeration.

Gross Rent as a Percentage of Household Income in 1979—Monthly gross rent is expressed as a percentage of monthly household income (total household income in 1979 divided by 12). The percentage is presented for the same renter-occupied units for which gross rent was tabulated; thus, the statistics reflect the exclusion of certain renter-occupied units. The percentage was computed separately for each unit and was rounded to the nearest whole number. Units for which no cash rent is paid and units occupied by households that reported no income or a net loss comprise the category "Not computed."

Household Income in 1979-Household income is the sum of the money income of all persons 15 years old and over occupying the housing unit, including persons not related to the householder. Data on income are based on money income received in the calendar year 1979 Income is the algebraic sum of the amounts reported separately for wage and salary income; nonfarm net self-employment income; farm net self-employment income; interest, dividend, net rental or royalty income; Social Security or Railroad Retirement income; public assistance or welfare income; and all other income. The figures represent the amount of income received before deductions for personal income taxes, Social Security, bond purchases, union dues, medicare deductions, etc.

Receipts from the following sources were not included as income: money received from the sale of property (unless the recipient was engaged in the business of selling such property); the value of income "in kind" from food stamps, public housing subsidies, medical care, employer's contributions for pensions, etc.; withdrawal of bank deposits; money borrowed; tax refunds; exchange of money between relatives living in the same household; gifts and lump-sum inheritances, insurance payments, and other types of lump-sum receipts.

Although the income statistics cover the calendar year 1979, the composition of households refers to the time of enumeration (April 1, 1980). However, the composition of most households was the same during 1979 as in April 1980. There may be differences between the data on household income in 1979 in this report and similar data shown in the reports, Summary Characteristics for Governmental Units and Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas, PHC80-3, and in the Supplementary Reports. Advance Estimates of Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics, PHC80-S2. Any such differences are a result of errors in the income data which were corrected after the release of the PHC80-3 and the PHC80-S2 reports.

Median Income—The median income values presented in this report are computed on the basis of more detailed income intervals than shown in the tables. Median income figures of \$30,000 or less are generally calculated using linear interpolation; all other median income amounts are derived through pareto interpolation.

Comparability With 1970 Census Income Data—In 1970, the statistics on income presented in Series HC80-2, Metropolitan Housing Characteristics reports related to the income of the family or primary individual occupying the housing unit; that is, the sum of the income of the head of the family and all other members of the family 14 years old and over or the income of the primary individual. Income of persons living in

the unit but not related to the head of household was not included. In 1980, the statistics on income relate to the income of the household; that is, the sum of the income of all persons 15 years old and over occupying a housing unit, including persons not related to the householder.

A discussion on comparability of income data from other sources including earlier censuses may be found in the 1980 Census of Population reports, *General Social and Economic Characteristics*, PC80-1-C.

Poverty Status in 1979-Households are classified below the poverty level when the total 1979 income of the family or of the nonfamily householder is below the appropriate poverty threshold. The income of persons living in the household who are unrelated to the householder is not considered when determining the poverty status of a household. The poverty thresholds vary depending upon three criteria: size of family, number of children, and age of the family householder or unrelated individual. The criteria used in the 1980 census differ slightly from those used in the 1970 census, which took into account the same three factors as well as sex of the family householder or unrelated individual and farm-nonfarm residence. In addition, for the 1980 census the thresholds by size of family were extended from seven or more persons to nine or more persons. The income cutoffs are updated each year to reflect the change in the Consumer Price Index. A more detailed explanation of the poverty definition may be found in the 1980 Census of Population reports, General Social and Economic Characteristics, PC80-1-C

There may be slight differences between the data on poverty status in 1979 in this report and similar data shown in the reports, Summary Characteristics for Governmental Units and Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas, PHC80-3, and in the Supplementary Reports, Advance Estimates of Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics, PHC80-S2. Any such differences are a result of errors in the income data which were corrected after the release of the PHC80-3 and the PHC80-S2 reports.

## Thresholds at the Poverty Level in 1979 by Size of Family and Number of Related Children Under 18 Years

(Figures in dollars. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction)

	Weighted			R	elated chi	ldren unde	r 18 years			
Size of Family Unit	average thresholds	None	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8 or more
1 person (unrelated individual)	3,686	3,686								
Under 65 years	3,774	3,774		•••	• • •				• • •	• • • •
65 years and over	3,479	3,479	• • •	• • •	• • •	•••	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • • •
2 persons	4,723 4,876 4,389	4,723 4,858 4,385	5,000 4,981		:::				:::	
3 persons	5,787	5,674	5,839	5,844	• • •	• • •	• • •			• • • •
4 persons	7,412	7,482	7,605	7,356	7,382	• • •	• • •		• • •	• • •
5 persons	8,776	9,023	9,154	8,874	8,657	8,525	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • • •
6 persons	9,915	10,378	10,419	10,205	9,999	9,693	9,512		• • •	• • •
7 persons	11,237	11,941	12,016	11,759	11,580	11,246	10,857	10,429		• • • •
8 persons	12,484	13,356	13,473	13,231	13,018	12,717	12,334	11,936	11,835	
9 or more persons	14,812	16,066	16,144	15,929	15,749	15,453	15,046	14,677	14,586	14,024



## Appendix C.—General Enumeration and Processing Procedures

USUAL PLACE OF RESIDENCE	C-1
Armed Forces	
Crews of Merchant Vessels	C-1
Persons Away at School	C-1
Persons in Institutions	C-1
Persons Away From Their	
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#### **USUAL PLACE OF RESIDENCE**

In accordance with census practice dating back to the first U.S. census in 1790, each person enumerated in the 1980 census was counted as an inhabitant of his or her "usual place of residence," which is generally construed to mean the place where the person lives and sleeps most of the time. This place is not necessarily the same as the person's legal residence or voting residence. In the vast majority of cases, however, the use of these different bases of classification would produce substantially the same statistics, although there might be appreciable differences for a few areas.

The implementation of this practice has resulted in the establishment of residence rules for certain categories of persons whose usual place of residence is not immediately apparent. Furthermore, this practice means that persons were not always counted as residents of the place where they happened to be staying on Census Day (April 1). Persons without a usual place of residence, however, were counted where they happened to be staying.

#### **Armed Forces**

Members of the Armed Forces living on a military installation were counted, as in every previous census, as residents of the area in which the installation was located; members of the Armed Forces not living on a military installation were counted as residents of the area in which they were living. Family members of Armed Forces personnel were counted where they were living on Census Day (i.e., with the Armed Forces personnel or at another location, as the case might be).

Each Navy ship was attributed to the municipality that the Department of the Navy designated as its homeport, except for those ships which were deployed to the 6th or 7th Fleet on Census Day. As was done in the 1970 census, naval personnel aboard deployed ships were defined in the 1980 census as part of the overseas population, because deployment to the 6th or 7th Fleet implies a long-term overseas assignment.

In homeports with fewer than 1,000 naval personnel assigned to ships, the crews were counted aboard the ship. In homeports with 1,000 or more naval personnel assigned to ships, the naval personnel who indicated that they had a usual residence within 50 miles of the homeport of their ship were attributed to that residence.

When a homeport designated by the Navy was contained in more than one municipality, ships homeported and berthed there on Census Day were assigned by the Bureau of the Census to the municipality in which the land immediately adjacent to the dock or pier was actually located. Other ships attributed by the Navy to that homeport, but which were not physically present and not deployed to the 6th or 7th Fleet on Census Day, were allocated to the municipality named on the Navy's homeport list.

#### **Crews of Merchant Vessels**

Shipboard Census Reports were mailed to crews of merchant vessels through the ships' respective owner-operators based on lists of U.S. flag merchant vessels obtained from the Maritime Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce.

If the ship was berthed in a U.S. port on Census Day, the crew was enumerated as of that port. If the ship was

not berthed in a U.S. port but was inside the territorial waters of the United States, the crew was enumerated as of (a) the port of destination if that port was inside the United States or (b) the homeport of the ship if its port of destination was outside the United States. Crews of U.S. flag vessels which were outside U.S. territorial waters on Census Day and crews of vessels flying a foreign flag were not enumerated in the 1980 census.

### Persons Away at School

College students were counted as residents of the area in which they were living while attending college, as they have been since 1950. However, children in boarding schools below the college level were counted at their parental home.

#### Persons in Institutions

Inmates of institutions, who ordinarily live there for considerable periods of time, were counted as residents of the area where the institution was located. Patients in short-term wards (general, maternity, etc.) of hospitals were counted at their usual place of residence; if they had no usual place of residence, they were counted at the hospital.

## Persons Away From Their Residence on Census Day

Persons in hotels, motels, etc., on the night of March 31, 1980, were requested to fill out a census form for assignment of their census information back to their homes if they indicated that no one was at home to report them in the census. A similar approach was used for persons visiting in private residences, as well as for Americans who left the United States during March 1980 via major intercontinental air or ship carriers for temporary travel abroad. In addition, information on persons away from their usual place of residence was obtained from other members of their families, resident managers, neighbors, etc. If an entire household was expected to be

away during the whole period of the enumeration, information on that household was obtained from neighbors. A matching process was used to eliminate duplicate reports for persons who reported for themselves while away from their usual residence and who were also reported at this usual residence by someone else.

A special enumeration was conducted in such facilities as missions, flophouses, jails, detention centers, etc., on the night of April 6, 1980, and persons enumerated therein were counted as residents of the area in which the establishment was located.

#### Americans Abroad

Americans who were overseas for an extended period (in the Armed Forces, working at civilian jobs, studying in foreign universities, etc.) were not included in the population of any State or the District of Columbia. On the other hand, Americans who were temporarily abroad on vacations, business trips, and the like were counted at their usual residence in the United States.

### Citizens of Foreign Countries

Citizens of foreign countries having their usual residence (legally or illegally) in the United States on Census Day, including those working here (but not living at an embassy, ministry, legation, chancellery, or consulate) and those attending school (but not living at an embassy, etc.), were included in the enumeration, as were members of their families living with them. However, citizens of foreign countries temporarily visiting or traveling in the United States or living on the premises of an embassy, etc., were not enumerated in the 1980 census.

## DATA COLLECTION PROCEDURES

The 1980 census was conducted primarily through self-enumeration. A census questionnaire was delivered by postal carriers to every housing unit several days before Census Day, April 1, 1980. This questionnaire included explanatory information and was accompanied by an instruction guide. Spanish-language versions of the questionnaire and instruction guide were available on request. The questionnaire

was also available in narrative translation in 32 languages.

In most areas of the United States, altogether containing about 95 percent of the population, the householder was requested to fill out and mail back the questionnaire on Census Day. Approximately 83 percent of these households returned their forms by mail. Households that did not mail back a form and vacant housing units were visited by an enumerator. Households that returned a form with incomplete or inconsistent information that exceeded a specified tolerance were contacted by telephone or, if necessary, by a personal visit, to obtain the missing information.

In the remaining (mostly sparsely settled) area of the country, which contained about 5 percent of the population, the householder was requested to fill out the questionnaire and hold it until visited by an enumerator. Incomplete and unfilled forms were completed by interview during the enumerator's visit. Vacant units were enumerated by a personal visit and observation.

Each housing unit in the country received one of two versions of the census questionnaire: a short-form questionnaire containing a limited number of basic population and housing questions or a long-form questionnaire containing these basic questions as well as a number of additional questions. A sampling procedure was used to determine those units which were to receive the longform questionnaire. Two sampling rates were employed. For most of the country, one in every six housing units (about 17 percent) received the long form or sample questionnaire; in counties, incorporated places and minor civil divisions estimated to have fewer than 2,500 inhabitants, every other housing unit (50 percent) received the sample questionnaire to enhance the reliability of sample data in small areas.

Special questionnaires were used for the enumeration of persons in group quarters such as colleges and universities, hospitals, prisons, military installations, and ships. These forms contained the population questions but did not include any housing questions. In addition to the regular census questionnaires, the Supplementary Questionnaire for American Indians was used in conjunction with the short form on Federal and State reservations and in the historic areas of

Oklahoma (excluding urbanized areas) for households that had at least one American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut household member.

#### PROCESSING PROCEDURES

The 1980 census questionnaires were processed in a manner similar to that for the 1970 and 1960 censuses. They were designed to be processed electronically by the Film Optical Sensing Device for Input to Computer (FOSDIC), For most items on the questionnaire, the information supplied by the respondent or obtained by the enumerator was indicated by marking the answers in predesignated positions that would be "read" by FOSDIC from a microfilm copy of the questionnaire and transferred onto computer tape with no intervening manual processing. The computer tape did not include information on individual names and addresses.

The data processing was performed in two stages. For 100-percent data, all short forms, and pages 2 and 3 of the long forms (which have the same questions as the short form), were microfilmed, "read" by FOSDIC, and transferred onto computer tape for tabulation. For the sample data, the long form (or sample) questionnaires were processed through manual coding operations since some questions required the respondent to provide write-in entries which could not be read by FOSDIC. Census Bureau coders assigned alphabetical or numerical codes to the write-in answers in FOSDIC readable code boxes on each questionnaire. After all coding was completed, the long forms were microfilmed, and the film was "read" by FOSDIC and transferred onto computer tape.

The tape containing the information from the questionnaires was processed on the Census Bureau's computers through a number of editing and tabulation steps. Among the products of this operation were computer tapes from which the tables in this report (and most others in the 1980 census publications) were prepared on phototypesetting equipment at the Government Printing Office.

A more detailed description of the data collection and processing procedures can be obtained from the 1980 Census of Population and Housing, *Users' Guide*, PHC80-R1.

## Appendix D. — Accuracy of the Data

D-1
D-1
D-1
D-2
D - 3
D-3
D-3
D-5
D-5
D-5
D-6
D-6
D-6
D-6

#### INTRODUCTION

The data presented in this publication are based on the 1980 census sample. The data are estimates of the actual figures that would have resulted from a complete count. Estimates can be expected to vary from the complete count result because they are subject to two basic types of error-sampling and nonsampling. The sampling error in the data arises from the selection of persons and housing units to be included in the sample. The nonsampling error is the result of all other errors that may occur during the collection and processing phases of the census. A more detailed discussion of both sampling and nonsampling error and a description of the estimation procedure are given in this appendix.

#### SAMPLE DESIGN

While every person and housing unit in the 1980 census was enumerated on a

questionnaire that requested certain basic demographic information (e.g., age, number of rooms in living quarters, monthly rent), a sample of persons and housing units was enumerated on a questionnaire that requested additional information. The basic sampling unit for the 1980 census was the housing unit, including all occupants. For persons living in group quarters, the sampling unit was the person. Two sampling rates were employed. In counties, incorporated places and minor civil divisions estimated to have fewer than 2,500 persons (based on precensus estimates), one-half of all housing units and persons in group quarters were to be included in the sample. In all other areas, one-sixth of the housing units or persons in group quarters were sampled. The purpose of this scheme was to provide relatively more reliable estimates for small areas. When both sampling rates were taken into account across the Nation, approximately 19 percent of the Nation's housing units were included in the census sample.

The sample designation method depended on the data collection procedures. In areas containing about 95 percent of the population the census was taken by the mailout/mailback procedure. these areas, the Bureau of the Census either purchased a commercial mailing list which was updated and corrected by Census Bureau field staff, or prepared a mailing list by canvassing and listing each address in the area prior to Census Day. These lists were computerized, and every sixth unit (for 1-in-6 areas) or every second unit (for 1-in-2 areas) was designated as a sample unit by computer. Both of these lists were also corrected by the Post Office.

In non-mailout/mailback areas, a blank listing book with designated sample lines (every sixth or every second line) was prepared for the enumerator. Beginning about Census Day, the enumerator sys-

tematically canvassed the area and listed all housing units in the listing book in the order they were encountered. Completed questionnaires, including sample information for any housing unit which was listed on a designated sample line, were collected.

In both types of data collection procedure areas, an enumerator was responsible for a small geographic area known as an enumeration district, or ED. An ED usually represented the average workload area for one enumerator.

#### **ERRORS IN THE DATA**

Since the data in this publication are based on a sample, they may differ somewhat from complete-count figures that would have been obtained if all housing units, persons within those housing units, and persons living in group quarters had been enumerated using the same questionnaires, instructions, enumerators, etc. The deviation of a sample estimate from the average of all possible samples is called the sampling error. The standard error of a survey estimate is a measure of the variation among the estimates from the possible samples and thus is a measure of the precision with which an estimate from a particular sample approximates the average result of all possible samples. The sample estimate and its estimated standard error permit the construction of interval estimates with prescribed confidence that the interval includes the average result of all possible samples. The method of calculating standard errors and confidence intervals for the data in this report is given below.

In addition to the variability which arises from the sampling procedures, both sample data and complete-count data are subject to nonsampling error. Nonsampling error may be introduced during each of the many extensive and complex

operations used to collect and process census data. For example, operations such as editing, reviewing, or handling questionnaires may introduce error into the data. A more detailed discussion of the sources of nonsampling error is given in the section on "Control of Nonsampling Error" in this appendix.

Nonsampling error may affect the data in two ways. Errors that are introduced randomly will increase the variability of the data and should therefore be reflected in the standard error. Errors that tend to be consistent in one direction will make both sample and complete-count data biased in that direction. For example, if respondents consistently tend to underreport their income, then the resulting counts of households or families by income category will be skewed toward the lower income categories. Such biases are not reflected in the standard error.

#### Calculation of Standard Errors

Totals and Percentages-Tables A through D in this appendix contain the information necessary to calculate the standard errors of sample estimates in this report. In order to perform this calculation, it is necessary to know the unadjusted standard error for the characteristic, given in table A or B, that would result under a simple random sample design (of persons, families, or housing units) and estimation technique; the adjustment factor for the particular characteristic estimated, given in table C; and the number of housing units in the tabulation area and the percent of these in sample, given in table D. The adjustment factors reflect the effects of the actual sample design and complex ratio estimation procedure used for the 1980 census.

To calculate the approximate standard error of an estimate for a geographic area, follow the steps given below:

- a. Obtain the unadjusted standard error from table A or B (or from the formula given below the table) for the estimated total or percentage, respectively.
- b. Find the geographic area with which you are working in table D and obtain the housing unit "percent in sample" figure for this area.
- c. Use table C to obtain the factor for the characteristics (e.g., air-

conditioning, year structure built) and the range that contains the percent-in-sample with which you are working. Multiply the unadjusted standard error by this factor. If the estimate is a cross-tabulation of more than one characteristic, use the largest factor.

As is evident from the formula below tables A and B, the unadjusted standard errors of zero estimates or of very small estimated totals or percentages approach zero. This is also the case for very large percentages or estimated totals that are close to the size of the tabulation areas to which they correspond. These estimated totals and percentages are, nevertheless, still subject to sampling and non-sampling variability, and an estimated standard error of zero (or a very small standard error) is not appropriate.

For estimated percentages that are less than 2 or greater than 98, use the *unadjusted* standard errors in table B that appear in the "2 or 98" row. For an estimated total that is less than 50 or within 50 of the total size of the tabulation area, use an *unadjusted* standard error of 16.

An illustration of the use of the tables is given in a later section of this appendix.

Differences—The standard errors estimated from these tables are not directly applicable to differences between two sample estimates. In order to estimate the standard error of a difference the tables are to be used somewhat differently in the following three situations:

- a. For the difference between a sample estimate and a complete-count value, use the standard error of the sample estimate.
- b. For the difference between (or sum of) two sample estimates, the appropriate standard error is approximately the square root of the sum of the two individual standard errors squared; that is, for standard errors Se<sub>x</sub> and Se<sub>y</sub> of estimates x and v:

Se 
$$(x+y)$$
 = Se  $(x-y) \doteq \sqrt{(Se_x)^2 + (Se_y)^2}$ 

This method, however, will underestimate (overestimate) the standard error if the two items in a sum are highly positively (negatively) correlated or if the two items in a difference are highly negatively (positively) correlated. This method may also be used for the difference between (or sum of) sample estimates from two censuses or between a census sample and another survey. The standard error for estimates not based on the 1980 census sample must be obtained from an appropriate source outside of this publication.

c. For the difference between two estimates, one of which is a subclass of the other, use the tables directly where the calculated difference is the estimate of interest.

Means—The standard error of a mean depends upon the variability of the distribution on which the mean is based, the size of the sample, the sample design (e.g., the use of households as a sampling unit), and the estimation procedure used.

An approximation to the standard error of the mean may be obtained as follows: compute the variance of the distribution on which the mean is based; multiply this value by five and divide the product by the total count of units in the distribution; obtain the square root of this quotient and multiply the result by the adjustment factor from table C that is appropriate for the characteristic on which the mean is based.

Medians-For the standard error of a median of a characteristic, it is necessary to examine the distribution from which the median is derived, as the size of the base and the distribution itself affect the standard error. An approximate method is given here. As the first step, compute one-half of the number on which the median is based (refer to this result as N/2). Treat N/2 as if it were an ordinary estimate and obtain its standard error as instructed above using tables A, C, and Compute the desired confidence interval about N/2. Starting with the lowest value of the characteristic, cumulate the frequencies in each category of the characteristic until the sum equals or first exceeds the lower limit of the confidence interval about N/2. By linear interpolation, obtain a value of the characteristic corresponding to this sum. This is the lower limit of the confidence interval of the median. In a similar manner, cumulate frequencies starting from

the highest value of the characteristic until the sum equals or exceeds the count in excess of the upper limit of the interval Interpolate as before to about N/2. obtain the upper limit of the confidence interval for the estimated median.

#### Confidence Intervals

A sample estimate and its estimated standard error may be used to construct confidence intervals about the estimate. These intervals are ranges that will contain the average value of the estimated characteristic that results over all possible samples, with a known probability. For example, if all possible samples that could result under the 1980 census sample design were independently selected and surveyed under the same conditions, and if the estimate and its estimated standard error were calculated for each of these samples, then:

- (1) Approximately 68 percent of the intervals from one estimated standard error below the estimate to one estimated standard error above the estimate would contain the average result from all possible samples; and
- (2) Approximately 95 percent of the intervals from two estimated standard errors below the estimate to two estimated standard errors above the estimate would contain the average result from all possible samples.

The intervals are referred to as 68 percent and 95 percent confidence intervals, respectively.

The average value of the estimated characteristic that could be derived from all possible samples is or is not contained in any particular computed interval. Thus we cannot make the statement that the average value has a certain probability of falling between the limits of the calculated confidence interval. Rather, one can say with a specified probability or confidence that the calculated confidence interval includes the average estimate from all possible samples (approximately the complete count value).

Confidence intervals may also be constructed for the difference between two sample figures. This is done by computing the difference between these

figures, obtaining the standard error of the difference (using the formula given earlier), and then forming a confidence interval for this estimated difference as above. One can then say with specified confidence that this interval includes the difference that would have been obtained by averaging the results from all possible samples.

The estimated standard errors given in this report do not include all portions of the variability due to nonsampling error that may be present in the data. Thus, the standard errors calculated represent a lower bound of the total error. As a result, confidence intervals formed using these estimated standard errors may not meet the stated levels of confidence (i.e., 68 or 95 percent). Thus, some care must be exercised in the interpretation of the data in this publication based on the estimated standard errors.

For more information on confidence intervals and nonsampling error see any standard sampling theory text.

#### Use of Tables to Compute Standard Errors

See appendix D of any 1980 Census of Housing, HC-80-1-B, Detailed Housing Characteristics report, for examples showing the computation of standard errors and the formation of confidence intervals.

### **ESTIMATION PROCEDURE**

The catio ratio in t samp For teris the hous poss fami hase fami hold unit weig all weig hous char unit would be tabulated with a weight of five. The estimation procedure, however, did assign weights which vary from person to person or housing unit to housing unit.

The estimation procedure used to assign the weights was performed in geographically defined "weighting areas." Weighting areas were generally formed of adjoining portions of geography, which closely agreed with census tabulation areas within counties. Weighting areas were required to have a minimum sample of 400 persons. Weighting areas were never allowed to cross state or county boundaries. In small counties with a sample count of less than 400 persons, the minimum required sample condition was relaxed to permit the entire county to become a weighting area.

Within a weighting area, the ratio estimation procedure for persons was performed in three stages. For persons, the first stage employed 17 household type groups. The second stage used two householders and nonhousegroups: holders. The third stage could potentially use 160 age-sex-race-Spanish origin groups. The stages were as follows:

#### **PERSONS**

### Stage I—Type of Household

Group Persons in Housing Units With a

Under 18

Family With Own Children

TIMATION PROCEDURE		Under 10
	1	2 persons in housing unit
e estimates which appear in this publi-	2	3 persons in housing unit
on were obtained from an iterative	2	4 persons in housing unit
o estimation procedure which resulted	4	5 to 7 persons in housing unit
the assignment of a weight to each		8 or more persons in housing
ple person or housing unit record.		unit
any given tabulation area, a charac-		
stic total was estimated by summing		Persons in Housing Units With a
weights assigned to the persons or		Family Without Own Children
using units in the tabulation area which		Under 18
sessed the characteristic. Estimates of	2 10	2 persons in housing unit
nily or household characteristics were		through 8 or more persons
ed on the weights assigned to the		in housing unit
nily members designated as house-		
ders. Each sample person or housing		Persons in All Other Housing
t record was assigned exactly one		Units
ght to be used to produce estimates of	4.4	1 person in housing unit
characteristics. For example, if the	40.40	2 persons in housing unit
ght given to a sample person or		through 8 or more persons
using unit had the value five, all		in housing unit
racteristics of that person or housing		
t would be tabulated with a weight of	: 17	Persons in group quarters

#### Stage II—Householder/ Nonhouseholder

per-

Group		
1	Householder	
2	Nonhouseholder	(including

#### Stage III—Age/Sex/Race/Spanish Origin

sons in group quarters)

Group	White Race
	Persons of Spanish Origin
	Male
1	0 to 4 years of age
2	5 to 14 years of age
2 3	15 to 19 years of age
4	20 to 24 years of age
5	25 to 34 years of age
6	35 to 44 years of age
7	45 to 64 years of age
8	65 years of age or older
	Female
9-16	Same age categories as
	groups 1 to 8
	Persons Not of Spanish Origin
17-32	Same age and sex cate-
	gories as groups 1 to 16
	Black Race
33-64	Same age-sex-Spanish origin
	categories as groups 1 to 32
	A : D : (: 1 /= /= D=
05.00	Asian, Pacific Islander Race
65-96	Same age-sex-Spanish origin
	categories as groups 1 to 32
	American Indian, Eskimo, or
	Alleut Race
97-128	
37-128	Same age-sex-Spanish origin
	categories as groups 1 to 32

Other Race (includes those races not listed above)

129-160 Same age-sex-Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 32

Within a weighting area, the first step in the estimation procedure was to assign each sample person record an initial weight. This weight was approximately equal to the inverse of the probability of selecting a person for the census sample.

The next step in the estimation procedure was to combine, if necessary, the groups in each of the three stages prior to the repeated ratio estimation in order to increase the reliability of the ratio estima-

tion procedure. For the first and second stages, any group that did not meet certain criteria concerning the unweighted sample count or the ratio of the complete count to the initially weighted sample count, was combined, or collapsed, with another group in the same stage according to a specified collapsing pattern. At the third stage, the "Other" race category was collapsed with the "White" race category before the above collapsing criteria as well as an additional criterion concerning the number of complete count persons in each category were applied.

As the final step, the initial weights underwent three stages of ratio adjustment which used the groups listed above. At the first stage, the ratio of the complete census count to the sum of the initial weights for each sample person was computed for each stage I group. The initial weight assigned to each person in a group was then multiplied by the stage I group ratio to produce an adjusted weight. In stage II, the stage I adjusted weights were again adjusted by the ratio of the complete census count to the sum of the stage I weights for sample persons in each stage II group. Finally, the stage II weights were adjusted at stage III by the ratio of the complete census count to the sum of the stage II weights for sample persons in each stage III group. The three stages of adjustment were performed twice (two iterations) in the order given above. The weights obtained from the second iteration for stage III were assigned to the However, to sample person records. avoid complications in rounding for tabulated data, only whole number weights were assigned. For example, if the final weight for the persons in a particular group was 7.2, then one-fifth of the sample persons in this group were randomly assigned a weight of 8 and the remaining four-fifths received a weight of 7.

Separate weights were derived for tabulating the place of work and migration data items. The weights were obtained by adjusting the weight derived above for persons on questionnaires selected for coding by the reciprocal of the ED coding rate and a ratio adjustment to ensure that the sum of the weights and the complete count total population figure would agree.

The ratio estimation procedure for

housing units was essentially the same as that for persons. The major difference was that the occupied housing unit ratio estimation procedure was done in two stages and the vacant housing unit ratio estimation procedure was done in one stage. The first stage for occupied housing units employed 16 household-type categories and the second stage could potentially use 190 tenure-race-Spanish origin-value/rent groups. For vacant housing units, three groups were utilized. The stages for the ratio estimation for housing units were as follows:

#### OCCUPIED HOUSING UNITS

#### Stage I-Type of Household

Group	Housing Units With a Family						
Group	,						
	With Own Children Under 18						
1	2 persons in housing unit						
2	3 persons in housing unit						
3	4 persons in housing unit						
4	5 to 7 persons in housing unit						
5	8 or more persons in housing						
	unit						
	Housing Units With a Family						
	Without Own Children Under 18						
6-10	2 persons in housing unit						
	through 8 or more persons						
	in housing unit						
	All Other Housing Units						

	All Other Housing Office
11	1 person in housing unit
12-16	2 persons in housing unit
	through 8 or more persons
	in housing unit

## Stage II—Tenure/Race and Origin of Householder/Value or Rent

Group	Owner
	White Race (householder)
	Persons of Spanish Origin
	(householder)
	Value of House
1	\$0 to \$9,999
2	\$10,000 to \$19,999
3	\$20,000 to \$24,999
4	\$25,000 to \$49,999
5	\$50,000 to \$99,999
6	\$100,000 to \$149,999
7	\$150,000+
8	Other Owners

Persons Not of Spanish Origin

9-16	Same value categories as groups 1 to 8
17-32	Black Race Same value—Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 16
33-48	Asian, Pacific Islander Race Same value—Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 16
49-64	American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Race Same value—Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 16
65-80	Other Race (includes those races not listed above) Same value—Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 16
R	enter
	White Race
	Persons of Spanish Origin
81	Rent Categories \$1 to \$59
82	\$60 to \$99
83	\$100 to \$149
84	\$150 to \$199
85	\$200 to \$249
86	\$250 to \$299
87 88	\$300 to \$399 \$400 to \$499
89	\$500+
90	Other Renter
91	No Cash Rent
	Persons not of Spanish origin
92-102	Same rent categories as groups 81 to 91
103-124	Black Race Same rent—Spanish origin categories as groups 81 to 102
125-146	Asian, Pacific Islander Race Same rent—Spanish origin categories as groups 81 to 102
	American Indian, Eskimo,
147-168	or Aleut Race Same rent—Spanish origin categories as groups 81

to 102

Other Race (includes those races not listed above)

169-190 Same rent—Spanish origin categories as groups 81 to 102

#### **VACANT HOUSING UNITS**

Group

Vacant for Rent
 Vacant for Sale
 Other Vacant

The estimates produced by this procedure realize some of the gains in sampling efficiency that would have resulted if the population had been stratified into the ratio estimation groups before sampling, and the sampling rate had been applied independently to each group. The net effect is a reduction in both the standard error and the possible bias of most estimated characteristics to levels below what would have resulted from simply using the initial (unadjusted) weight. A by-product of this estimation procedure is that the estimates from the sample will, for the most part, be consistent with the complete-count figures for the population and housing unit groups used in the estimation procedure.

## CONTROL OF NONSAMPLING ERROR

As mentioned above, nonsampling error is present in both sample and complete count data. If left unchecked, this error could introduce serious bias into the data, the variability of which could increase dramatically over that which would result purely from sampling. While it is impossible to completely eliminate nonsampling error from an operation as large and complex as the 1980 census, the Bureau of the Census attempted to control the sources of such error during the collection and processing operations. The primary sources of nonsampling error and the programs instituted for control of this error are described below. The success of these programs, however, was contingent upon how well the instructions were actually carried out during the census. To the extent possible, both the effects of these programs and the amount of error remaining after their application will be evaluated.

Undercoverage—It is possible for some persons or housing units to be entirely missed by the census. This undercoverage of persons and housing units can introduce biases into the data. Several extensive programs were developed to focus on this important problem.

- The Postal Service reviewed mailing lists and reported housing unit addresses which were missing, undeliverable, or duplicated in the listings.
- The purchased commercial mailing list was updated and corrected by a complete field review of the list of housing units during a precanvass operation.
- A record check was performed to reduce the undercoverage of individual persons in selected areas. Independent lists of persons, such as driver's license holders, were matched with the household rosters in the census listings. Persons not matched to the census rosters were followed up and added to the census counts if they were found to have been missed.
- A recheck of units initially classified as vacant or nonexistent was utilized to further reduce the undercoverage of persons.

More extensive discussions of programs developed to reduce undercoverage will be published as the analyses of those programs are completed.

Respondent and Enumerator Error-The person answering the questionnaire or responding to the questions posed by an enumerator could serve as a source of error by offering incorrect or incomplete information. To reduce this source of error, questions were phrased as clearly as possible based on precensus tests and detailed instructions for completing the questionnaire were provided to each In addition, respondents' household. answers were edited for completeness and consistency and followed up as necessary. For example, if the source of water item was incomplete for a housing unit, longform field edit procedures would recognize the situation, and a followup attempt to obtain the information would be made.

The enumerator may misinterpret or otherwise incorrectly record information given by a respondent; may fail to collect some of the information for a person or household; or may collect sample data for

households that were not designated as part of the sample. To control these problems, the work of enumerators was carefully monitored. Field staff were prepared for their tasks by using standardized training packages which included experience in using census materials. A sample of the households interviewed by enumerators for nonresponse was reinterviewed to control for the possibility of data for fabricated persons being submitted by enumerators. Also, the estimation procedure was designed to control for biases that would result from the collection of data from households not designated for the sample.

Processing Error—The many phases of processing the census represent potential sources for the introduction of nonsampling error. The processing of the census questionnaires includes the field editing, followup, and transmittal of completed questionnaires; the manual coding of write-in responses; and the electronic data processing. The various field, coding and computer operations undergo a number of quality control checks to insure their accurate application.

Nonresponse—Nonresponse to particular questions on the census questionnaire allows for the introduction of bias into the data, since the characteristics of the nonrespondents have not been observed and may differ from those reported by respondents. As a result, any allocation procedure using respondent data may not completely reflect this difference either at the element level (individual person or housing unit) or on the average. Some protection against the introduction of large biases is afforded by minimizing

nonresponse. In the census, nonresponse was substantially reduced during the field operations by the various edit and follow-up operations aimed at obtaining a response for every question. Characteristics for the nonresponses remaining after this operation were allocated by the computer using reported data for a person or housing unit with similar characteristics. The allocation procedure is described below.

## EDITING OF UNACCEPTABLE DATA

The objective of the processing operation is to produce a set of statistics that describes the nation's housing as accurately and clearly as possible. To meet this objective, certain unacceptable entries were edited.

In the field, questionnaires were reviewed for omissions and certain inconsistencies by a census clerk or an enumerator and, if necessary, a followup was made to obtain missing information. In addition, a similar review of questionnaires was done in the central processing offices. As a rule, however, editing was performed by hand only when it could not be done effectively by machine.

As one of the first steps in computerized editing, the configuration of marks on the questionnaire was scanned electronically to determine whether it contained information for a person or housing unit or merely spurious marks. If any characteristic for a housing unit was still missing when the questionnaires reached the central processing offices, it was supplied by allocation. Allocation, or assignments of acceptable codes in place of unacceptable entries, were

needed most often when an entry for a given item was lacking or when the information reported for a particular item was inconsistent with another item for the same housing unit. As in previous censuses, allocations or the assignment of acceptable entries were used to replace blanks or unacceptable entries. allocation procedure was based on using information reported for another housing unit with characteristics similar to those of the housing unit for which allocation was necessary. For example, if the unit was reported as rented but the amount of rent was missing, the computer automatically assigned the rent that was reported for the preceding renteroccupied unit. The assignment of acceptable codes in place of blanks or unacceptable entries is designed to enhance the usefulness of the data.

Specific tolerances were established for the number of computer allocations that would be permitted. If the number of corrections was beyond tolerance, the questionnaires in which the errors occurred were clerically reviewed. If it was found that the errors resulted from damaged questionnaires, from improper microfilming, from faulty reading by FOSDIC of undamaged questionnaires, or from other types of machine failure, the questionnaires were reprocessed.

#### **ALLOCATION TABLES**

The extent of allocations for nonresponses and inconsistencies for individual subject items is given for SMSA's and places in the 1980 Census of Population PC80-1-B and PC80-1-C reports and in the 1980 Census of Housing HC80-1-A and HC80-1-B reports.

### Table A. Unadjusted Standard Errors for Estimated Totals

[Based on a 1-in-6 simple random sample]

Estimated							S1 ze	of public	ation area	2/			,	
Total <u>1</u> /	500	1 000	2 500	5 000	10 000	25 000	50 000	100 000	250 000	500 000	1 000 000	5 000 000	10 000 000	25 000 000
50	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16
100	20	21	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22
250	25	30	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35
500	-	35	45	45	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50
1 000			55	65	65	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70
2 500	_	_	-	80	95	110	110	110	110	110	110	110	110	110
5 000	_	_	_	-	110	140	150	150	160	160	160	160	160	160
10 000	_	_	_	_		170	200	210	220	220	220	220	220	220
15 000	_	_	_	-	-	170	230	250	270	270	270	270	270	270
25 000	-	-	-	-	-	-	250	310	340	350	350	350	350	350
75 000	-	-	_	_	-	-	-	310	510	570	590	610	610	610
100 000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	550	630	670	700	700	710
250 000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	790	970	1 090	1 100	1 100
500 000	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	1 120	1 500	1 540	1 570
1 000 000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2 000	2 120	2 190
5 000 000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3 540	4 470
10 000 000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5 480

1/ For estimated totals larger than 10 000 000, the standard error is somewhat larger than the table values. The formula given below should be used to calculate the standard error.

Se 
$$(\hat{Y}) = \sqrt{5\hat{Y}(1-\hat{Y})}$$

N = Size of area

 $\hat{Y}$  = Estimate of characteristic total

2/ The total count of housing units in the area.

### Table B. Unadjusted Standard Error in Percentage Points for Estimated Percentages

[Based on a 1-in-6 simple random sample]

Estimated Percentage						Base	of percen	tage 1/					
	500	750	1 000	1 500	2 500	5 000	7 500	10 000	25 000	50 000	100 000	250 000	500 000
2 or 98	1.4	1.1	1.0	0.8	0.6	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
5 or 95	2.2	1.8	1.5	1.3	1.0	0.7	0.6	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1
10 or 90	3.0	2.4	2.1	1.7	1.3	0.9	0.8	0.7	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.1
15 or 85	3.6	2.9	2.5	2.1	1.6	1.1	0.9	0.8	0.5	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1
20 or 80	4.0	3.3	2.8	2.3	1.8	1.3	1.0	0.9	0.6	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1
25 or 75	4.3	3.5	3.1	2.5	1.9	1.4	1.1	1.0	0.6	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1
30 or 70	4.6	3.7	3.2	2.6	2.0	1.4	1.2	1.0	0.6	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.1
35 or 65	4.8	3.9	3.4	2.8	2.1	1.5	1.2	1.1	0.7	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.2
50	5.0	4.1	3.5	2.9	2.2	1.6	1.3	1,1	0.7	0.5	0.4	0.2	0.2

1/ For a percentage and/or base of percentage not shown in the table, the formula given below may be used to calculate the standard error.

Se 
$$(\hat{p}) = \sqrt{\frac{5}{B} \hat{p} (100 - \hat{p})}$$

B = Base of estimated percentage

 $\hat{p}$  = Estimated percentage

Table C. Standard Error Adjustment Factors

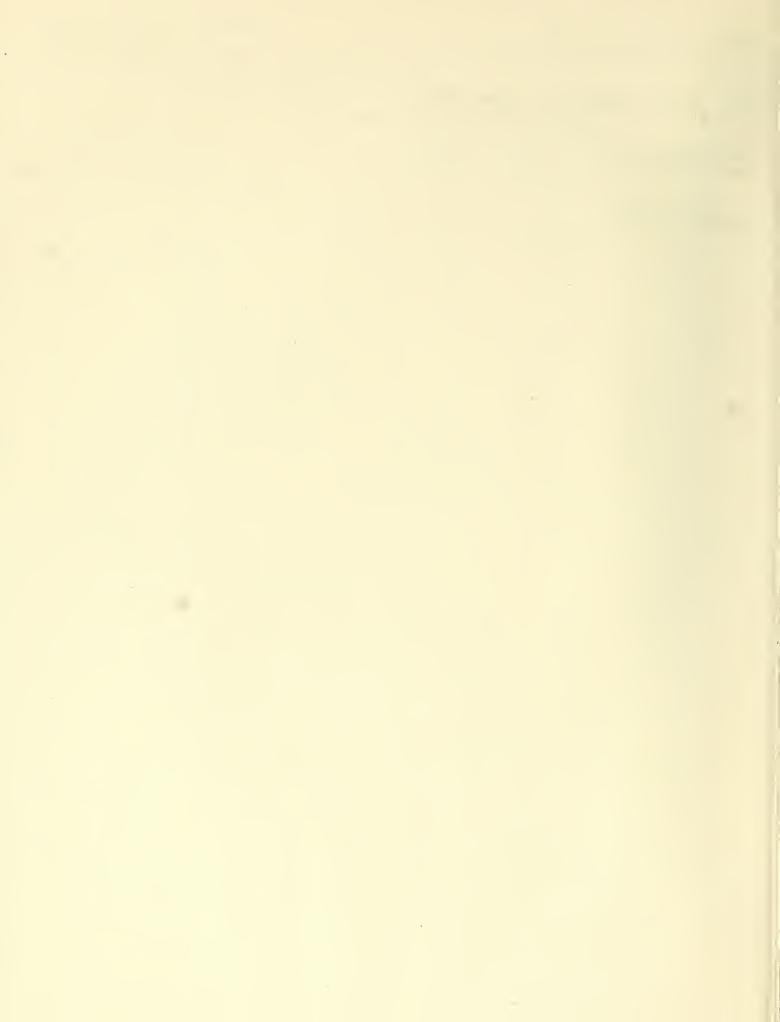
[Percent of persons or housing units in sample]

Characteristic	Less than 19 Percent	19 to 33 Percent	More than 33 Percent
		0.9	0.5
Household type	1.1 1.0	1.0	0.5
Age and sex of householder	1.1	1.0	0.5
Occupancy status	1.1	0.9	0.5
Vacant price asked and vacant rent asked	1.1	1.0	0.5
Tenure	1.1	0.9	0.5
Units in structure	0.9	0.9	0.5
Stories in structure	0.9	0.9	0.4
Passenger elevator		0.9	0.4
Persons in unit	1.1		0.5
Year structure built	1.0	0.9	0.9
Year householder moved into			0.5
housing unit	1.1	0.9	0.5
Heating equipment and fuel	1.2	1.0	0.6
Number of bedrooms	1.1	0.9	0.5
Rooms	1.1	0.9	0.5
Telephone in housing unit	1.1	0.9	0.5
Air conditioning	1.0	0.9	0.5
Vehicles available	1.1	0.9	0.5
Gross rent and contract rent	1 • 1	1.0	0.5
Gross rent as a percentage of household			
income in 1979	1.1	0.9	0.5
Mortgage status and selected			
monthly owner costs	1.0	0.9	0.5
Household income	1.1	0.9	0.5
Poverty status: Housing	1.1	0.9	0.5
Existence of complete plumbing for			
exclusive use with 1.01 persons			
per room or more	1.1	0.9	0.5
Value	1.0	1.0	0.5

## Table D. Percent of Housing Units in Sample: 1980

[For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see oppendixes A and B]

The SMSA	Housing (	units
Places of 50,000 or More and Central Cities of SMSA's	100-percent count	Percent in sample
The SMSA	137 673	16.4
PLACES OF 50,000 OR MORE AND CENTRAL CITIES OF SMSA's		
Spokone city	76 041	15.8



## Appendix E.—Facsimiles of Respondent Instructions and Questionnaire Pages

#### INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 1 THROUGH 10

- 1. List in question 1 (on page 1), the names of all the people who usually live here. Then turn to pages 2 and 3 where there are columns to list up to seven persons. In the first column print the name of one of the household members in whose name this home is owned or rented. If no household member owns or rents the living quarters, list in the first column any adult household member who is not a roomer, boarder, or paid employee. Print the names of the other household members, if any, in the columns which follow, using question 1 as a checklist.
- Fill a circle to show how each person is related to the person in column 1.

A stepchild or legally adopted child of the person in column 1 should be marked Son/deughter. Foster children or wards living in the household should be marked Roomer, boarder.

- 3. Be sure to fill a circle for the sex of each person.
- 4. Fill the circle for the category with which the person most closely identifies. If you fill the Indian (American) or Other circle, be sure to print the name of the specific Indian tribe or specific group.
- 5. Enter age at last birthday in the space provided (enter "O" for babies less than one year old). Also enter month and year of birth, and fill the appropriate circles. For an illustration of how to complete question 5, see the example on pages 4 and 5. If age or month or year of birth is not known, give your best estimate.
- 6. If the person's only marriage was annulled, mark Never married.
- 7. A person is of Spanish/Hispanic origin or descent if the person identifies his or her ancestry with one of the listed groups, that is, Mexican, Puerto Rican, etc. Origin or descent (ancestry) may be viewed as the nationality group, the lineage, or country in which the person or the person's parents or ancestors were born.
- 8. Do not count enrollment in a trade or business school, company training, or tutoring unless the course would be accepted for credit at a regular elementary school, high school, or college. A public school is any school or college which is controlled and supported primarily by a local, county, State, or Federal Government.
- 9. Fill only one circle. Mark the highest grade ever attended even if the person did not finish it. If the person is still in school, mark the grade in which now enrolled. Schooling received in foreign or ungraded schools should be reported as the equivalent grade or year in the regular American school system. If uncertain whether a Head Start program is for nursery school or kindergarten, mark the circle for Nursery school.

If the person skipped or repeated grades, mark the highest grade ever attended regardless of how long it took to get there. Persons who did not attend any college but who completed high school by finishing the 12th grade or by passing an equivalency test, such as the

General Educational Development (GED) examination, should fill the circle for the 12th grade.

10. Mark Finished this grade (or year) only if the person finished the entire grade or year marked in question 9 or if the highest grade was completed by passing e high school equivalency test.

#### INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS H4 THROUGH H12

- H4. Mark only one circle. This address means the house or building number where your living quarters are located.
- H5. Mark the second circle only if you must go through someone else's living quarters to get to your own.
- H6. Consider that you have hot water even if you heve it only part of the time.

Mark Yes, but also used by another household if someone else who lives in the same building, but is not a member of your household, also uses the facilities. Mark this circle also if the occupants of living quarters now vacant would also use the facilities in your living quarters.

- H7. Count only whole rooms used for living purposes, such as living rooms, dining rooms, kitchens, bedrooms, finished recreation rooms, family rooms, etc. Do not count bethrooms, kitchenettes, strip or pullman kitchens, utility rooms, or unfinished attics, unfinished basements, or other space used for storage.
- H8. Mark Owned or being bought if the living quarters are owned outright or are mortgaged. Also mark Owned or being bought if the living quarters are owned but the land is rented.

Mark Rented for cash rent if any money rent is paid. Rent may be paid by persons who are not members of your household.

Occupied without peyment of cash rent includes, for example, a parsonage, military housing, a house or apartment provided free of rent by the owner, or a house or apartment occupied by a janitor or caretaker in exchange for services.

- H9. A condominium is housing in which the apartments or houses in a development are individually owned, but the common areas, such as lobbies, halls, etc., are jointly owned. The person owning a condominium very likely has a mortgage on the particular unit.
- H10b. A commercial establishment is easily recognized from the outside, for example, a grocery store or barber shop. A medical office is a doctor's or dentist's office regularly visited by patients.
- H11. Include the value of the house, the land it is on, and any other structures on the same property. If the house is owned but the land is rented, estimete the combined value of the house and the

land. If this is a condominium unit, enter the estimated value for your living quarters and your share of the common elements.

H12. Report the rent agreed to or contracted for, even if the rent is unpaid or paid by someone else.

If rent is not paid by the month, chenge the rent to a monthly amount; and then fill the appropriete circle in question H12.

If rent is paid: M	ultiply rent by:
By the day By the week Every other week	30 4

If rent is paid:	Divide rent by:
4 times a year	3
2 times a year	6
Once a year	12

#### INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS H13 THROUGH H20

H13. Mark only one circle.

Detached means there is open space on all sides, or the house is joined only to a shed or garage. Attached means that the house is joined to another house or building by at least one wall which goes from ground to roof.

Mark A one-family house detached from any other house when a mobile home or trailer has had one or more rooms added or built onto it; a porch or shed is not considered a room.

Count all occupied and vacant living quarters in the house or building, but not stores or office space.

- H14a. Do not count unfinished basements or unfinished attics. However, a basement or attic with finished room(s) for living purposes should be counted as a story.
- H15a. A city or suburban lot is usually located in a city, a community, or any built-up area outside a city or community, end is not larger than the house and yard. All living quarters in apartment buildings, including garden-type apartments in the city or suburbs, are considered on a city or suburban lot.

A place is a farm, ranch, or any other property, other than a city or suburban lot, on which this residence is located.

H16. If a well provides water for six or more houses or apartments, merk A public system. If a well provides water for five or fewer houses or apartments, mark one of the categories for individual well.

Drilled wells, or small diameter wells, are usually less than 1½ feet in diameter. Dug wells are generally hand dug and are wider.

- H17. A public sewer is operated by a government body or a private organization. A septic tank or cesspool is an underground tank or pit used for disposal of sewage.
- H19. The term person in column 1 refers to the person listed in the first column on page 2. This person should be the household member (or one of the members) in whose name the house is owned or rented. If there is no such person, any adult household member can be the person in column 1. Mark when this person last moved into this house or apartment.
- H20. This question refers to the type of heating equipment and not to the fuel used.

An electric heat pump is sometimes known as a reverse cycle

system. It may be centrally installed with ducts to the rooms or individual heat pumps in the rooms.

A floor, well, or pipeless furnace delivers warm air to the room right above the furnace or to the room(s) on one or both sides of the wall in which the furnace is installed and does not have ducts leading to other rooms.

Any heater that you plug into an electric outlet should be counted as a portable room heater.

#### **INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS H21 THROUGH H32**

- H21. Gas from underground pipes is piped in from a central system such as one operated by a public utility company or a municipal government. Bottled, tank, or LP gas is stored in tanks which are refilled or exchanged when empty. Other fuel includes any fuel not separately listed, for example, purchased steam, fuel briquettes, waste material, etc.
- H22. If your living quarters are rented, enter the costs for utilities and fuels only if you pay for them in addition to the rent entered in H12. If already included in rent, fill the appropriate circle.

The amounts to be reported should be for the past 12 months, that is, for electricity and ges, the monthly average for the pest 12 months; for water and other fuels, the total amount for the past 12 months.

Estimate as closely as possible when exact costs are not known.

Report amounts even if your bills ere unpaid or paid by someone else. If the bills include utilities or fuel used also by enother apartment or a business establishment, estimate the amounts for your own living quarters. If gas and electricity ere billed together, enter the combined amount on the electricity line and bracket ( \( \) ) the two utilities.

- H23. The kitchen sink, stove, and refrigerator must be located in the building but do not have to be in the same room. Portable cooking equipment is not considered as a range or cook stove.
- H26. Answer Yes only if the telephone is located in your living quarters.
- H27. Count only equipment used to cool the air by means of a refrigeration unit.
- H28 H29. Count company cars (including police cars and taxicabs) and company trucks that are regularly kept at home and used by household members. Do not count cars or trucks permanently out of working order.
- H30 H32. Do not answer these questions if you live in a cooperative, regardless of the number of units in the structure.
- H30. Report taxes for all taxing jurisdictions even if they are included in mortgage payment, not paid yet, paid by someone else, or are delinquent.
- H31. When premiums are paid on other than a yearly basis, convert to a yearly basis and enter the yearly amount, even if no payment was made during the past 12 months.
- H32a. The word "mortgage" is used as a general term to indicate all types of loans which are secured by real estate.

- b. A second or junior mortgage is also secured by real estate but has been made by the homeowner in addition to the first mortgage.
- c. Enter a monthly amount even if it is unpaid or paid by someone else. If the amount is paid on some other periodic basis, see instructions for H12 to change it to a monthly amount.

#### INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 11 THROUGH 14

11. For persons born in the United States:

Print the name of the State in which this person's mother was living when this person was born. For persons born in a hospital, do not give the State in which the hospital was located unless the hospital and the mother's home were in the same State or the location of the mother's home is not known. For example, if a person was born in a hospital in Washington, D.C., but the mother's home was in Virginia at the time of the person's birth, enter "Virginia."

For persons born outside the United States:

Print the full name of the foreign country or Puerto Rico, Guam, etc., where the person was born. Use international boundaries as now recognized by the United States. Specify whether Northern Ireland or Ireland (Eire); East or West Germany; England, Scotland or Wales (not Great Britain or United Kingdom). Specify the particular island in the Caribbean, not, for example, West Indies.

 This question is only for persons born in a foreign country. Fill the Yes, a naturalized citizen circle only if the person has completed the naturalization process and is now a citizen.

If the person has entered the U.S. more than once, fill the circle for the year he or she came to stay permanently.

13a. Mark No, only speaks English if the person always speaks English at home; then skip to question 14.

Mark Yes if the person speaks a language other than English at home. Do not mark Yes for a language spoken only at school or if speaking ability is limited to a few expressions or slang.

- b. Print the non-English language spoken at home. If this person speaks two or more non-English languages at home and cannot determine which is spoken most often, report the first language the person learned to speak.
- c. Fill the circle that best describes the person's ability to speak English.
  - The circle Very well should be filled for persons who have no difficulty speaking English.
  - (2) The circle Well should be filled for persons who have only minor problems which do not seriously limit their ability to speak English.
  - (3) The circle Not well should be filled for persons who are seriously limited in their ability to speak English.
  - (4) The circle Not at all should be filled for persons who do not speak English at all.
- 14. Print the ancestry group with which the person identifies. Ancestry (or origin or descent) may be viewed as the nationality group, the lineage, or the country in which the person or the person's parents or ancestors were born before their arrival in the United States. Persons who are of more than one origin and who cannot identify with a single group should print their multiple ancestry (for example, German-Irish).

Be specific; for example, if ancestry is "Indian," specify whether American Indian, Asian Indian, or West Indian. Distinguish Cape Verdean from Portuguese, and French Canadian from Canadian.

A religious group should not be reported as a person's ancestry.

#### **INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 15 THROUGH 20**

- 15a. Mark Yes, this house if this person lived in this same house or apartment on April 1, 1975, but moved away and came back between then and now. Mark No, different house if this person lived in the same building but in a different apartment (or in the same mobile home or trailer but on a different trailer site).
  - b. If this person lived in a different house or apartment on April 1, 1975, give the location of this person's usual home at that time.
    - Part (1) If the person was living in the United States on April 1, 1975, print the name of the State. If the person did not live in the United States on April 1, 1975, print the full name of the foreign country or Puerto Rico, Guam, etc.
    - Part (2) If in Louisiana, print the parish name. If in Alaska, print the borough name. If in New York City print the borough name if the county name is not known. If an independent city, leave blank.
    - Part (3) If in Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, Rhode Island or Vermont, print the name of the town rather than the name of the village or city, unless the name of the town is unknown.
    - Part (4) Mark Yes if you know that the location is *now* inside the limits of a city, town, village or other incorporated place, even if it was not inside the limits on April 1, 1975.
- 17a. Mark Yes only if this person was on active duty in the U.S. Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps, or Coast Guard. Mark No if the person was in the National Guard or the reserves.
  - b. Mark Yes if the person was attending a college or university either full or part time and was enrolled for credit toward a degree. Mark No if the person was taking only non-credit courses or was attending a vocational or trade school, such as secretarial school.
  - c. Mark Yes, full time if the person worked full time (35 hours or more per week). Mark Yes, part time if the person worked part time (less than 35 hours per week). Mark No if the person only did unpaid volunteer work, housework or yard work at own home, or if the only work done was as a resident of an institution.
- 18a. Mark Yes if this person was ever on active duty in the U.S. Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps, or Coast Guard, even if the time served was short. For persons in the National Guard or military reserve units, mark Yes only if the person was ever called to active duty; mark No if the only service was active duty for training.
  - b. If this person served during more than one period, fill all circles which apply, even if service was for a short time.
- 19. The term "health condition" refers to any physical or mental problem which has lasted for 6 or more months. A serious problem with seeing, hearing, or speech should be considered a health condition. Pregnancy or a temporary health problem such as a broken bone that is expected to heal normally should not be considered a health condition.
- Count all children born alive, including any who have died (even shortly after birth) or who no longer live with her.

#### INSTRUCTIONS FOR DUESTIONS 21 THROUGH 26

- 21. If the exact date of marriage is not known, give your best estimate.
- 22a. Mark Yes if the person worked, either full or part time, on any day of last week (Sunday through Saturday).

#### Count as work:

Work for someone else for wages, salary, piece rate, commission, tips, or payments "in kind" (for example, food, lodging received as payment for work performed).

Work in own business, professional practice, or farm.

Any work in a family business or farm, paid or not.

Any part-time work including babysitting, paper routes, etc.

Active duty in Armed Forces.

#### Do not count as work:

Housework or yard work at home.

Unpaid volunteer work.

Work done as a resident of an institution.

- b. Give the actual number of hours worked at all jobs last week, even if that was more or fewer hours than usually worked.
- 23. If the person worked at several locations, but reported to the same location each day to begin work, print where he or she reported. If the person did not report to the same location each day to begin work, print the words "various locations" for 23a, and give as much information as possible in the remainder of 23 to identify the area in which he or she worked most last week.

If the person's employer operates in more than one location (such as a grocery store chain or public school system), give the exact address of the location or branch where the person worked.

If the person worked in a foreign country or Puerto Rico, Guam, etc., print the name of the country in 23e and leave the other parts of 23 blank.

- 24a. Travel time is from door to door. Include time taken waiting for public transportation, picking up passengers in carpools, etc.
  - b. Mark Worked at home for a person who works on a farm where he or she lives, or in an office or shop in the person's home.
  - c. If the person was driven to work by someone who then drove back home or to a non-work destination, mark Drive alone.
  - d. Do not include riders who rode to school or some other non-work destination.
- If the person works only during certain seasons or on a day-to-day basis when work is available, mark No.
- 26a. Mark Yes if the person tried to get a job or to start a business or professional practice at any time in the last four weeks; for example, registered at an employment office, went to a job interview, placed or answered ads, or did anything toward starting a business or professional practice.
  - b. Mark No, already has a job if the person was on layoff or was expecting to report to a job within 30 days.

Mark No, temporarily ill if the person expects to be able to work within 30 days.

Mark No, other reasons if the person could not have taken a job because he or she was going to school, taking care of children, etc.

#### INSTRUCTIONS FOR DUESTIONS 27 THROUGH 29

- 27. Look at the instructions for 22a to see what to count as work. Mark Never worked if the person: (1) never worked at any kind of job or business, either full or part time, (2) never did any work, with or without pay, in a family business or farm and (3) never served in the Armed Forces.
- 28a. If the person worked for a company, business, or government agency, print the name of the company, not the name of the person's supervisor. If the person worked for an individual or a business that has no company name, print the name of the individual worked for. If the person worked in his or her own business, print "self-employed."
  - b. Print two or more words to tell what the business, industry, or individual employer named in 28a does. If there is more than one activity, describe only the major activity at the place where the person works. Enter what is made, what is sold, or what service is given.

Some examples of what is needed to make an answer acceptable are shown on the census form and here.

Unacceptable	Acceptable
Furniture company	Metal furniture manufacturing
Grocery store	Wholesale grocery store
Oil company	Retail gas station
Ranch	Cattle ranch

c. Mark Manufacturing if the factory, plant, mill, etc., mostly makes things, even if it also sells them.

Mark Wholesale trade if the business mostly sells things to stores or other companies.

Mark Retail trade if the business mostly sells things (not services) to individuals.

Mark Other if the main activity of the employer is not making or selling things. Some examples of Other are farming, construction, and services such as those provided by hotels, dry cleaners, repair shops, schools, and banks.

29a. Print two or more words to describe the kind of work the person does. If the person is a trainee, apprentice, or helper, include that in the description.

Some examples of what is needed to make an answer acceptable are shown on the census form and here.

Unacceptable	Acceptable .
Clerk	Production clerk
Helper	Carpenter's helper
Mechanic	Auto engi <mark>ne</mark> mechanic
Nurse	Registered nurse

b. Print the most important things that the person does on the job. Some examples are shown on the census form.

#### INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 30 THROUGH 33

 If the person was an employee of a private nonprofit organization, such as a church, fill the first circle.

Mark Local government employee for a teacher working in an elementary or secondary public school.

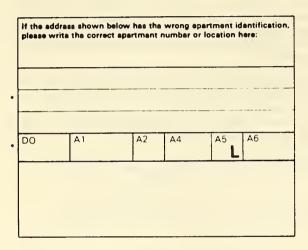
- 31a. Look at the instructions for question 22a to see what to count as work.
  - b. Count every week in which the person did any work at all, even for an hour.
  - c. If the hours worked each week varied considerably, give the best estimate of the hours usually worked most weeks.
  - d. Count every week in which the person did not work at all, but spent any time looking for work or on layoff from a job. Looking for work means trying to get a job or start a business or professional practice; layoff includes either temporary or indefinite layoff.
- 32. Fill the Yes or No circle for each part and enter the appropriate amount. If income from any source was received jointly by household members, report if possible, the appropriate share for each person; otherwise, report the whole amount for only one person and mark No for the other person, unless the other person has additional income of the same type.
  - a. Include sick leave pay. Do not include reimbursement for business

- expenses and pay "in kind," (for example, food, lodging received as payment for work performed).
- b. Include net earnings (gross earnings minus business expenses) from a nonfarm business. If business lost money, write "Loss" above the amount.
- c. Include net earnings (gross receipts minus operating expenses) from a farm. If farm lost money, write "Loss" above the amount.
- d. Include interest and dividends credited to the person's account (for example, from savings accounts and stock shares), net royalties, and net income from rental property.
- Include Social Security or Railroad Retirement payments to retired persons, to dependents of deceased insured workers and to disabled workers.
- f. Include public assistance or welfare payments received from Federal, State, or local agencies. Do not include private welfare payments.
- g. Include all other regular payments, such as government employee retirement, union or private pensions and annuities; unemployment benefits; worker's compensation; Armed Forces allotments; private welfare payments; regular contributions from persons not living in the household; etc.

Do not include lump-sum payments received from the sale of property (capital gains), insurance policies, inheritances, etc.

 If no income was received in 1979, fill the None circle. If total income was a loss, write "Loss" above the amount. Please fill out this official Census Form and mail it back on Census Day, Tuesday, April 1, 1980

# 1980 Census of the United States



## Your answers are confidential

By law (title 13, U.S. Code), census employees are subject to fine and/or imprisonment for any disclosure of your answers. Only after 72 years does your information become available to other government agencies or the public. The same law requires that you answer the questions to the best of your knowledge.

## Para personas de habla hispana

(For Spanish-speaking persons): SI USTED DESEA UN CUESTIONARIO DEL CENSO EN ESPAÑOL llame a la oficina del censo. El número de teléfono se encuentra en el encasillado de la dirección.

O, si prefiere, marque esta casilla y devuelva el cuestionario por correo en el sobre que se le incluye.

A message from the Director, Bureau of the Census . . .

We must, from time to time, take stock of ourselves as a people if our Nation is to meet successfully the many national and local challenges we face. This is the purpose of the 1980 census.

The essential need for a population census was recognized almost 200 years ago when our Constitution was written. As provided by article I, the first census was conducted in 1790 and one has been taken every 10 years since then.

The law under which the census is taken protects the confidentiality of your answers. For the next 72 years — or until April 1, 2052 — only sworn census workers have access to the individual records, and no one else may see them.

Your answers, when combined with the answers from other people, will provide the statistical figures needed by public and private groups, schools, business and industry, and Federal. State, and local governments across the country. These figures will help all sectors of American society understand how our population and housing are changing. In this way, we can deal more effectively with today's problems and work toward a better future for all of us.

The census is a vitally important national activity. Please do your part by filling out this census form accurately and completely. If you mail it back promptly in the enclosed postage-paid envelope, it will save the expense and inconvenience of a census taker having to visit you.

Thank you for your cooperation.

U.S. Department of Commerce Bureau of the Census Form D-2

Form Approved
O M B No 41-S78006

# How to fill out your Census Form

Page 1

See the filled-out example in the yellow instruction guide. This guide will help with any problems you may have.

If you need more help, call the Census Office The telephone number of the local office is shown at the bottom of the address box on the front cover

Use a black pencil to answer the questions Black pencil is better to use than ballpoint or other pens

Fill circles "O" completely, like this

When you write in an answer, print or write clearly

Make sure that answers are provided for everyone here

See page 4 of the guide if a roomer or someone else in the household does not want to give you all the information for the form

**Answer** the questions on pages 1 through 5, and then starting with pages 6 and 7, fill a pair of pages for each person in the household

Check your answers. Then write your name, the date, and telephone number on page 20.

Mail back this form on Tuesday, April 1, or as soon afterward as you can. Use the enclosed envelope, no stamp is needed

1. What is the name of each person who was living

Please start by answering Question 1 below

### Question 1

#### List in Question 1

- \*Family members living here, including babies still in the hospital
- · Relatives living here
- · Lodgers or boarders living here
- . Other persons living here
- College students who stay here while attending college, even if their parents live elsewhere
- Persons who usually live here but are temporarily away (including children in boarding school below the college level)
- Persons with a home elsewhere but who stay here most of the week while working

#### Do Not List in Question 1

- . Any person away from here in the Armed Forces.
- Any college student who stays somewhere else while attending college.
- Any person who usually stays somewhere else most of the week while working there
- Any person away from here in an institution such as a home for the aged or mental hospital.
- Any person staying or visiting here who has a usual home elsewhere

			ad no other ho
•			
	····		
		<del>-</del>	

#### Note

If everyone here is staying only temporarily and has a usual home elsewhere, please mark this box  $\square$ .

Then please.

- answer the questions on pages 2 through 5 only, and
- •enter the address of your usual home on page 20.

Please continue

ge 2		<del></del>	ALSO ANSWER	THE HOUSING QUE	STIONS ON PAGE 3		
Here are the	These are the columns	PERSON i	in column 1	PERSON Lest name	in column 2		
QUESTIONS	for ANSWERS  Please fill one column for each person listed in Question 1.	First name	Middle initiel	First name	Middle initi		
2. How is this person related to the person in column 1?  Fill one circle.  If "Other relative" of person in column 1, give exact relationship, such as mother-in-law, niece, grandson, etc.		member (or one of the	nn with the household the members) in whose med or rented. If there art in this column with member.	If relative of person in column 1:  Husband/wife Father/mother  Son/daughter Other relative —  Brother/sister  If not related to person in column 1:  Roomer, boarder Other nonrelative —  Partner, roommate Paid employee			
3. Sex Fill one	circie.	O Male	O Female	O Male	<ul><li>Female</li></ul>		
4. Is this perso		White     Black or Negro     Japanese     Chinese     Filipino     Korean     Vietnamese     Indian (Amer.)     Print     tribe →	Asian Indian Hawaiian Guamanian Samoan Eskimo Aleut Other — Specify	White Black or Negro Japanese Chinese Filipino Korean Vietnamese Indian (Amer.) Print tribe →	Asian Indian Hawaiian Guamanian Samoan Eskimo Aleut Other — Specify —		
5. Age, and mo	onth and year of birth	a. Age at last c. Year birthday 1	of birth	a. Age at last c. Yea birthday 1	r of birth		
a. Print age at i	last birthday.	1 0	8 0 0 0 0	1.0	800000		
	and fili one circle. The spaces, and fill one circle number.		9 0 1 0 1 0 2 0 2 0 3 0 3 0 4 0 4 0 5 0 5 0 6 0 6 0 7 0 7 0 8 0 8 0 9 0 9 0	b. Month of birth  O Jan.—Mar. O Apr.—June O July—Sept. O Oct.—Dec.	9 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0		
6. Marital statu		Now married     Widowed	O Separated O Never married	Now married     Widowed	O Separated O Never married		
	on of Spanish/Hispanic scent?	No (not Spanish/     Yes, Mexican, Me     Yes, Puerto Rican     Yes, Cuban     Yes, other Spanis	exican-Amer., Chicano	Divorced      No (not Spanish/Hispanic)     Yes, Mexican, Mexican-Amer., Chicano     Yes, Puerto Rican     Yes, Cuban     Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic			
attended reg any time? kindergarten, el	ary 1, 1980, has this person gular school or college at Fill one circle. Count nursery school, tementary school, and schooling which school diploma or college degree.	No, has not atten Yes, public schoo Yes, private, chui Yes, private, not	l, public college rch-related	No, has not atten Yes, public schoo Yes, private, chu Yes, private, not	rch-related		
	highest grade (or year) of ool this person has ever	Highest grade attended:  Nursery school Elementary through high 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 10 11 12	Highest grade attended:  Nursery school  Elementary through high  1 2 3 4 5 6 7	School (grade or year)  8 9 10 11 12		
person is in. i	ling school, mark grade If high school was finished Ly test (GED), mark ''12.''	College (academic year)  1 2 3 4 5 6 7  O O O O O  Never attended so		College (academic year)  1 2 3 4 5 6 7  0 0 0 0 0  Never attended se			
	rson finish the highest ear) attended? /e.	Now attending thi     Finished this grad     Did not finish this	de (or year)	Now attending the Finished this grad     Did not finish this	de (or year)		
		CENSUS A. O	I 0 N 00	CENSUS A. O	I O N O O		

Page 3 NOW PLEASE ANSWER QUESTIONS H1-H12 If you listed more than PERSON in column 7 FOR YOUR HOUSEHOLD 7 persons in Question 1. please see note on page 20. H1. Did you leave anyone out of Question 1 because you were not sure H9. Is this apartment (house) part of a condominium? First Barbs if the person should be listed - for example, a new baby still in the No hospital, a lodger who also has another home, or a person who stays here If relative of person in column 1: Yes, a condominium once in a while and has no other home? Father/mother Husband/wife H10. If this is a one-family house -O Yes - On page 20 give name(s) and reason left out. Son/daughter Other relative a. Is the house on a property of 10 or more acres? Brother/sister O Yes O No H2. Did you list anyone in Question 1 who is away from home now -If not related to person in column 1: for example, on a vacation or In a hospital? b. Is any part of the property used as a O Roomer, boarder nonrelative commercial establishment or medical office? Partner, roommate Yes — On page 20 give name(s) and reason person is away. O No O No Paid employee H3. Is anyone visiting here who is not already listed? H11. If you live in a one-family house or a condominium ○ Male 0 Female unit which you own or are buying -O Yes - On page 20 give name of each visitor for whom there is no one What is the value of this property, that is, how at the home address to report the person to a census taker. 0 White 0 Asian Indian much do you think this property (house and lot or Black or Negro Hawaiian condominium unit) would sell for if it were for sale? Japanese Guamanian 0 H4. How many living quarters, occupied and vacant, are at this ? Chinese 0 Samoan address? Do not answer this question if this is -Eskimo G Filipino · A mobile home or trailer 5 0 Aleut 0 Korean 2 apartments or living quarters A house on 10 or more acres Other - Specify Vietnamese 3 A house with a commercial establishment 3 apartments or living quarters Indian (Amer.) or medical office on the property 4 apartments or living quarters . Print tribe -5 apartments or living quarters O Less than \$10,000 O \$50,000 to \$54,999 6 apartments or living quarters c. Year of birth a. Age at last \$10,000 to \$14,999 \$55,000 to \$59,999 7 apartments or living quarters birthday \$60,000 to \$64,999 \$15,000 to \$17,499 8 apartments or living quarters \$17,500 to \$19,999 \$65,000 to \$69,999 8 0 0 0 00 9 apartments or living quarters \$20,000 to \$22,499 \$70,000 to \$74,999 9 0 10 10 10 or more apartments or living quarters b. Month of \$22,500 to \$24,999 \$75,000 to \$79,999 0 2 0 2 birth O This is a mobile home or trailer \$25,000 to \$27,499 0 \$80,000 to \$89,999 3 0 i 3 O 4 0 H5. Do you enter your living quarters -\$27,500 to \$29,999 \$90,000 to \$99,999 9 4 0 5 0 5 0 \$30,000 to \$34,999 \$100,000 to \$124,999 8 O Directly from the outside or through a common or public hall? ? \$35,000 to \$39,999 \$125,000 to \$149,999 Jan.-Mar. 6 0 16 O O Through someone else's living quarters? Apr.-June 7 0 7 0 \$40,000 to \$44,999 \$150,000 to \$199,999 G July-Sept. 8 0 8 0 H6. Do you have complete plumbing facilities in your living quarters, \$45,000 to \$49,999 \$200,000 or more 19 0 that is, hot and cold piped water, a flush toilet, and a bathtub or Oct -- Dec 9 0 H12. If you pay rent for your living quarters -• shower? What is the monthly rent? Now married Separated 0 Yes, for this household only If rent is not paid by the month, see the instruction 0 Widowed Never married Yes, but also used by another household guide on how to figure a monthly rent. Divorced No, have some but not all plumbing facilities O \$160 to \$169 Less than \$50 No plumbing facilities in living quarters O No (not Spanish/Hispanic) \$50 to \$59 \$170 to \$179 Yes, Mexican, Mexican-Amer., Chicano H7. How many rooms do you have in your living quarters? \$60 to \$69 O \$180 to \$189 Do not count bathrooms, porches, balconles, foyers, halls, or half-rooms. Yes, Puerto Rican \$70 to \$79 \$190 to \$199 Yes, Cuban \$80 to \$89 \$200 to \$224 O 1 room O 4 rooms O 7 rooms O Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic \$90 to \$99 \$225 to \$249 5 rooms O 2 rooms 8 rooms 0 \$250 to \$274 3 rooms 6 rooms O 9 or more rooms \$100 to \$109 O No. has not attended since February 1 \$110 to \$119  $\bigcirc$ \$275 to \$299 Yes, public school, public college H8. Are your living quarters — \$120 to \$129 \$300 to \$349 Yes, private, church-related Owned or being bought by you or by someone else in this household? \$130 to \$139 \$350 to \$399 Yes, private, not church-related Rented for cash rent? \$140 to \$149 \$400 to \$499 \$500 or more Occupied without payment of cash rent? \$150 to \$159 Highest grade attended: FOR CENSUS USE ONLY Kindergarten Nursery school A6. Serial A4. Block Elementary through high school (grade or year) B. Type of unit or quarters For vacant units D. Months vacant F. Total number number C1. Is this unit for -1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 persons Occupied O Less than 1 month Year round use 000000 00 000 0 First form 1 up to 2 months Seasonal/Mig. — Skip C2, O 2 up to 6 months Continuation College (academic year) 000 0000 C3, and D. 000 C2. Vacancy status O 6 up to 12 months 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 or more I I T T Τ Î Ī Vacant S S S 3 5 2 For rent O 1 year up to 2 year S S S Regular 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 For sale only 2 or more years 3 O Never attended school -Skip question 10 Usual home 99 0 9-0-0-9 0, 0 9 Rented or sold, not occupied

elsewhere

Group quarters

First form

Continuation

5 5 5

2777

8888

9999

5

G 666

5 5 5

G 66

7 7 7

888

999

O Now attending this grade (or year)

O Did not finish this grade (or year)

0 1

0 N

00

O Finished this grade (or year)

A.

CENSUS

USE ONLY

5 5

666

7 7 7

888

999

5

E. Indicators

00

1. O O Mail return

2. 0 0 Pop./F

Held for occasional use

Other vacant

C3. Is this unit boarded up?

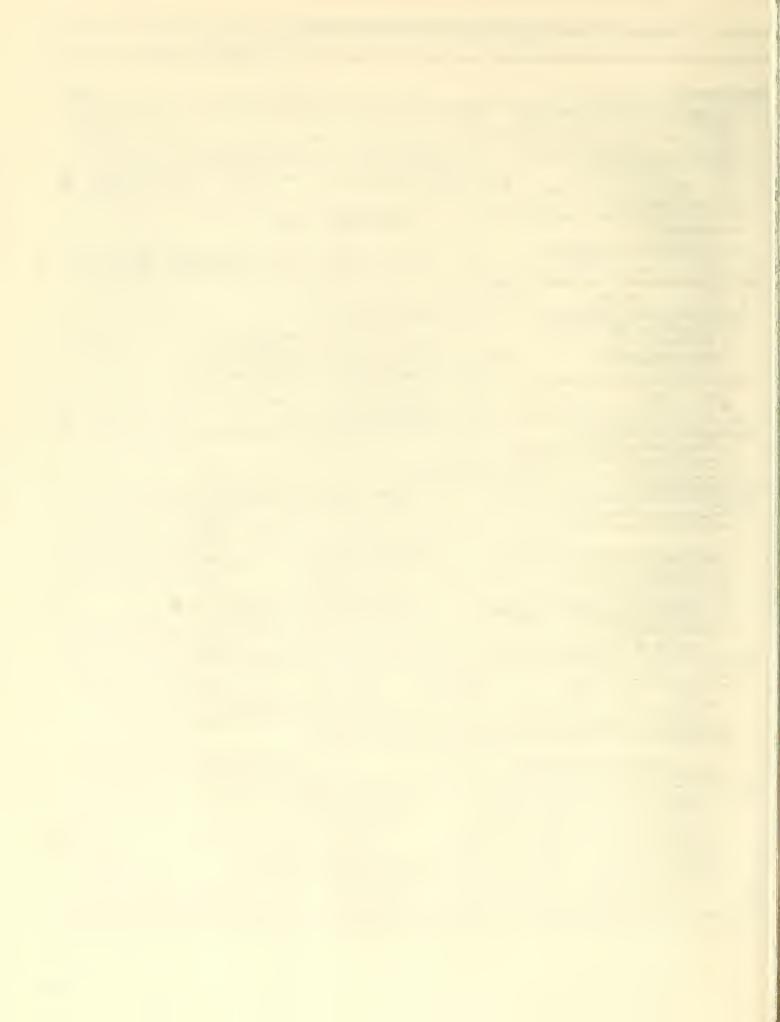
Î

3. Which best describes this building?	ALSO ANSWER THESE	CENSUS
include all apartments, flats, etc., even if vacant.	Gas: from underground pipes	USE
	( Coal or coke	H22a.
A mobile home or trailer	serving the neighborhood Wood	
A one-family house detached from any other house	Gas: bottled, tank, or LP Other fuel	000
A one-family house attached to one or more houses	O Electricity O No fuel used	1 1 1
A building for 2 families	O Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.	8 8 8
A building for 3 or 4 families		3 3 3
A building for 5 to 9 families	b. Which fuel is used most for water heating?	9 9 9
A building for 10 to 19 families	Gas: from underground pipes	5 5 5
A building for 20 to 49 families	serving the neighborhood Coal or coke	6 6 6
	Gas: bottled, tank, or LP	7 7 7
A building for 50 or more families	( ) (Ther hiel	
A boat, tent, van, etc.	O Electricity O No fuel used	888
	O Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.	9 9 9
he Hey many stories (floors) are in this building?	c. Which fuel is used most for cooking?	H22b.
a. How many stories (floors) are in this building?  Count an attic or basement as a story if it has any finished rooms for living purposes.	Gas: from underground pipes	000
	serving the neighborhood	I I I
○ 1 to 3 — Skip to H15 ○ 7 to 12	O Gas: bottled tank or I P O Wood	8 8 8
<ul><li>4 to 6</li><li>13 or more stories</li></ul>	Other fuel	3 3 3
	() NO filed used	4
b. Is there a passenger elevator in this building?	O Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.	4 4 4
	H22. What are the costs of utilities and fuels for your living quarters?	5 5 5
○ Yes ○ No		6 6 6
	a. Electricity  S ON OR O Included in rent or no charge	7 7 7
a. Is this building	.00 011	888
	Average monthly cost  © Electricity not used	9 9 9
On a city or suburban lot, or on a place of less than 1 acre? — Skip to H16	b. Gas	<b></b>
On a place of 1 to 9 acres?	O treat and all in seath as an absence	H22c.
On a place of 10 or more acres?	Gas not used	000
	Average monthly cost	1 1 1
b. Last year, 1979, did sales of crops, livestock, and other farm products	c. Water	3 5 5
from this place amount to —	\$ .00 OR O Included in rent or no charge	
		3 3 3
<ul> <li>Less than \$50 (or None)</li> <li>\$250 to \$599</li> <li>\$1,000 to \$2,499</li> </ul>	Yearly cost	4 4 4
○ \$50 to \$249	d. Oll, coal, kerosene, wood, etc.	5 5 5
	O technical in cent or no charge	6 6 6
. Do you get water from —	\$ .00 OR O Included in rent or no charge	7 7 7
	Yearly cost These fuels not used	888
A public system (city water department, etc.) or private company?	H22 De veu have complete hitcher facilities? Complete blacker facilities	9 9 9
An individual drilled well?	H23. Do you have complete kitchen facilities? Complete kitchen facilities	
An individual dug well?	are a sink with piped water, a range or cookstove, and a refrigerator.	H22d.
Some other source (a spring, creek, river, cistern, etc.)?	O Yes O No	0000
. Is this building connected to a public sewer?	H24. How many bedrooms do you have?	1111
		8888
Yes, connected to public sewer	Count rooms used mainly for sleeping even if used also for other purposes.	3333
No, connected to septic tank or cesspool	O No bedroom O 2 bedrooms O 4 bedrooms	9999
O No, use other means	○ 1 bedroom ○ 3 bedrooms ○ 5 or more bedrooms	5555
		_
3. About when was this building originally built? Mark when the building was	H25. How many bathrooms do you have?	6666
first constructed, not when it was remodeled, added to, or converted.	A complete bathroom is a room with flush tollet, bathtub or shower, and	7777
○ 1979 or 1980 ○ 1960 to 1969 ○ 1940 to 1949	wash basin with piped water.	8888
0 1975 to 1978 0 1950 to 1959 0 1939 or earlier	A haif bathroom has at least a flush toilet or bathtub or shower, but does	9999
_	not have all the facilities for a complete bathroom.	
O 1970 to 1974	No bathroom, or only a half bathroom	
. When did the person listed in column 1 move into		
this house (or apartment)?	1 complete bathroom	0000
	1 complete bathroom, plus half bath(s)	1111
O 1979 or 1980 O 1950 to 1959	2 or more complete bathrooms	5 5 5 5
O 1975 to 1978 O 1949 or earlier	LUCC De la barra Arlanka di la Pri	3 3 3 3
○ 1970 to 1974	H26. Do you have a telephone in your living quarters?	4444
O 1960 to 1969	O Yes O No	
		5 5 5 5
How are your living quarters heated?	H27. Do you have air conditioning?	6666
Fill one circle for the kind of heat used most.	Yes, a central air-conditioning system	7777
Steam or hot water system		8888
·	Yes, 1 individual room unit	9999
Central warm-air furnace with ducts to the individual rooms	Yes, 2 or more individual room units	
(Do not count electric heat pumps here)	O No	0000
Electric heat pump	NOO Married and the second and the s	11111
Other built-in electric units (permanently installed in wall, ceiling,	H28. How many automobiles are kept at home for use by members	
	of your household?	5555
or baseboard)	O None O 2 automobiles	3 3 3 3
or baseboard)		م م م م
or baseboard)	1 automobile 3 or more automobiles	
or baseboard)  Floor, wall, or pipeless furnace	O 1 automobile O 3 or more automobiles	5555
•		5555
Floor, wall, or pipeless furnace	H29. How many vans or trucks of one-ton capacity or less are kept at	_
Floor, wall, or pipeless furnace Room heaters with flue or vent, burning gas, oil, or kerosene Room heaters without flue or vent, burning gas, oil, or kerosene (not portable)	H29. How many vans or trucks of one-ton capacity or less are kept at home for use by members of your household?	6666
Floor, wall, or pipeless furnace Room heaters with flue or vent, burning gas, oil, or kerosene Room heaters without flue or vent, burning gas, oil, or kerosene (not portable)	H29. How many vans or trucks of one-ton capacity or less are kept at	6666

YOUR HOUSEHOLD									Pag
Please answer H30—H32 if you live in a one-family house which you own or are buying, unless this is —  • A mobile home or trailer									
What were the real estate taxes on this property last year?  \$ .00 OR ○ None	Also In	clude p	your total re syments on a co or mortgages or	ontract	to purcha				
	\$		,1	00 0	R O	No regular p	ayment	required	- Skip to page 6
What is the annual premium for fire and hazard insurance on this property?  \$ .00 OR O None	paym	ents fo	gular monthl	axes o	n <u>this</u> p		ed in H3	32c) inc	
. Do you have a mortgage, deed of trust, contract to purchase, or similar			es paid separa			required			
<ul> <li>debt on this property?</li> <li>Yes, mortgage, deed of trust, or similar debt</li> <li>Yes, contract to purchase</li> <li>No — Skip to page 6</li> </ul>	paym	ents fo	gular monthl fire and haz surance includ	ard ins	urance			32c) inc	lude
	0	No, ins	urance paid se	parate	y or no i	nsurance			
<ul> <li>Do you have a second or junior mortgage on this property?</li> <li>Yes</li> <li>No</li> </ul>						D(0.000 A)		6	
						Please tui	rn to p	age o	
FOR CENSUS	S USE ONLY								
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FOR CENSUS	① S.S. Yes	O I 3 4 5 6	0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 4 5 5 5 5 6 6 6 6	S.S.	0 0 1 1 2 2 3 3 4 4 5	0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 5 5 5 5 6 6 6 6	S.S.	0 0 1 1 2 2 3 3 4 4 5	0 0 0 0 I I I I I 2 2 2 3 3 3 4 4 4 5 5 5 5 6 6 6 6
FOR CENSUS	① S.S. Yes	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 9 8	0 0 0 0 0 I I I I I 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 4 4 5 5 5 5 6 6 6 6 7 7 7 7 8 8 8	S.S.	O O I I 2 2 3 3 4 5 5 6 7 8	0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 4 5 5 5 5 6 6 6 6 7 7 7 7 8 8 8	S.S.	0 0 I I 2 2 3 3 4 4 5 6 7 8	0 0 0 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 3 3 3 4 4 4 5 5 5 6 6 6 7 7 7 8 8 8
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FOR CENSUS	S.S. Yes O No O	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	0 0 0 0 0 I I I I I 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 4 4 5 5 5 5 6 6 6 6 7 7 7 7 8 8 8	S.S. Yes O No O	0 0 1 1 2 2 3 3 4 4 5 6 7 8 9 9 2.	0 0 0 1 1 2 2 3 3 3 4 4 4 5 5 6 6 6 7 7 8 8 9 9	S.S. Yes O No O	Ø Ø I I 2 2 3 3 4 4 5 6 7 8 9	0 0 0 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 3 3 3 4 4 4 5 5 5 6 6 6 7 7 7 8 8 8
FOR CENSUS	S.S. Yes O	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 2. <b>2</b> . <b>1</b> 2	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	S.S. Yes O No	0 0 1 1 2 2 3 3 4 4 5 5 6 7 8 9 2.	0 0 0 1 1 2 2 2 3 3 3 4 4 4 5 5 5 5 6 7 7 7 8 8 8 9 9 9	S.S. Yes O	Ø Ø I I I 2 2 3 3 4 4 5 5 6 7 8 9 9 P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P	000 1112 334 556 778 899 4. 0112
FOR CENSUS	S.S. Yes No S.S. Yes	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 2. <b>2</b> . <b>2</b> . <b>3</b>	0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	S.S. Yes No S.S. Yes	0 0 1 1 2 2 3 3 4 4 5 6 7 8 9 9 1 1	0 0 0 1 1 2 2 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 5 5 6 7 7 8 8 9 9 9 1 1 2 2 3 3 3 3	S.S. Yes No S.S. Yes	0 0 1 1 2 2 3 3 4 4 5 6 7 8 9 9 2.	000 111 233 444 555 666 777 889 999
FOR CENSUS	S.S. Yes No S.S. Yes	O I 2 3 4 5 5 6 7 8 9 D I 2 3 4 5	0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	S.S. Yes No S.S.	O O O I I I S S S S S S S S S S S S S S	0 0 0 1 1 2 2 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 5 5 6 7 7 8 8 9 9 9 1 1 2 2 3 3 3 3	S.S. Yes No S.S.	Ø Ø I I I 2 2 3 3 4 4 4 5 6 7 8 9 9 P I I 2 2 3 3	0 0 1 1 2 3 3 4 4 5 6 6 7 2 3 9 9 1 1 2 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3
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FOR CENSUS	S.S. Yes No S.S. Yes	O I 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 2.	0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 4 5 5 5 6 6 6 6 6 7 7 7 8 8 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	S.S. Yes No S.S. Yes Yes	O O I I 2 3 3 4 5 5 6 7 8 9 2.	001123345567899 001123345567899	S.S. Yes No S.S. Yes S.S.	Ø I I 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	0 1 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 3 9 0 1 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 3 9 0 1 1 2 3 4 5 5 6 7 3 9 0 1 1 2 3 4 5 5 6 7 5 6 7 5 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7
FOR CENSUS	S.S. Yes No S.S. Yes No No No No	0 I 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 5 6 7 8	4. 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 4 4 5 5 5 6 6 6 6 7 7 8 8 8 6 6 7 6 7 7 8 8 8 6 7 7 7 8 8 8 8	S.S. Yes O No S.S. Yes O No No	0 I I 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 2.	0 1 1 2 3 3 4 4 5 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 1 2 3 3 4 4 5 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 1 2 3 3 4 4 5 5 7 7 8 8	S.S. Yes O S.S. Yes O No No No No No No	0 0 1 1 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 2	01123456739 01123456739 4. 011234557289
FOR CENSUS	S.S. Yes No S.S. Yes No No No No No	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 2.	4. 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	S.S. Yes S.S. No No No No No No No No No	O 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 2. O 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 H	0 0 0 1 1 2 2 3 3 4 4 4 5 5 5 6 7 7 7 8 8 9 9 1 4 .	S.S.  Yes  No  S.S.  No  H31.	Ø I I 2 3 3 4 4 5 6 7 8 9 P	0 0 1 1 2 3 3 4 4 5 6 6 7 7 8 9 9 4 .
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FOR CENSUS	S.S. Yes No S.S. Yes O No O To S.S. Yes	O 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 2. O 1 2 3 4 5 6	4. 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 5 5 5 6 6 6 7 7 7 7 8 8 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	S.S. Yes O No O GQ. GQ. GG. GG.	O I 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9  2. O I 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9  H O I 2 3 4 5 6	0 0 0 1 1 2 3 3 3 4 4 5 5 6 6 7 7 8 8 9 9 0 1 1 2 2 3 3 4 5 5 5 6 7 7 8 8 9 9 0 0 1 1 1 2 2 3 3 4 5 5 6 6 0 0 1 1 1 2 2 3 3 4 5 5 6 6 0 0 1 1 1 2 2 3 3 4 5 5 6 6 0 0 1 1 1 2 2 3 3 5 5 6 6 0 0 0 1 1 1 2 2 3 3 5 5 6 6 0 0 0 1 1 1 2 2 3 3 5 5 6 6 0 0 0 1 1 1 2 2 3 3 5 5 6 6 0 0 0 1 1 1 2 2 3 3 5 5 6 6 0 0 0 1 1 1 2 2 3 3 5 5 6 6 0 0 0 1 1 1 2 2 3 3 5 5 6 6 0 0 0 1 1 1 2 2 3 3 5 5 6 6 0 0 0 1 1 1 2 2 3 3 5 5 6 6 0 0 0 1 1 1 2 2 3 3 5 5 6 6 0 0 0 1 1 1 2 2 3 3 5 5 6 6 0 0 0 1 1 1 2 2 3 3 5 5 6 6 0 0 0 1 1 1 2 2 3 5 5 6 6 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 2 2 3 5 5 6 6 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 2 2 3 5 5 6 6 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 2 2 3 5 5 6 6 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 2 2 3 5 5 6 6 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 2 2 3 5 5 6 6 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 2 2 3 5 5 6 6 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 2 2 3 5 5 6 6 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 2 2 3 5 5 6 6 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 2 2 3 5 5 6 6 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 2 2 3 5 5 6 6 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 2 2 3 5 5 6 6 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 2 2 3 5 5 6 6 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 2 2 3 5 5 6 6 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 2 2 3 5 5 6 6 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 2 2 3 5 5 6 6 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	S.S. Yes O No O S.S. Yes O I I I C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	O I I 2 3 4 4 5 6 7 8 9 P	Ø I I 2 3 3 4 5 5 6 7 8 9 9 I 2 3 3 4 5 5 6 6 7 8 9 9 I 2 3 3 4 5 6 6 7 8 9 9 I 2 3 3 4 5 6 6 6 7 8 9 9 I 2 3 3 4 5 6 6 6 7 8 9 9 I 2 3 3 4 5 6 6 6 7 8 9 9 I 2 3 3 4 5 6 6 6 7 8 9 9 I 2 3 3 4 5 6 6 6 7 8 9 9 I 2 3 3 4 5 6 6 6 7 8 9 9 I 2 3 3 4 5 6 6 6 7 8 9 9 I 2 3 5 6 6 7 8 9 9 I 2 3
FOR CENSUS	S.S. Yes No S.S. Yes No To S.S. Yes	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 2.	4. 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 5 5 5 6 6 6 6 7 7 7 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	S.S. Yes O No O GQ. GQ. S.S.	O I 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 2. O I 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 H	0 0 1 1 2 3 3 3 4 4 5 5 6 6 7 7 8 8 9 9 1 4 .	S.S.  Yes  O  No  O  No  O  H31.  Ø  I I  Ø  G  G  G  S  S  S  S  S  S  S  S  S  S	O	0 1 1 2 3 4 4 5 6 7 2 8 9 0 1 1 2 3 4 4 5 6 7 2 8 9 0 1 1 2 3 3 4 5 5 6 7 2 8 9 0 1 1 2 3 3 4 5 5 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 3 4 5 5 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 3 4 5 5 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 3 4 5 5 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 3 4 5 5 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 3 4 5 5 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 3 4 5 5 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 3 4 5 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 3 4 5 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 3 4 5 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 3 4 5 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 3 4 5 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 3 4 5 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 3

age 6		ANSWER THESE QUESTIONS FO
Name of Person 1 on page 2:  Last name First name Middla initial  11. In what State or foreign country was this person born? Print the State where this person's mother was living when this person was born. Do not give the location of the hospital unless the mother's home and the hospital were in the same State.	16. When was this person born?  Born before April 1965 — Please go on with questions 17-33  Born April 1965 or later — Turn to next page for next person  17. In April 1975 (five years ago) was this person — a. On active duty in the Armed Forces?  Yes No  b. Attending college?  Yes No	22a. Did this person work at any time last week?  Yes — Fill this circle if this ONO — Fill this circle if this person worked full time or part time. (Count part-time work such as delivering papers, or helping without pay in a family business or farm. Also count active duty in the Armed Forces.)  Skip to 25
Name of State or foreign country; or Puerto Rico, Guam, etc.  12. If this person was born in a foreign country —  a. Is this person a naturalized citizen of the United States?  Yes, a naturalized citizen	c. Working at a job or business?  Yes, full time No Yes, part time  18a. Is this person a veteran of active-duty military service in the Armed Forces of the United States?	b. How many hours did this person work <u>last week</u> (at all jobs)?  Subtract any time off; add overtime or extra hours worked.  Hours
No, not a citizen  Born abroad of American parents  b. When did this person come to the United States to stay?  1975 to 1980   1965 to 1969   1950 to 1959  1970 to 1974   1960 to 1964   Before 1950	b. Was active-duty military service during — Fill a circle for each period in which this person served.  May 1975 or later Vietnam era (August 1964—April 1975) February 1955—July 1964	23. At what location did this person work last week?  If this person worked at more than one location, print where he or she worked most last week.  If one location cannot be specified, see instruction guide.  a. Address (Number and street)
English at home?  O Yes  No, only speaks English — Skip to 14  b. What is this language?	Korean conflict (June 1950—January 1955)     World War II (September 1940—July 1947)     World War I (April 1917—November 1918)     Any other time  19. Does this person have a physical, mental, or other health condition which has lasted for 6 or more	If street address is not known, enter the building name, shopping center, or other physical location description.  b. Name of city, town, village, borough, etc.
c. How well does this person speak English?  Very well Not well  Well Not at all	months and which  a. <u>Limits</u> the kind or amount of work this person can do at a job?	c. Is the place of work inside the incorporated (legal) limits of that city, town, village, borough, etc.?  O Yes O No, in unincorporated area  d. County
14. What is this person's ancestry? If uncertain about how to report ancestry, see instruction guide.  (For example: Afro-Amer., English, French, German, Honduran Hungarian, Irish, Italian, Jamaican, Korean, Lebanese, Mexican, Nigerian, Polish, Ukrainian, Venezuelan, etc.)	from using public transportation?	e. State f. ZIP Code  24a. Last week, how long did it usually take this person to get from home to work (one way)?  Minutes
15a. Did this person live in this house five years ago (April 1, 1975)?  If in college or Armed Forces in April 1975, report place of residence there.   Born April 1975 or later — Turn to next page for next person	a. Has this person been married more than once?  Once	b. How did this person usually get to work last week?  If this person used more than one method, give the one usually used for most of the distance.  Car Taxicab Truck Motorcycle Van Bicycle Bus or streetcar Walked only
<ul> <li>Yes, this house - Skip to 16</li> <li>No, different house</li> <li>b. Where did this person live five years ago (April 1, 1975)?</li> <li>(1) State, foreign country,</li> </ul>	(Month) (Year) (Month) (Year)  c. If married more than once — Did the first marriage end because of the death of the husband (or wife)?  Yes No	Railroad Worked at home Subway or elevated Other — Specify  If car, truck, or van in 24b, go to 24c. Otherwise, skip to 28.  S USE ONLY
Puerto Rico, Guam, etc.:  (2) County:  (3) City, town, village, etc.:  (4) Inside the incorporated (legal) limits of that city, town, village, etc.?	Per.       11.       13b.       14.         No.       0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	15b. 23. 0 VL 24a. 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
○ Yes ○ No, in unincorporated area	999 999 999	888 888 888 888 888 88

SON 1 ON PAGE 2	LOFFICIA		1	Pag
c. When going to work <u>last week</u> , did this person usually —  O Drive alone — Skip to 28  O Drive others only	USE	31a. Last year (1979), did this person work, even for a few days, at a paid job or in a business or farm?	CENSUS	USE ONLY
O Share driving O Ride as passenger only	21b.	○ Yes ○ No — Skip to 31d	31b. 31c	
d. How many people, including this person, usually rode	100		0000	
to work in the car, truck, or van last week?	0 8 8	b. How many weeks did this person work in 1979?	8 8 8	8 8 8
0 2 0 4 0 6 0 7 or more	04-4-	Count paid vacation, paid sick leave, and military service.	33 3	3   3 3
After answering 24d, skip to 28.	] <sub>   </sub> 5 5	Weeks	1 1 1	5   5 5
Was this person temporarily absent or on layoff from a job	066	c. During the weeks worked in 1979, how many hours did	6 6	
or business <u>last week</u> ?	1V 8 8	this person usually work each week?	7   7	7 7 8
<ul> <li>Yes, on layoff</li> <li>Yes, on vacation, temporary illness, labor dispute, etc.</li> </ul>	099	Hours	9	-
O No	22b.	d. Of the weeks not worked in 1979 (if any), how many weeks	32a.	32b.
a. Has this person been looking for work during the last 4 weeks	00	was this person looking for work or on layoff from a job?	0000	0000
r ○ Yes ○ No — Skip to 27	I I	Weeks	1 1 1 1	1111
b. Could this person have taken a job last week?	3 3	32. Income in 1979 —	3333	3333
O No, already has a job	9- 9-	Fill circles and print dollar amounts.	0-0-0-0-	0-0-0-0-
No, temporarily ill	5 5	If net income was a loss, write "Loss" above the dollar amount.	5555	5555
O No, other reasons (in school, etc.)	7 7	If exact amount is not known, give best estimate. For income received jointly by household members, see instruction guide.	7777	7777
O Yes, could have taken a job	88	During 1979 did this person receive any income from the	8888	8888
When did this person last work, even for a few days?	9 7	following sources?	9999 <b>A</b> O	0 AO
0 1980 0 1978 0 1970 to 1974 0 1979 0 1975 to 1977 0 1969 or earlier		If "Yes" to any of the sources below - How much did this	32c.	32d
Never worked 31d	ABC	person receive for the entire year?	0000	0000
-30. Current or most recent job activity	DEF	<ul> <li>a. Wages, salary, commissions, bonuses, or tips from all jobs Report amount before deductions for taxes, bonds,</li> </ul>	1111	11111
Describe clearly this person's chief job activity or business last week.	000	dues, or other items.	3333	3333
If this person had more than one job, describe the one at which this person worked the most hours.	GHJ	○ Yes → \$ .00	0, 0, 0, 0,	9999
If this person had no job or business last week, give information for last job or business since 1975.	000	O No (Annual amount – Dollars)	5555	5555
	KLM	b. Own nonfarm business, partnership, or professional	7777	17777
. Industry a. For whom did this person work? If now on active duty in the	000	practice Report <u>net</u> income after business expenses.  O Yes	8888	\$888
Armed Forces, print "AF" and skip to question 31.	000	No (Annual amount – Dollars)	0 A O	10 A 0
	111	c. Own farm	32e.	32f.
(Name of company, business, organization, or other employer)	3 3	Report <u>net</u> income after operating expenses. Include earnings as	0000	0000
b. What kind of business or industry was this?  Describe the activity at location where employed.	9- 9	a tenant farmer or sharecropper.	1 1 1	III
bearing the selling at location where employee.	66	○ Yes → \$ 00 ○ No 7	3 3 3	3 3 3
(For example: Hospital, newspaper publishing, mail order house,	2.7	(Annual amount – Dollars)  d. Interest, dividends, royalties, or net rental income	9-9-9-	Q- Q- Q-
auto engine manufacturing, breakfast cereal manufacturing)	5 5	Report even small amounts credited to an account.	5 5 5 6 6 6	555
c. Is this mainly — (Fill one circle)  Manufacturing	AF O	○ Yes → \$ .00	777	1777
Wholesale trade Other — (agriculture, construction,	NW O	O No (Annual amount – Dollars)	999	999
service, government, etc.)  Occupation	<b></b>	e. Social Security or Railroad Retirement		+
a. What kind of work was this person doing?	29. N P Q	○ Yes → \$ .00	32g.	33.
	000	O No (Annual amount – Dollars)	0000	0000
(For example: Registered nurse, personnel manager, supervisor of order department, gasoline engine assembler, grinder operator)	RST	f. Supplemental Security (SSI), Aid to Families with Dependent Children (AFDC), or other public assistance	5555	8888
b. What were this person's most important activities or duties?	000	or public welfare payments	3333	3 3 3 3
	UVW	○ Yes → \$ .00	5 5 5 5	5555
(For example: Patient care, directing hiring policies, supervising	000	O No (Annual amount – Dollars)	6666	6666
order clerks, assembling engines, operating grinding mill)  Was this person — (Fill one circle)	XYZ	g. Unemployment compensation, veterans' payments.	8888	8888
Employee of private company, business, or	000	pensions, alimony or child support, or any other sources of income received regularly	9999	9999
individual, for wages, salary, or commissions	00	Exclude lump-sum payments such as money from an inheritance		O A O
Federal government employee	1 1	or the sale of a home.		IIII
State government employee O	3 3 3	○ Yes → \$		3 3 3 3 3 5 5 5 5 5
	999	(Annual amount - Dollars)		4 444
Self-employed in own business, professional practice, or farm —	5 5 5	33. What was this person's total income in 1979?	1	5 5 5 5
Own business not incorporated	? : ?	Add entries in questions 32a through g; subtract any losses.	66 6	6 6 6 6 6 7 7 7
Own business incorporated	8 8 8	If total amount was a loss, (Annual amount – Dollars)	88 8	8 888
Working without pay in family business or farm O		write "Loss" above amount OR O None	99 9	9 9 9 9



# Appendix F.—Publication and Computer Tape Program

1	GENERAL	F-1	PUBLICATIONS-Con.	
	PUBLICATIONS		HC80-5, Volume 5, Residen-	
	Population and Housing Census	•	tial Finance	F-4
		F-1	HC80-S1-1, Supplementary	•
	Reports	F-1	Reports	F-4
			Evaluation and Reference	1 - 4
	PHC80-2, Census Tracts	r-z		F-4
	PHC80-3, Summary Charac-		Reports	1 -4
	teristics for Governmental		PHC80-E, Evaluation and	- 4
	Units and Standard Metro-		Research Reports	F-4
	politan Statistical Areas	F-2	PHC80-R, Reference Reports.	F-4
	PHC80-4, Congressional		PHC80-R1, Users' Guide	F-4
	Districts of the 98th	- 0	PHC80-R2, History	F-4
	Congress	F-2	PHC80-R3, Alphabetical	
	PHC80-S1-1, Provisional		Index of Industries and	
	Estimates of Social, Eco-		Occupations	F-4
	nomic, and Housing	_	PHC80-R4, Classified	
	Characteristics	F-2	Index of Industries and	
	PHC80-S2, Advance Esti-		Occupations	F-4
	mates of Social, Economic,		PHC80-R5, Geographic	
	and Housing Characteristics.	F-2	Identification Code	
	Population Census Reports	F-2	Scheme	F-4
	PC80-1, Volume 1, Charac-		COMPUTER TAPES	
	teristics of the Population	F-2		
	PC80-1-A, Chapter A, Num-		Summary Tape Files	
	ber of Inhabitants	F-2	STF 1	F-4
	PC80-1-B, Chapter B, General		STF 2	F-4
	Population Characteristics	F-2	STF 3	
	PC80-1-C, Chapter C, General		STF 4	
	Social and Economic		STF 5	
	Characteristics	F-3	Other Computer Tape Files	F-5
	PC80-1-D, Chapter D,		P.L. 94-171, Population	
	Detailed Population		Counts	F-5
	Characteristics	F-3	Master Area Reference Files	
	PC80-2, Volume 2, Subject		1 and 2 (MARF)	F-5
	Reports	F-3	Geographic Base File/Dual	
	PC80-S1, Supplementary		Independent Map Encoding	
	Reports	F-3	(GBF/DIME)	F-5
	Housing Census Reports	F-3	Public-Use Microdata	
	HC80-1, Volume 1, Charac-		Samples	
	teristics of Housing Units	F-3	Census/EEO Special File	F-5
	HC80-1-A, Chapter A.		MAPS	F-5
	General Housing		MICROFICHE	
	Characteristics	F-3		
			STF 1 Microfiche	L - 2
	HC80-1-B, Chapter B, Detailed Housing		STF 3 Microfiche	L-2
	Characteristics	F-3	P.L. 94-171 Counts Microfiche	r-5
	HCQO 2 Volume 2 Mastra	, ,		
	HC80-2, Volume 2, Metro-			
	politan Housing	F 2	GENERAL	
	Characteristics	r-3	GENETIAL	
	HC80-3, Volume 3, Subject	<b>F</b> 0	The results of the 1980 Census of F	opu-
	Reports	r-3	lation and Housing are issued in	

nents of Inventory Change. . F-3

files, and microfiche. Most of the reports listed are issued on a flow basis through 1983. A few may be issued later, such as Subject Reports and Evaluation and Reference Reports.

The publications of the 1980 census are released under three subject titles: 1980 Census of Population and Housing, 1980 Census of Population, and 1980 Census of Housing. The description of the publication program below is organized in sections, by census title, followed by the reports under each title. It should be noted that a number of population census reports contain some housing data and a number of housing census reports contain some population data. Following the description of the publication program are sections on computer tapes, maps, and microfiche.

The data product descriptions include listings of geographic areas for which data are summarized in that product. Note that the term "place" refers to incorporated places and census designated (or unincorporated) places, as well as towns and townships in 11 States (the 6 New England States, the 3 Middle Atlantic States, Michigan, and Wisconsin).

Order forms for these materials are available, subject to availability of the data product, from Data User Services Division, Customer Services, Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233; Census Bureau Regional Offices: U.S. Department of Commerce District Offices; and State Data Centers. After issuance, census reports are on file in many libraries and are available for examination at any Department of Commerce District Office or Census Bureau Regional Office.

# **PUBLICATIONS**

#### Population and Housing Census Reports

PHC80-1, Block Statistics-These reports, which are issued on microfiche rather

ensus of Popuissued in three forms: printed reports, computer tape than in print form, present population and housing unit totals and statistics on selected characteristics which are based on complete-count tabulations. Data are shown for blocks in urbanized areas and selected adjacent areas, for blocks in places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, and for blocks in areas which contracted with the Census Bureau to provide block statistics.

The set of reports consists of 374 sets of microfiche and includes a report for each standard metropolitan statistical area (SMSA), showing blocked areas within the SMSA, and a report for each State and for Puerto Rico, showing blocked areas outside SMSA's. In addition to microfiche, printed detailed maps showing the blocks covered by the particular report are available as well as a U.S. Summary, which is an index to the set.

PHC80-2, Census Tracts—Statistics for most of the population and housing subjects included in the 1980 census are presented for census tracts in SMSA's and in other tracted areas. Both complete-count data and sample data are included. Most statistics are presented by race and Spanish origin for areas with at least a specified number of persons in the relevant population group.

There is one report for each SMSA, as well as one for each of the States and Puerto Rico which have tracted areas outside SMSA's. In addition, maps showing the boundaries and identification numbers of census tracts in the SMSA are available as well as a U.S. Summary, which is an index to the set and also provides a historical listing of the total number of tracts by area.

PHC80-3, Summary Characteristics for Governmental Units and Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas-Statistics are presented on total population and on complete-count and sample population characteristics such as age, race, education, disability, ability to speak English. labor force, and income, and on total housing units and housing characteristics such as value, age of structure, and rent. These statistics are shown for the following areas or their equivalents: States, SMSA's, counties, county subdivisions (those which are functioning generalpurpose local governments), and incorporated places.

There is one report for each State, the District of Columbia, and Puerto Rico.

This series does not include a U.S. Summary.

PHC80-4, Congressional Districts of the 98th Congress—These reports present complete-count and sample data for congressional districts of the 98th Congress. The reports reflect redistricting based on the 1982 elections. One report is issued for each of the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

PHC80-S1-1, Provisional Estimates of Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics—This report presents provisional estimates based on sample data collected in the 1980 census. Data on social, economic, and housing characteristics are shown for the United States as a whole, each State, the District of Columbia, and SMSA's of 1 million or more inhabitants.

These data are based on a special subsample of the full census sample. The sample, which represents about 1.6 percent of the total population, was developed to provide users with initial data on characteristics of the population and housing units for the Nation and large areas.

PHC80-S2, Advance Estimates of Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics—These reports present advance sample data from the 1980 census including such social and economic characteristics of the population as education, migration, labor force, and income as well as housing characteristics such as structural information, mortgage, and gross rent.

The set consists of 50 paperbound reports and includes one report for each State and the District of Columbia. No report will be issued for the United States as a whole.

Each report presents population and housing characteristics for the State, its counties or comparable areas, and places of 25,000 or more inhabitants. Selected data are shown for four race groups (White; Black; combined American Indian, Eskimo, and Aleut; and Asian and Pacific Islander) as well as for persons of Spanish origin.

#### Population Census Reports

PC80-1, Volume 1, Characteristics of the Population—This volume presents final

population counts and statistics on population characteristics. It consists of reports for the following 57 areas: the United States, each of the 50 States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the Outlying Areas-Guam, the Virgin Islands of the United States, American Samoa, and the Northern Mariana Islands and the remainder of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands. The volume consists of four chapters for each area, chapters A. B. C. and D. Chapters A and B present data collected on a complete-count basis, and chapters C and D present estimates based on sample information, except for the Outlying Areas where all data were collected on a complete-count basis.

The population totals presented in chapters A and B may differ from the counts presented earlier in the PHC80-V reports because corrections were made for errors found after the PHC80-V reports were issued. Chapters B, C, and D present statistics by race and Spanish origin for areas with at least a specified number of the relevant population group.

The U.S. Summary reports present statistics for the United States, regions, divisions, States, and selected areas below the State level. The State or equivalent Area reports (which include the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the Outlying Areas) present statistics for the State or equivalent area and its subdivisions.

Statistics for each of the 57 areas are issued in separate paperbound reports of chapters A, B, C, and D.

PC80-1-A, Chapter A, Number of Inhabitants—Final population counts are shown for the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties, county subdivisions, incorporated places and census designated places, standard consolidated statistical areas (SCSA's), SMSA's, and urbanized areas. Selected tables contain population counts by urban and rural residence. Many tables contain population counts from previous censuses.

PC80-1-B, Chapter B, General Population Characteristics—Statistics on household relationship, age, race, Spanish origin, sex, and marital status are shown for the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties (by total and rural residence), county subdivisions, places of 1,000 or more inhabitants, SCSA's,

SMSA's, urbanized areas, American Indian reservations, and Alaska Native villages.

PC80-1-C, Chapter C, General Social and Economic Characteristics-Statistics are presented on nativity, State or country of birth, citizenship and year of immigration for the foreign-born population, language spoken at home and ability to speak English, ancestry, fertility, family composition, type of group quarters, marital history, residence in 1975, journey to work, school enrollment, years of school completed, disability, veterar. status, labor force status, occupation, industry, class of worker, labor force status in 1979, income in 1979, and poverty status in 1979. In addition, data on subjects shown in the PC80-1-B reports are presented in this report in more detail.

Each subject is shown for some or all of the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties (by rural and rural-farm residence), places of 2,500 or more inhabitants, SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas, American Indian reservations, and Alaska Native villages.

PC80-1-D, Chapter D, Detailed Population Characteristics—Statistics on most of the subjects covered in the PC80-1-C reports are presented in this report in considerably greater detail and crossclassified by age, race, Spanish origin, and other characteristics. Each subject is shown for the State or equivalent area, and some subjects are also shown for rural residence at the State level. Most subjects are shown for SMSA's of 250,000 or more inhabitants, and a few are shown for central cities of these SMSA's.

PC80-2, Volume 2, Subject Reports—Each of the reports in this volume focuses on a particular subject and provides highly detailed distributions and cross-classifications on a national, regional, and divisional level. A few reports show statistics for States, SMSA's, large cities, American Indian reservations, or Alaska Native villages. Separate reports are issued on such subjects as racial and ethnic groups, type of residence, fertility, families, marital status, migration, education, employment, occupation, industry, journey to work, income, poverty status, and other topics.

PC80-S1, Supplementary Reports—These reports present special compilations of

1980 census statistics dealing with specific population subjects.

#### **Housing Census Reports**

HC80-1, Volume 1, Characteristics of Housing Units-This volume presents final housing unit counts and statistics on housing characteristics. It consists of reports for the following 57 areas: the United States, each of the 50 States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the Outlying Areas-Guam, the Virgin Islands of the United States, American Samoa, and the Northern Mariana Islands and the remainder of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands. The volume consists of two chapters for each area, chapters A and B. Chapter A presents data collected on a complete-count basis, and chapter B presents estimates based on sample information, except for the Outlying Areas where all data were collected on a complete-count basis.

The housing totals presented in this report may differ from the counts presented earlier in the PHC80-V reports because corrections were made for errors found after the PHC80-V reports were issued. Both chapters present statistics by race and Spanish origin for areas with at least a specified number of the relevant population group.

The U.S. Summary reports present statistics for the United States, regions, divisions, States, and selected areas below the State level. The State or equivalent Area reports (which include the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the Outlying Areas) present statistics for the State or equivalent area and its subdivisions.

Statistics for each of the 57 areas are issued in separate paperbound reports of chapters A and B.

HC80-1-A, Chapter A, General Housing Characteristics—Statistics on units at address, tenure, condominium status, number of rooms, persons per room, plumbing facilities, value, contract rent, and vacancy status are shown for some or all of the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties, county subdivisions, places of 1,000 or more inhabitants, SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas, American Indian reservations, and Alaska Native villages. Selected tables contain housing characteristics by urban and rural residence.

HC80-1-B, Chapter B, Detailed Housing Characteristics-Statistics on units in structure, year moved into unit, year structure built, heating equipment, fuels, air-conditioning, source of water, sewage disposal, gross rent, and selected monthly ownership costs are shown for some or all of the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties, places of 2,500 or more inhabitants, SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas, American Indian reservations, and Alaska Native villages. Selected tables show housing characteristics for rural and rural farm residence at the State and county level. Some subjects included in the HC80-1-A reports are also covered in this report in more detail.

HC80-2, Volume 2, Metropolitan Housing Characteristics—This volume presents statistics on most of the 1980 housing census subjects in considerable detail and cross-classification. Most statistics are presented by race and Spanish origin for areas with at least a specified number of the relevant population group. Data are shown for States or equivalent areas, SMSA's and their central cities, and other cities of 50,000 or more inhabitants.

There is one report for each SMSA and one report for each State and Puerto Rico. The set includes a U.S. Summary report showing these statistics for the United States and regions.

HC80-3, Volume 3, Subject Reports—Each of the reports in this volume focuses on a particular subject and provides highly detailed distributions and cross-classifications on a national, regional, and divisional level. Separate reports are issued on housing of the elderly, mobile homes, and American Indian households.

HC80-4, Volume 4, Components of Inventory Change—This volume consists of two reports presenting statistics on the 1980 characteristics of housing units which existed in 1973, as well as on newly constructed units, conversions, mergers, demolitions, and other additions and losses to the housing inventory between 1973 and 1980. These reports present data derived from a sample survey conducted in the fall of 1980. Data are presented for the United States and regions in report I. Report II has two parts: Part A presents data for that group of SMSA's (not individually identified)

with populations of 1 million or more at the time of the 1970 census, and part B presents data for that group of SMSA's (not individually identified) with populations of less than 1 million at the time of the 1970 census.

HC80-5, Volume 5, Residential Finance—This volume consists of one report presenting statistics on the financing of nonfarm homeowner and rental and vacant properties, including characteristics of the mortgage, property, and owner. The statistics are based on a sample survey conducted in the spring of 1981. Data are presented for the United States and regions. Some data are presented by inside and outside SMSA's and by central cities.

HC80-S1-1, Supplementary Reports— These reports present statistics from the 1980 Census of Housing on general characteristics of housing units for the 50 States and the District of Columbia, counties, and independent cities.

#### **Evaluation and Reference Reports**

PHC80-E, Evaluation and Research Reports—These reports present the results of the extensive evaluation program conducted as an integral part of the 1980 census. This program relates to such matters as completeness of enumeration and quality of the data on characteristics.

PHC80-R, Reference Reports—These reports present information on the various administrative and methodological aspects of the 1980 census. The series includes:

PHC80-R1, Users' Guide—This report covers subject content, procedures, geography, statistical products, limitations of the data, sources of user assistance, notes on data use, a glossary of terms, and guides for locating data in reports and tape files. The guide is issued in looseleaf form and sold in parts (R1-A, B, etc.) as they are printed.

PHC80-R2, History—This report describes in detail all phases of the 1980 census, from the earliest planning through all stages to the dissemination of data and evaluation of results. It contains detailed discussion of 1980 census questions and their use in previous decennial censuses.

PHC80-R3, Alphabetical Index of Industries and Occupations—This report was developed primarily for use in classifying responses to the questions on the kind of business (industry) and kind of work (occupation) in which the respondent is engaged. The index lists approximately 20,000 industry and 29,000 occupation titles in alphabetical order.

PHC80-R4, Classified Index of Industries and Occupations—This report defines the industrial and occupational classification systems adopted for the 1980 Census of Population. It presents the individual titles that constitute each of the 231 industry and 503 occupation categories in the classification systems. The individual titles are the same as those shown in the Alphabetical Index. The 1980 occupation classification reflects the new U.S. Standard Occupational Classification (SOC). As in the past, the 1980 industry classification reflects the Standard Industrial Classification (SIC).

PHC80-R5, Geographic Identification Code Scheme—This report identifies the names and related geographic codes for each State, county, minor civil division, place, region, division, SCSA, SMSA, American Indian reservation, and Alaska Native village for which the Census Bureau tabulated data from the 1980 census.

#### **COMPUTER TAPES**

#### Summary Tape Files

In addition to the printed and microfiche reports, results of the 1980 census also are provided on computer tape in the form of summary tape files (STF's). These data products have been designed to provide statistics with greater subject and geographic detail than is feasible or desirable to provide in printed and microfiche reports. The STF data are made available at nominal cost. The data are subject to suppression of certain detail where necessary to protect confidentiality.

There are five STF's (listed below), and the amount of geographic and subject detail presented varies. STF's 1 and 2 contain complete-count data, and STF's 3, 4, and 5 contain sample data. Note that the term "cells" used below refers

to the number of subject statistics provided for each geographic area, and the number of cells is indicative of the detail of the subject content of the file.

Each of the STF's generally consists of two or more files which provide different degrees of geographic detail and, in some cases, race/Spanish origin cross-classification. For each of the files there is a separate tape or tapes for each State. the District of Columbia, and Puerto Rico. Selected files (STF 1 and STF 3) are also produced for Guam, the Virginia Islands of the United States, American Samoa, and the Northern Mariana Islands and the remainder of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands. These tapes are issued on a State-by-State basis and are followed by a national summary tape for the particular file. More complete descriptions of the STF's than given in the summaries below can be found in the technical documentation of the specific file and in the PHC80-R1, Users' Guide.

STF 1—This STF provides 321 cells of complete-count population and housing data. Data are summarized for the United States, regions, divisions, States, SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas, congressional districts, counties, county subdivisions, places, census tracts, enumeration districts in unblocked areas, and blocks and block groups in blocked areas. The data include those shown in the PHC80-1, PHC80-3 (complete-count), and PC80-1-A reports.

STF 2-This STF contains 2,292 cells of detailed complete-count population and housing data, of which 962 are repeated for each race and Spanish origin group present in the tabulation area. Data are summarized for the United States, regions, divisions, States, SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas, counties, county subdivisions, places of 1,000 or more inhabitants, census tracts, American Indian reservations, and Alaska Native villages. The data include those shown in the PHC80-2 (complete-count), PC80-1-B, and HC80-1-A reports.

STF 3—This STF contains 1,126 cells of data on various population and housing subjects collected on a sample basis. The areas covered are the same as in STF 1, excluding blocks. The data include those shown in the PHC80-3 (sample) reports.

STF 4-This STF is the geographic counterpart of STF 2, but the number of cells of data is greater (approximately 8,400). STF 4 provides data covering virtually all of the population and housing subjects collected on a sample basis, as well as some of the complete-count subjects. Some of the statistics are repeated for race, Spanish origin, and ancestry groups. Data are summarized for areas similar to those shown in STF 2, except that data for places are limited to those with 2,500 or more inhabitants. The data include those shown in the PHC80-2 (sample), PC80-1-C, and HC80-1-B reports.

STF 5-This STF contains over 100,000 cells of data on various population and housing subjects collected on a sample basis and provides detailed tabulations and cross-classifications for States, SMSA's, counties, cities of 50,000 or more inhabitants and central cities. Most subjects are classified by race and Spanish origin. The data include those shown in the PC80-1-D and HC80-2 reports.

#### Other Computer Tape Files

P.L. 94-171, Population Counts-In accordance with Public Law (P.L.) 94-171, the Census Bureau provides population tabulations to all States for legislative reapportionment/redistricting. The file is issued on a State-by-State basis. It contains population counts classified by race and Spanish origin. The data are tabulated for the following levels of geography as applicable: States, counties, county subdivisions, incorporated places, census tracts, blocks and block groups in blocked areas, and enumeration districts in unblocked areas. For States participating in the voluntary program to define election precincts in conjunction with the Census Bureau, the data are also tabulated for election precincts.

Master Area Reference Files 1 and 2 (MARF)

MARF 1-This geographic reference file is an extract of STF 1 designed for those who require a master list of geographic codes and areas, along with basic census counts arranged hierarchically from the State down to the block group and enumeration district levels and is issued on a State-by-State basis. The file contains records for States, counties, county subdivisions, places, census tracts, enumeration districts in unblocked areas, and block groups in blocked areas. Each record shows the total population by five race groups, population of Spanish origin, number of housing units, number of households, number of families, and a few other items.

MARF 2—This file is the same as the MARF 1 with the latitude and longitude coordinates for a representative point (centroid) in each block group (BG) or enumeration district (ED) outside block numbered areas.

Geographic Base File/Dual Independent Map Encoding (GBF/DIME)—These files are computer representations of the Metropolitan Map Series, including address ranges and ZIP Codes, which generally cover the urbanized portions of SMSA's. GBF/DIME files are used to assign census geographic codes to addresses (geocoding). The files are available by SMSA.

Public-Use Microdata Samples—Public-use microdata samples are computerized files containing most population and housing characteristics as shown on a sample of individual census records. These files contain no names or addresses, and geographic identification is sufficiently broad to protect confidentiality.

There are three mutually exclusive samples, the A sample including 5 percent of all persons and housing units, and the

B and C samples each including 1 percent of all persons and housing units. States and most large SMSA's will be identifiable on one or more of the files. Microdata files allow the user to prepare customized tabulations.

Census/EEO Special File—This file provides sample census data with specified relevance to EEO and affirmative action uses. The file contains two tabulations, one with detailed occupational data and the other with years of school completed by age. The data in both tabulations are crossed by sex, race, and Spanish origin. These data are provided for all counties, for all SMSA's, and for places with a population of 50,000 or more.

#### MAPS

Maps necessary to define areas are generally published and included as part of the corresponding reports. Maps are published for Block Statistics (PHC80-1) and Census Tracts (PHC80-2), but must be purchased separately from the report. Maps necessary to define enumeration districts are available on a cost-of-reproduction basis.

#### MICROFICHE

Some of the computer tape products are available on microfiche. The STF microfiche are issued for each State or Area and for the United States. These include:

STF 1 Microfiche—Data from STF 1 are presented in tabular form for all the STF 1 geographic levels described previously, except blocks.

STF 3 Microfiche—Data from STF 3 are presented in tabular form for all the STF 3 geographic levels.

P.L. 94-171 Counts Microfiche—The data from the P.L. 94-171 computer file are presented in a listing format.

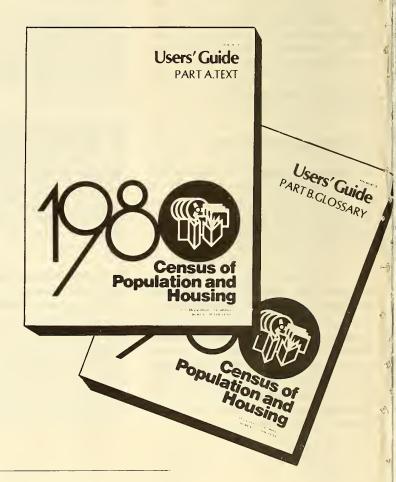
# 1980 Census of Population and Housing

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